UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549

Form 10-K

☑ **ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026

Commission File Number 1-14173

MarineMax, Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Florida	**59-3496957**
(State of Incorporation)	**(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)**

501 Brooker Creek Boulevard, Oldsmar, Florida 34677

(727) 531-1700

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of principal executive offices)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered
Common Stock, par value $.001 per share	**HZO**	**New York Stock Exchange**

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes ☐ No ☑

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes ☐ No ☑

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☑ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☑ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	☐	Accelerated filer	☑
Non-accelerated filer	☐	Smaller reporting company	☐
		Emerging growth company	☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report. ☑

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b). ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes ☐ No ☑

The aggregate market value of common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant (21,430,940 shares) based on the closing price of the registrant's common stock as reported on the New York Stock Exchange on March 31, 2026, which was the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, was $579,921,236. For purposes of this computation, all officers and directors of the registrant are deemed to be affiliates. Such determination should not be deemed to be an admission that such officers and directors are, in fact, affiliates of the registrant.

As of November 9, 2026, there were outstanding 22,451,229 shares of the registrant's common stock, par value $.001 per share.

Documents Incorporated by Reference

Portions of the registrant's definitive proxy statement for the 2027 Annual Meeting of Shareholders are incorporated by reference into Part III of this report.

Auditor Firm Id: 185 Auditor Name: KPMG LLP Auditor Location: Tampa, Florida

MARINEMAX, INC.

ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K
Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2026

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

Item 1	Business	1
Item 1A	Risk Factors	18
Item 1B	Unresolved Staff Comments	36
Item 1C	Cybersecurity	37
Item 2	Properties	37
Item 3	Legal Proceedings	42
Item 4	Mine Safety Disclosures	42

PART II

Item 5	Market for the Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities	42
Item 6	[Reserved]	44
Item 7	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	45
Item 7A	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	52
Item 8	Financial Statements and Supplementary Data	53
Item 9	Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure	53
Item 9A	Controls and Procedures	53
Item 9B	Other Information	56
Item 9C	Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections	56

PART III

Item 10	Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance	56
Item 11	Executive Compensation	56
Item 12	Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters	56
Item 13	Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence	56
Item 14	Principal Accountant Fees and Services	56

PART IV

Item 15	Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules	57
Item 16	Form 10-K Summary	60

Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information

The statements contained in this report on Form 10-K that are not purely historical are forward-looking statements within the meaning of applicable securities laws. Forward-looking statements include statements regarding our "expectations," "anticipations," "intentions," "plans," "beliefs," or "strategies" regarding the future. Forward-looking statements also include statements regarding revenue, margins, expenses, and earnings for fiscal 2027 and thereafter; our belief that our practices enhance our ability to attract more customers, foster an overall enjoyable boating experience, and offer boat manufacturers stable and professional retail distribution and a broad geographic presence; our assessment of our competitive advantages, including our hassle-free sales approach, prime retail locations, premium product offerings, extensive facilities, strong management and team members, and emphasis on customer service and satisfaction before and after a boat sale; our belief that our core values of customer service and satisfaction and our strategies for growth and enhancing our business, including without limitation, our acquisition and expansion strategies and pursuit of contract manufacturing and vertical integration, will enable us to achieve success and long-term growth as economic conditions continue to recover; our belief that our retailing strategies, like the utilization of our digital platform, are aligned with the desires of consumers and will position us to capitalize on future opportunities; our expectations regarding the growth of the boating market; our ability to reduce the impact of weather conditions and seasonality on our business; our ability to increase used boat sales through new boat sales efforts and our repair and maintenance services; our plans for retained earnings; the impact of our efforts to address weak market conditions on revenue; our ability to meet our liquidity and capital requirements; interest rate expectations and the expected impacts of legal proceedings, environmental liabilities and changes in accounting assumptions on our business. Forward-looking statements also include statements regarding the proposed merger of Intrepid Holdco, Inc., a Florida corporation ("Merger Sub") and an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of SHM Holdco, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Parent"), with and into MarineMax (the "Merger"), with MarineMax as the surviving corporation of the Merger and becoming an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Parent in accordance with the Florida Business Corporation Act ("FBCA"), including the anticipated benefits of the Merger; expected timing of completion of the Merger, if at all; the satisfaction or waiver of the remaining conditions to the Merger; the anticipated effects of the Merger on our business; the restrictions on the conduct of our business while the Merger is pending; the outcome of any legal proceedings or shareholder demand letters relating to the Merger; and the costs we have incurred and expect to incur in connection with the Merger. All forward-looking statements included in this report are based on information available to us as of the filing date of this report, and we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements. Our actual results could differ materially from the forward-looking statements. Among the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially are the factors discussed under Item 1A, "Risk Factors."

Unless expressly indicated or the context requires otherwise, the terms "MarineMax," "Company," "we," "us," and "our" in this document refer to MarineMax, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

PART I

Item 1. *Business*

Introduction

Our Company

We believe we are the world's largest recreational boat and yacht retailer, marina operator and superyacht services company. As of September 30, 2026, we have over 120 locations worldwide, including over 70 retail dealership locations, some of which include marinas. Collectively, with the IGY acquisition, as of September 30, 2026, we own or operate 65 marina and storage locations worldwide. Through Fraser Yachts and Northrop & Johnson, we believe we are the largest superyacht services provider, operating locations across the globe. Cruisers Yachts, Aviara luxury dayboats, and Intrepid Powerboats all manufacture boats and yachts and recognize sales through our select retail dealership locations and through independent dealers. MarineMax provides finance and insurance services through wholly owned subsidiaries and operates MarineMax Vacations in Tortola, British Virgin Islands. The Company, through a wholly owned subsidiary, New Wave Innovations, also owns Boatyard, an industry-leading customer experience digital product company, and Boatzon, a boat and marine digital retail platform. Through Newcoast Financial Services, we provide third-party financing and insurance products for boats and yachts primarily for transactions not associated with our dealership locations.

Proposed Merger

On August 9, 2026, we entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") with Parent and Merger Sub, which are both affiliates of Safe Harbor Marinas, LLC, a portfolio company of Blackstone Infrastructure Partners L.P. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, Merger Sub will merge with and into MarineMax, with MarineMax as the surviving corporation of the Merger and becoming an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Parent in accordance with the FBCA. At the effective time of the Merger (the "Effective Time"), each issued and outstanding share of our common stock, par value $0.001 per share (our "common stock"), as of immediately prior to the Effective Time (other than those (i) held by MarineMax, or (ii) owned, directly or indirectly, by Parent or Merger Sub) will convert automatically into the right to receive $53.00 per share in cash, without interest thereon and less any required tax withholdings. If the Merger is consummated, our common stock will be delisted from the New York Stock Exchange (the "NYSE") and deregistered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). The waiting period under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended (the "HSR Act"), applicable to the Merger expired at 11:59pm on October 30, 2026, and the governmental approvals and clearances required under the Merger Agreement under applicable foreign antitrust and foreign direct investment laws have been received. The special meeting of the Company's shareholders was held on November 11, 2026, and the shareholder approval required under the Merger Agreement has been received. Assuming the satisfaction or waiver (in accordance with the terms of the Merger Agreement) of the remaining closing conditions, MarineMax anticipates that the Merger will close by the end of the calendar year 2026. The closing of the Merger may not occur prior to December 7, 2026 without the prior written consent of Parent. Additional information is included in Item 1A, "Risk Factors," and in our Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on October 2, 2026 (the "Proxy Statement").

Our Business

As of September 30, 2026, the Retail Operations segment included the activity of over 70 retail locations in Alabama, California, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Texas, Washington and Wisconsin, where we sell new and used recreational boats, including pleasure and fishing boats, with a focus on premium brands in each segment. We also sell related marine products, including engines, trailers, parts, and accessories. In addition, we provide repair, maintenance, and slip and storage rentals; we arrange related boat financing, insurance, and extended service contracts; we offer boat and yacht brokerage sales and yacht charter services. In the British Virgin Islands, we offer the charter of power catamarans, through MarineMax Vacations. Fraser Yachts Group and Northrop & Johnson, leading superyacht brokerage and luxury yacht services companies with operations in multiple countries, are also included in this segment. IGY Marinas is also included in this segment. IGY Marinas maintains a network of strategically positioned luxury marinas situated in yachting and sport fishing destinations around the world. IGY Marinas has created standards for service and quality in nautical tourism. It offers a global network of marinas in the Americas, the Caribbean, Europe, and Asia, delivering year-round accommodations. IGY Marinas caters to a wide variety of luxury yachts, while also being exclusive home ports for some of the world's largest megayachts.

As of September 30, 2026, the Product Manufacturing segment included activity of Cruisers Yachts, a wholly-owned MarineMax subsidiary, manufacturing sport yacht and yachts with sales through our select retail dealership locations and through independent dealers, and Intrepid Powerboats. Cruisers Yachts is recognized as one of the world's premier manufacturers of premium sport yacht and yachts, including Aviara luxury dayboats, producing models from 33' to 60' feet. Intrepid Powerboats, also a wholly-owned

MarineMax subsidiary, is a producer of customized boats, which incorporate the desires of each individual owner. Intrepid Powerboats sells through our retail dealership locations as well as independent dealers and has received many awards and accolades for its innovations and high-quality craftsmanship that create industry leading products in their categories.

In October 2023, we acquired Atalanta Golden Yachts ("AGY"), a luxury charter management agency based in Athens, Greece. In March 2024, we acquired Williams Tenders USA ("Williams"), a premier distributor and retailer for UK-based Williams Jet Tenders Ltd., the world's leading manufacturer of rigid inflatable jet tenders for the luxury yacht market. In March 2024, we also acquired Native Marine, a boat dealer based in Islamorada, Florida. In October 2024, our Cruisers Yachts subsidiary assumed the rights to MasterCraft's Aviara brand of luxury dayboats. In January 2025, we acquired the service and parts departments of Treasure Island Marina in the Florida Panhandle. In March 2025, we acquired Shelter Bay Marina in Marathon, Florida.

We are the largest retailer of Sea Ray and Boston Whaler recreational boats which are manufactured by Brunswick Corporation ("Brunswick"). Sales of new Brunswick boats accounted for approximately 20% of our revenue in fiscal 2026. Sales of new Sea Ray and Boston Whaler boats, both divisions of Brunswick, accounted for approximately 9% and 10%, respectively, of our revenue in fiscal 2026. Brunswick is a world leading manufacturer of marine products and marine engines. We have agreements with Brunswick covering Sea Ray products and Boston Whaler products and are the exclusive dealer of Sea Ray and Boston Whaler boats in almost all of our geographic markets. Additionally, we are the exclusive dealer for Harris aluminum boats, a division of Brunswick, in many of our geographic markets. We also are the exclusive dealer for Italy-based Azimut-Benetti Group, or Azimut, for Azimut and Benetti mega-yachts, yachts, and other recreational boats for the United States. Sales of new Azimut boats and yachts accounted for approximately 6% of our revenue in fiscal 2026. Additionally, we are the exclusive dealer for certain other premium brands that serve certain industry segments in our markets as shown by the table on page three.

We also are involved in other boating-related activities. We sell used boats at our retail locations, online, and at various third-party marinas and other offsite locations; we sell marine engines and propellers, primarily to our retail customers as replacements for their existing engines and propellers; we sell a broad variety of parts and accessories at our retail locations and at various offsite locations, and through our print catalog; we offer maintenance, repair, and slip and storage rentals at most of our retail locations; we offer finance and insurance products at most of our retail locations and at various offsite locations and to our customers and independent boat dealers and brokers; we offer boat and yacht brokerage sales at most of our retail locations and at various offsite locations; and we conduct a charter business, which is based in the British Virgin Islands, in which we offer customers the opportunity to charter third-party and Company owned power catamarans.

MarineMax commenced operations as a result of the March 1, 1998 acquisition of five previously independent recreational boat dealers. Since that time, we have acquired 37 additional previously independent recreational boat dealers, multiple marinas, five boat brokerage operations, six superyacht service companies, two full-service yacht repair operations, and three boat and yacht manufacturers. We attempt to capitalize on the experience and success of the acquired companies in order to establish a high standard of customer service and responsiveness in the highly fragmented retail boating industry. As a result of our emphasis on premium brand boats, our average selling price for a new boat in fiscal 2026 was approximately $341,000, an increase from approximately $339,000 in fiscal 2025, compared with the industry average selling price for calendar 2025 of approximately $93,000 based on industry data published by the National Marine Manufacturers Association. We consider a store to be one or more retail locations that are adjacent or operate as one entity or a superyacht services region. Same-store sales include all stores that were open and operated throughout both the current and comparative prior period. Our same-store sales increased 1% in fiscal 2024, decreased 2% in fiscal 2025, and decreased 5% in fiscal 2026.

Material Updates to Our Strategy

Our business strategy is focused on achieving sustainable, profitable growth and improving operational efficiency through the development of strong customer relationships and an expanded global presence within the recreational marine market. Established in 1998 as a U.S.-based recreational boat and yacht dealership, more recently, starting in 2019, we have broadened our international footprint and diversified our asset portfolio through strategic acquisitions of higher-margin businesses within the marine industry. Our portfolio includes a wide array of marine services, such as marina operations, storage solutions, finance and insurance services, superyacht brokerage and chartering, construction, boat manufacturing, and digital technology platforms. IGY Marinas ("IGY"), which we believe to be the only global marina operator, provides a network of marina locations across the Americas, the Caribbean, Europe, and Asia. Many of our revenue streams, including IGY, reinforce our vertically integrated model and allow us to support customers across the entire recreational marine value chain.

We further advanced our growth strategy in fiscal 2024, acquiring a controlling interest in Atalanta Golden Yachts ("AGY"), a prominent yacht charter management company in Greece. This acquisition complements our existing superyacht brokerage and luxury yacht offerings. We also enhanced the operational efficiencies of our superyacht brands by establishing a SuperYacht Division, which consolidates back-office functions across AGY, Fraser Yachts, Northrop & Johnson, Fairport Yacht Management, and SuperYacht Management, creating a unified support infrastructure. In addition, we acquired Williams, a leading distributor and retailer of rigid inflatable jet tenders for the luxury yacht market. And in October 2024, our Cruisers Yachts subsidiary assumed the rights to

MasterCraft's Aviara brand of luxury dayboats. In January 2025, we acquired the service and parts departments at our retail location in Panama City Beach, Florida. In March 2025, we acquired Shelter Bay Marina in Marathon, Florida.

Further, in fiscal 2026, we continued to advance our digital technology initiatives. Through platforms such as Boatzon and Boatyard, which are proprietary customer experience solutions tailored for the marine industry, and with the support of our technology-focused entity, New Wave Innovations, we aim to enhance customer engagement and drive additional value across our portfolio. In June 2026, we also entered into a strategic partnership with NextBoat Inc. relating to pre-owned vessel transactions, financing, insurance, and related services.

Development of the Company; Expansion of Business

Since our initial acquisitions in March 1998, we have acquired 37 additional previously independent recreational boat dealers, multiple marinas, five boat brokerage operations, six superyacht service companies, two full-service yacht repair operations, and three boat and yacht manufacturers. Acquired dealers operate under the MarineMax name.

We continually attempt to enhance our business by providing a full range of services, offering extensive and high-quality product lines, maintaining prime retail locations, pursuing the MarineMax One Price hassle-free sales approach, and emphasizing a high level of customer service and satisfaction.

We also from time to time evaluate opportunities to expand our operations by potentially acquiring recreational boat dealers to expand our geographic scope, expanding our product lines, opening new retail locations within or outside our existing territories, and offering new products and services for our customers and by potentially acquiring companies to pursue contract manufacturing or vertical integration strategies.

Apart from acquisitions and our superyacht service locations, we have opened 35 new retail locations in existing territories, excluding those opened on a temporary basis for a specific purpose. We also monitor the performance of our retail locations and close retail locations that do not meet our expectations. Based on these factors and previous depressed economic conditions, we have closed 88 retail locations since March 1998 which includes the 2008 financial crisis, excluding those opened on a temporary basis for a specific purpose and including 11 during the last three fiscal years.

The following table sets forth information regarding the businesses and assets that we have acquired and their geographic regions from fiscal year 2011 through September 30, 2026.

Acquired Companies	Acquisition Date	Geographic Region
Treasure Island Marina, LLC	February 2011	Florida Panhandle
Bassett Marine, LLC	September 2012	Connecticut, Rhode Island and Western Massachusetts
Parker Boat Company	March 2013	Central Florida
Ocean Alexander Yachts	April 2014	Eastern United States
Bahia Mar Marina	January 2016	Florida Panhandle
Russo Marine	April 2016	Eastern Massachusetts and Rhode Island
Hall Marine Group	January 2017	North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia
Island Marine Center	January 2018	New Jersey
Tera Miranda	April 2018	Oklahoma
Bay Pointe Marina	September 2018	Massachusetts
Sail & Ski Center	April 2019	Texas
Fraser Yachts Group	July 2019	Worldwide
Boatyard, Inc.	February 2020	Worldwide
Northrop & Johnson	July 2020	Worldwide
Private Insurance Services	July 2020	Worldwide
SkipperBud’s & Silver Seas Yachts	October 2020	Great Lakes region and West Coast United States
Cruisers Yachts	May 2021	Worldwide
Nisswa Marine	July 2021	Minnesota
Intrepid Powerboats	November 2021	Worldwide
Texas MasterCraft	November 2021	Texas
Superyacht Management, S.A.R.L.	April 2022	France
Endeavour Marina	August 2022	Texas
IGY Marinas	October 2022	Worldwide
Midcoast Marine Group	December 2022	Florida
Boatzon	January 2023	Worldwide
C&C Boat Works	June 2023	Minnesota
Atalanta Golden Yachts	October 2023	Worldwide
Williams Tenders USA	March 2024	Worldwide
Native Marine	March 2024	Florida Keys
Aviara	October 2024	Worldwide

Treasure Island Marina, LLC	January 2025	Florida Panhandle
Shelter Bay Marina	March 2025	Florida Keys

In addition to acquiring recreational boat dealers, superyacht service companies, boat manufacturers, marinas, and opening new retail locations, we also add new product lines to expand our operations. The following table sets forth certain of our current product lines that we have added to our existing locations during the years indicated.

Product Line	Fiscal Year	Current Geographic Regions
Boston Whaler	1998	West Central Florida, Stuart, Florida, and Dallas, Texas
Grady-White	2002	Houston, Texas
Boston Whaler	2004-2005	North and South Carolina (2004), Houston, Texas (2005)
Azimut	2006	Northeast United States from Maryland to Maine
Boston Whaler	2006	New York
Grady-White	2006-2010	Pensacola, Florida (2006), Jacksonville, Florida (2010)
Azimut	2008	Florida
Boston Whaler	2009-2012	Southwest Florida (2009), Pompano Beach, Florida (2012)
Harris	2010	Missouri, Minnesota, and New Jersey
Nautique by Correct Craft	2010	Minnesota
Harris	2011-2012	West Central Florida (2011), Alabama (2012), North and Southwest Florida (2012), and Texas (2012)
Azimut	2012	United States
Scout	2012	Southeast Florida, Maryland, and New Jersey
Ocean Alexander Yachts	2014	Eastern United States
Scout	2014	New York
Aquila	2014	North America, South America and Caribbean
Galeon	2015	North America, Central America, and South America
Grady-White	2016	Miami, Florida
Boston Whaler	2016	Parts of Massachusetts, Connecticut, and Rhode Island
Yamaha Jet Boats	2017	Georgia, North Carolina, and South Carolina
Bennington	2017	South Carolina
Mastercraft	2018-2021	Wisconsin and Illinois (2021)
Barletta	2021	Wisconsin, Illinois and Detroit
Harris	2021	Wisconsin, Illinois, Grand Rapids, Michigan and Ohio
Sea Ray	2021	Wisconsin, Illinois, Michigan, and Ohio
Starcraft	2021	Wisconsin, Illinois, Michigan & Georgia (2026)
Sylvan	2021	Wisconsin, Illinois, Eastern Michigan & Georgia (2025)
Tiara	2021	Wisconsin, Illinois, Michigan, California & Ohio
Yamaha Jet Boats	2021	Wisconsin
Edgewater	2021	Newport Beach, California
Cruisers Yachts (1)	2021	Worldwide
Moomba, Supra	2021	Minnesota
Saxdor	2021	North America
Premier	2021-2022	Minnesota (2021)
Mastercraft	2021-2022	Wisconsin and Illinois (2021), Minnesota (2021)
Boston Whaler	2022	Minnesota
Intrepid Powerboats (1)	2022	Worldwide
Cobalt	2023	Minnesota
Boston Whaler	2023	North Carolina and South Carolina
Aviara (1)	2019-2024	United States (2019), Worldwide (2024)
Ducari	2026	United States

(1) Product line owned by MarineMax

We add brands with the intent to either offer a migration path for our existing customer base or fill a gap in our product offerings. As a result, we believe that new brands we offer are generally complementary and do not negatively impact the business generated from our other prominent brands. We also discontinue offering product lines from time to time, primarily based upon customer preferences.

We strive to maintain our core values of high customer service and satisfaction and plan to continue to pursue strategies that we believe will enable us to achieve long-term success and growth. We believe our expanded product offerings have strengthened our same-store sales growth. We plan to further expand our business through both acquisitions in new territories and new store openings in existing territories. In addition, we plan to continue to expand our other traditional services, including conducting used boat sales at our retail locations, at offsite locations, and digitally; selling related marine products, including engines, trailers, parts, and accessories at our retail locations and at various offsite locations; providing maintenance, repair, and storage services at most of our retail locations; offering our customers the ability to finance new or used boat purchases and to purchase extended service contracts and arrange insurance coverage, including boat property, disability, undercoating, gel sealant, fabric protection, trailer tire and wheel protection, and casualty insurance coverage; offering boat and yacht brokerage sales at most of our retail locations and at various offsite locations; offering boat

storage; conducting our yacht charter business; and manufacturing sport yacht and yachts. Our expansion plans will depend, in large part, upon economic and industry conditions.

U.S. Recreational Boating Industry

The U.S. recreational boating industry generated approximately $54.0 billion in retail sales in calendar 2025, which is slightly below the $55.6 billion generated in calendar 2024. The retail sales include sales of new and used boats; marine products, such as engines, trailers, equipment, and accessories; and related expenditures, such as fuel, insurance, docking, storage, and repairs. Retail sales of new and used boats, engines, trailers and accessories accounted for approximately $42.7 billion of these sales in 2025 based on industry data from the National Marine Manufacturers Association.

The highly-fragmented retail boating industry generally consists of small dealers that operate in a single market and provide varying degrees of merchandising, professional management, and customer service. We believe that many small dealers find it increasingly difficult to make the managerial and capital commitments necessary to achieve higher customer service levels and upgrade systems and facilities as required by boat manufacturers and often demanded by customers. We also believe that many dealers lack an exit strategy for their owners. We believe these factors contribute to our opportunity to gain a competitive advantage in current and future markets, through market expansions and acquisitions.

Products and Services

We offer new and used recreational boats and related marine products, including engines, trailers, parts, and accessories. While we sell a broad range of new and used boats, we focus on premium brand products. In addition, we assist in arranging related boat financing, insurance, and extended service contracts; provide boat maintenance and repair services; offer slip and storage accommodations; provide boat and yacht brokerage sales; and conduct a yacht charter business.

New Boat Sales

We primarily sell recreational boats, including pleasure boats and fishing boats. A number of the products we offer are manufactured by Brunswick, a leading worldwide manufacturer of recreational boats and yachts, including Sea Ray pleasure boats, Boston Whaler fishing boats, and Harris aluminum boats. Sales of new Brunswick boats accounted for approximately 20% of our revenue in fiscal 2026. Sales of new Sea Ray and Boston Whaler boats accounted for approximately 9% and 10%, respectively, of our revenue in fiscal 2026. Certain of our dealerships also sell luxury yachts, fishing boats, and pontoon boats provided by other manufacturers, including Italy-based Azimut. Sales of new Azimut boats and yachts accounted for approximately 6% of our revenue in fiscal 2026. Cruisers Yachts, a wholly-owned MarineMax subsidiary, manufactures sport yacht and yachts, including Aviara luxury dayboats, with sales through our select retail dealership locations and through independent dealers. Intrepid Powerboats, a MarineMax company, manufactures powerboats and sells through our retail dealership locations as well as independent dealers. During fiscal 2026, new boat sales, including sales of Cruisers Yachts and Intrepid Powerboats, accounted for approximately 60.7% or $1.314 billion of our revenue.

We offer recreational boats in most market segments, but have a particular focus on premium quality pleasure boats and yachts as reflected by our fiscal 2026 average new boat sales price of approximately $341,000, an increase from approximately $339,000 in fiscal 2025, compared with an estimated industry average selling price for calendar 2025 of approximately $93,000 based on industry data published by the National Marine Manufacturers Association. Given our locations in some of the more affluent, offshore-oriented boating areas in the United States and emphasis on high levels of customer service, we sell a relatively higher percentage of large recreational boats, such as mega-yachts, yachts, and sport cruisers. We believe that the product lines we offer are among the highest quality within their respective market segments, with well-established trade-name recognition and reputations for quality, performance, and style.

The following table is illustrative of the range and approximate manufacturer suggested retail price range of new boats that we currently offer, but is not all inclusive.

Product Line and Trade Name	Overall Length	Manufacturer Suggested Retail Price Range
Motor Yachts		
Azimut	42' to 120'+	1,600,000 to 31,000,000+
Ocean Alexander Yachts	88’ to 120’+	10,000,000 to 36,000,000+
Princess	35' to 95'+	700,000 to 10,000,000+
Yacht Tenders		
Williams Jet Tenders	9’ to 20’	30,000 to 250,000+
Pleasure Boats		
Sea Ray	19’ to 40’	70,000 to 1,300,000+
Bayliner	15' to 24'	20,000 to 110,000
Cobalt	23' to 35'	140,000 to 500,000
Aquila	28’ to 72’	300,000 to 7,000,000+
Galeon	32’ to 80’	850,000 to 8,500,000+
Saxdor	27' to 46'	210,000 to 1,250,000
MJM Yachts	35' to 50'	700,000 to 2,000,000+
Aviara (1)	28’ to 40’	250,000 to 1,300,000+
Cruisers Yachts (1)	34' to 60'	600,000 to 4,000,000+
Tiara	34' to 60'	700,000 to 3,800,000+
Intrepid Powerboats (1)	34' to 51'	800,000 to 2,600,000+
Ducari	37'	1,300,000+
Pontoon Boats		
Harris	19’ to 30’	50,000 to 400,000+
Bennington	17’ to 30’	50,000 to 400,000
Barletta	20' to 28'	60,000 to 320,000
Premier	21' to 33'	50,000 to 400,000
Starcraft	16' to 25'	35,000 to 170,000
Sylvan	20' to 27'	30,000 to 260,000+
Fishing Boats		
Boston Whaler	13’ to 42’	28,000 to 2,200,000+
Grady White	18’ to 45’	80,000 to 2,000,000
Scout	17’ to 67’	55,000 to 7,500,000+
Ski Boats		
Nautique by Correct Craft	20’ to 25’	170,000 to 525,000+
Mastercraft	20’ to 26’	150,000 to 530,000
Jet Boats		
Yamaha Jet Boats	19’ to 27’	40,000 to 190,000

(1) Product line owned by MarineMax

Motor Yachts. Ocean Alexander Yachts, Azimut and Princess are three of the world’s premier yacht builders. The motor yacht product lines typically include state-of-the-art designs with live-aboard luxuries. Azimut yachts are known for their Americanized open layout with Italian design and powerful performance. The luxurious interiors of Azimut yachts are accented by windows and multiple accommodations that have been designed for comfort. Ocean Alexander Yachts are known for their excellent engineering, performance, and functionality combined with luxuries typically found on larger mega yachts. Princess is a leading British luxury yacht manufacturer with attention to detail, design, and performance.

Yacht Tenders. Williams Jet Tenders is the world’s leading manufacturer of rigid inflatable jet tenders for the luxury yacht market. We believe Williams Jet Tenders is a name synonymous with unparalleled luxury in the European and American yacht industry, that blends quality, style and service, and is known for its safe versatile jet propulsion system.

Pleasure Boats. Sea Ray pleasure boats target both the luxury and the family recreational boating markets and come in a variety of configurations designed to suit each customer’s particular recreational boating style. Sea Ray pleasure boats feature custom instrumentation that may include an electronics package; various hull, deck, and cockpit designs that can include a swim platform; bow pulpit and raised bridge; and various amenities, such as swivel bucket helm seats, lounge seats, sun pads, wet bars, built-in ice chests, and refreshment centers. Most Sea Ray pleasure boats feature Mercury or MerCruiser engines. Sea Ray is the world's leading creator

of superior quality pleasure boats, offering a variety of hulls with versatility in each model. We believe Bayliner offers quality materials, and features dedicated storage spaces, optimal performance and efficiency engines and quality electronics, ensuring accurate navigation. Cobalt Boats, an American manufacturer of recreational boats, has found continued success through investments in innovation and manufacturing capability. Galeon specializes in luxury yacht and motorboats with over thirty years of experience and is one of Europe's leading and premier boat manufacturers. We believe Galeon yachts combine the latest technology, hand crafted excellence, attention to detail, superb performance, and great innovative designs with modern styling and convenience. Aquila power catamarans provide form, function, and offer practicality and comfort with innovation. Saxdor Yachts is a Finnish premium boat producer whose philosophy can be described as a combination of Italian cutting-edge design, American functionality, German quality, French competitive pricing and the Scandinavian way of boating. MJM Yachts combine speed, performance, greater stability, innovative designs and layouts, along with comforts and space for entertaining in addition to a patent protected MJM signature look. Aviara is focused on the production of vessels 30-feet and over with the goal of creating an elevated open water experience by fusing progressive style, comfort, and luxury. Cruisers Yachts is continuously building innovative, quality, hand-crafted, American made sport yacht and yachts with the stylish and luxurious Cantius series of boats as well as sleek and powerful outboard models. Tiara Yachts manufactures handcrafted, American-made luxury yachts designed for performance and comfort. Intrepid Powerboats uses advanced composite construction to make each boat unique to its owner as well as stronger, faster and more fuel-efficient to deliver a safe, smooth, dry ride on the water. Ducari Yachts offers luxury power catamarans designed for the premium cruising segment. We believe Ducari yachts combine sophisticated design, precision engineering, innovative technology and premium amenities with the stability, performance and spacious comfort of a dual-hull platform.

Pontoon Boats. Harris is a pontoon industry leader and offers a variety of some of the most innovative, luxurious, and premium pontoon models to fit boaters' needs. Harris is known for exceptional performance combined with a stable and safe platform. Bennington offers what we believe to be industry leading design, craftsmanship, and a quiet, smooth, ride. Barletta offers quality construction, simple yet refined models, and customer focused amenities. Premier designs and manufactures world-class pontoons, featuring luxury furniture, creative seating configurations, premium flooring, and premium technology for navigational and recreational purposes. Starcraft is a leading boat manufacturer with a long history of continuous improvements to fiberglass hull design and a dedication to providing pontoon, runabouts, and deck boat models for families and watersport enthusiasts. Sylvan builds quality, innovative, high performance pontoon boats. With a variety of designs and options, the pontoon boats we offer appeal to a broad audience of pontoon boat enthusiasts and existing customers.

Fishing Boats. The fishing boats we offer, such as Boston Whaler, Grady-White and Scout range from entry level models to advanced models designed for fishing and water sports in lakes, bays, and off-shore waters, with cabins with limited live-aboard capability. The fishing boats typically feature livewells, in-deck fishboxes, rodholders, rigging stations, cockpit coaming pads, and fresh and saltwater washdowns.

Ski Boats. The ski boats we offer are Nautique by Correct Craft and Mastercraft, which range from entry level models to advanced models and all of which are designed to achieve an ultimate wake for increased skiing, surfing, and wakeboarding performance and safety. With a variety of designs and options, Nautique and Mastercraft ski boats appeal to the competitive and recreational user alike.

Jet Boats. Yamaha jet boats are designed to offer a reliable, high performing, internal propulsion system with superior handling. Yamaha is a worldwide leader in jet boats. With a variety of designs and options, the jet boats we offer appeal to a broad audience of jet boat enthusiasts and existing customers.

Used Boat Sales

We sell used versions of the new makes and models we offer and, to a lesser extent, used boats of other makes and models generally taken as trade-ins. During fiscal 2026, used boat sales accounted for 10.5% or approximately $229.0 million of our revenue.

Our used boat sales depend on our ability to source a supply of high-quality used boats at attractive prices. We acquire substantially all of our used boat inventory through customer trade-ins. We strive to increase our used boat business through the availability of quality used boat trade-ins generated from our new boat sales efforts, which are well-maintained through our service initiatives. Additionally, substantially all of our used boat inventory is posted on our digital properties, which expands the awareness and availability of our products to a large audience of boating enthusiasts. We also sell used boats at various marinas and other offsite locations throughout the country.

To further enhance our used boat sales, we offer extended warranty plans generally available for used boats less than nine years old. The extended warranty plans apply to each qualifying used boat, which has passed a 48-point inspection, and provides protection against failure of most mechanical parts for up to three years. We believe this type of program enhances our sales of used boats by motivating purchasers of used boats to complete their purchases through our dealerships.

Marine Engines, Related Marine Equipment, and Boating Parts and Accessories

We offer marine engines and equipment, predominantly manufactured by Mercury Marine, a division of Brunswick, and Yamaha. We sell marine engines and propellers primarily to retail customers as replacements for their existing engines or propellers. Mercury Marine and Yamaha have introduced various new engine models that are designed to reduce engine emissions to comply with current United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") requirements. See "Business — Governmental Regulations, including Environmental Regulations." Industry leaders, Mercury Marine and Yamaha, specialize in state-of-the-art marine propulsion systems and accessories. Many of our dealerships have been recognized by Mercury Marine as "Premier Service Dealers". This designation is generally awarded based on meeting certain standards and qualifications.

We also sell a broad variety of marine parts and accessories at our retail locations, at various offsite locations, and through our print catalog. These marine parts and accessories include marine electronics; dock and anchoring products, such as boat fenders, lines, and anchors; boat covers; trailer parts; water sport accessories, such as tubes, lines, wakeboards, and skis; engine parts; oils; lubricants; steering and control systems; corrosion control products and service products; high-performance accessories, such as propellers and instruments; and a complete line of boating accessories, including life jackets, inflatables, and water sports equipment. We also offer novelty items, such as shirts, caps, and license plates bearing the manufacturer's or dealer's logos. In all of our parts and accessories business, we utilize our industry knowledge and experience to offer boating enthusiasts high-quality products with which we have experience.

The sale of marine engines, related marine equipment, and boating parts and accessories, which are all tangible products, accounted for approximately 5.4% or $116.0 million of our fiscal 2026 revenue.

Maintenance, Repair, and Storage Services

Providing customers with professional, prompt maintenance and repair services is critical to our sales efforts and contributes to our success. We provide maintenance and repair services at most of our retail locations, with extended service hours at certain of our locations. In addition, in many of our markets, we provide mobile maintenance and repair services at the location of the customer's boat. We believe that this service commitment is a competitive advantage in the markets in which we compete and is critical to our efforts to provide a trouble-free boating experience. To further this commitment, in certain of our markets, we have opened stand-alone maintenance and repair facilities in locations that are more convenient for our customers and that increase the availability of such services. We also believe that our maintenance and repair services contribute to strong customer relationships and that our emphasis on preventative maintenance and quality service increases the potential supply of well-maintained boats for our used boat sales.

We perform both warranty and non-warranty repair services, with the cost of warranty work reimbursed by the manufacturer in accordance with the manufacturer's warranty reimbursement program. For warranty work, most manufacturers, including Brunswick, reimburse a percentage of the dealer's posted service labor rates, with the percentage varying depending on the dealer's customer satisfaction index rating and attendance at service training courses. We derive the majority of our warranty revenue from Brunswick products, as Brunswick products comprise the largest percentage of our products sold. Certain other manufacturers reimburse warranty work at a fixed amount per repair. Because boat manufacturers permit warranty work to be performed only at authorized dealerships, we receive substantially all of the warranted maintenance and repair work required for the new boats we sell. The third-party extended warranty contracts we offer also result in an ongoing demand for our maintenance and repair services for the duration of the term of the extended warranty contract.

Our maintenance and repair services are performed by manufacturer-trained and certified service technicians. In charging for our mechanics' labor, many of our dealerships use a variable rate structure designed to reflect the difficulty and sophistication of different types of repairs. The percentage markups on parts are similarly based on manufacturer suggested prices and market conditions for different parts.

At many of our locations, we offer boat storage services, including in-water slip storage and inside and outside land storage. These storage services are offered at competitive market rates and include both in-season and out-of-season storage. In October 2022, we completed the acquisition of IGY Marinas. IGY Marinas maintains a network of luxury marinas situated in yachting and sport fishing destinations around the world. IGY Marinas has high standards for service and quality in nautical tourism. It offers a global network of marinas in the Americas, the Caribbean, Europe, and Asia, delivering year-round accommodations. IGY Marinas caters to a wide variety of luxury yachts, while also being exclusive home ports for some of the world's largest megayachts.

Maintenance, repair, rent, and storage services accounted for approximately 11.7% or $253.8 million of our revenue during fiscal 2026 of which, approximately 3.7% or $80.1 million related to repair services, approximately 1.6% or $34.3 million related to parts and accessories for repairs, and approximately 6.4% or $139.4 million related to income from rent and storage service rentals.

F&I Products

At each of our retail locations, various offsite locations, and through Newcoast Financial Services, where applicable, we offer our customers the ability to finance new or used boat purchases and to purchase extended service contracts and arrange insurance coverage, including boat property, disability, undercoating, gel sealant, fabric protection, trailer tire and wheel protection, and casualty insurance coverage (collectively, "F&I"). We have relationships with various national marine product lenders under which the lenders purchase retail installment contracts evidencing retail sales of boats and other marine products that are originated by us in accordance with existing pre-sale agreements between us and the lenders. These arrangements permit us to receive a portion of the finance charges expected to be earned on the retail installment contract based on a variety of factors, including the credit standing of the buyer, the annual percentage rate of the contract charged to the buyer, and the lender's then current minimum required annual percentage rate charged to the buyer on the contract. This participation is subject to repayment by us if the buyer prepays the contract or defaults within a designated time period, usually within 0 to 180 days. To the extent required by applicable state law, our dealerships are licensed to originate and sell retail installment contracts financing the sale of boats and other marine products.

We also offer third-party extended service contracts under which, for a predetermined price, we provide all designated services pursuant to the service contract guidelines during the contract term at no additional charge to the customer above a deductible. While we sell all new boats with the boat manufacturer's standard hull and engine warranty, extended service contracts provide additional coverage beyond the time frame or scope of the manufacturer's warranty. Purchasers of used boats generally are able to purchase an extended service contract, even if the selected boat is no longer covered by the manufacturer's warranty. Generally, we receive a fee for arranging an extended service contract. Most required services under the contracts are provided by us and paid for by the third-party contract holder.

We also are able to assist our customers with obtaining property and casualty insurance which covers loss or damage to the vessel. We provide worldwide yacht insurance programs for brokerage houses, yacht management groups, and maritime attorneys. We utilize expertise in complex underwriting, including understanding the exposure of an owner, captain, crew, guests, tenders and navigation to provide clients with uniquely designed protection so customers can cruise confidently.

We also have introduced the MarineMax Certified Pre-Owned program, which provides qualifying pre-owned vessels with a comprehensive inspection process and limited warranty coverage. The program is designed to enhance customer confidence, differentiate our pre-owned offering, and support our broader strategy of providing products and services throughout the boating lifecycle.

During fiscal 2026, fee income generated from F&I products accounted for approximately 3.7% or $79.1 million of our revenue. We believe that our customers' ability to obtain competitive financing quickly and easily at our dealerships complements our ability to sell new and used boats. We also believe our ability to provide customer-tailored financing on a "same-day" basis gives us an advantage over many of our competitors, particularly smaller competitors that lack the resources to arrange boat financing at their dealerships or that do not generate sufficient volume to attract the diversity of financing sources that are available to us.

Brokerage Sales and Other Commissions

Through employees or subcontractors that are licensed boat or yacht brokers where applicable, we offer boat or yacht brokerage sales at most of our retail locations. For a commission, we offer for sale brokered boats or yachts, listing them digitally on various sites, advising our other retail locations of their availability through our integrated computer system, and posting them on our website, *www.MarineMax.com*. Often sales are co-brokered, with the commission split between the buying and selling brokers. We believe that our access to potential used boat customers and methods of listing and advertising customers' brokered boats or yachts is more extensive than is typical among brokers. In addition to generating revenue from brokerage commissions, our brokerage sales also enable us to offer a broad array of used boats or yachts without increasing related inventory costs. Also, through Fraser Yachts Group and Northrop & Johnson, we offer yacht and superyacht brokerage, and for a fee, we assist yacht owners in the marketing and charter of their vessel by third-parties. During fiscal 2026, brokerage sales and other commissions accounted for approximately 5.4% or $116.9 million of our revenue.

Our brokerage customers generally receive the same high level of customer service as our new and used boat customers. Our waterfront retail locations enable in-water demonstrations of an on-site brokered boat. Our maintenance and repair services, including mobile service, also are generally available to our brokerage customers. Generally, the purchaser of a boat brokered through us also can take advantage of MarineMax Getaways!® weekend and day trips and other rendezvous gatherings and in-water events, as well as boat operation and safety seminars. We believe that the array of services we offer are unique in the brokerage business.

Yacht Charter and Services

In 2011 we launched a yacht charter business in which we offer customers the opportunity to charter catamarans in exotic destinations, starting with our initial location in the British Virgin Islands. In this business, we sell specifically designed yachts to third parties for inclusion in our yacht charter fleet; enter into yacht management agreements under which yacht owners enable us to put their yachts in our yacht charter program for a period of several years for a fixed monthly fee payable by us, or a variable monthly fee based on charter revenue payable by us or payable to us depending on revenue earned during the month; provide our services in storing,

insuring, and maintaining their yachts; and charter these yachts to vacation customers at agreed fees payable to us. The yacht owners are able to utilize the yachts for personal use for a designated number of weeks during the terms of the management agreement and take possession of their yachts following the expiration of the yacht management agreements.

Additionally, through Fraser Yachts Group and Northrop & Johnson, we offer yacht and superyacht chartering, charter management, yacht management, crew placement, new boat build oversight services and other luxury yacht services. During fiscal 2026, the income from charter services accounted for approximately 2.6% or $55.2 million of our revenue.

Offsite Sales

We sell used boats, offer F&I products, and sell parts and accessories at various third-party offsite locations, including marinas.

Product Manufacturing

Cruisers Yachts, a wholly-owned MarineMax subsidiary, manufactures sport yacht and yachts with sales through our select retail dealership locations and through independent dealers. Cruisers Yachts is recognized as one of the world's premier manufacturers of premium sport yacht and yachts, producing models from 33' to 60' feet. Additionally, Cruisers Yachts has assumed the rights to MasterCraft's Aviara brand of luxury day boats. Intrepid Powerboats, also a wholly-owned MarineMax subsidiary, is recognized as a world class producer of customized boats, reflecting the unique desires of each individual owner. Intrepid Powerboats sells through our retail dealership locations as well as independent dealers.

Retail Locations

We sell our recreational boats and other marine products and offer our related boat services through over 70 retail locations in Alabama, California, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Texas, Washington and Wisconsin. Each retail location generally includes an indoor showroom (including some of the industry's largest indoor boat showrooms) and an outside area for displaying boat inventories; a business office to assist customers in arranging financing and insurance; maintenance and repair facilities; and, at certain retail locations, boat storage services, including in-water slip storage and inside and outside land storage.

Many of our retail locations are waterfront properties on some of the nation's most popular boating locations. Our waterfront retail locations, most of which include marina-type facilities and docks at which we display our yachts and boats, are easily accessible to the boating populace, serve as in-water showrooms, and enable the sales force to give customers immediate in-water demonstrations of various boat models. Most of our other locations are in close proximity to water. The following table sets forth certain of our waterfront properties.

State		Waterfront properties
California	Newport Bay Richardson Bay	San Diego Bay
Connecticut	Norwalk Harbor	Westbrook Harbor
Florida	Intracoastal Waterway Boca Ciega Bay Naples Bay Pensacola Bay Florida Keys	Atlantic Ocean Caloosahatchee River Tampa Bay Saint Andrews Bay
Georgia	Lake Lanier	Wilmington River
Illinois	Lake Michigan	Lake Marie
Maryland	Chesapeake Bay	
Massachusetts	Town River	
Michigan	Saginaw River Cass Lake Lake Fenton	Lake St. Clair Spring Lake
Minnesota	Lake Minnetonka Cross Lake	
Missouri	Lake of the Ozarks	
New Jersey	Barnegat Bay Little Egg Harbor Bay	Manasquan River
New York	Huntington Harbor	
North Carolina	Masonboro Inlet	
Ohio	Lake Erie	
Oklahoma	Grand Lake	
Rhode Island	Newport Harbor	
South Carolina	Lake Wylie	
Texas	Clear Lake	Lake Lewisville
Washington	Lake Union	
Wisconsin	Sturgeon Bay Kinnickinnic River	Lake Mendota Lake Butte Des Mortes

Additionally, through IGY Marinas we own and manage luxury marinas situated around the world. The following table sets forth certain of our owned and managed luxury marinas.

Location	Luxury Marinas	
Colombia	Marina Santa Marta	
Costa Rica	Marina Bahia Golfito	
England	St. Katharine Docks	
France	IGY Sète Marina	IGY Vieux – Port de Cannes
Italy, Sardinia	IGY Portisco Marina	Marina Di Porto Cervo
Mexico	Marina Cabo San Lucas	
Panama	Red Frog Beach Island Marina	
Providenciales, Turks & Caicos	Blue Haven Marina	
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	Sindalah Marina	
Spain	IGY Málaga Marina IGY Ibiza Marina	Málaga San Andres Marina
St. Maarten	Yacht Club Isle de Sol	Simpson Bay Marina
St. Lucia	Rodney Bay Marina	
United Arab Emirates, Ras Al Khaimah	Wynn Al Marjan Island Marina	
United States, Florida	Yacht Haven Grande Miami at Island Gardens	Maximo Marina, St. Petersburg
United States, Georgia	IGY Savannah Harbor Marina	
United States Virgin Islands, Saint Thomas	Yacht Haven Grande	American Yacht Harbor

Operations

Dealership Operations and Management

We have adopted a generally decentralized approach to the operational management of our dealerships. While certain administrative functions are centralized at the corporate level, local management is primarily responsible for the day-to-day operations of the retail locations. Each retail location is managed by a general manager, who oversees the day-to-day operations, personnel, and financial performance of the individual store, subject to the direction of a regional president, district president or area manager, who generally has responsibility for the retail locations within a specified geographic region. Typically, each retail location also has a staff consisting of an F&I manager, a parts manager, a service manager, sales representatives, maintenance and repair technicians, and various support personnel.

Sales and Marketing

Our sales philosophy focuses on selling the pleasures of the boating and yachting lifestyle and creating memories of a lifetime with family and friends. We believe that the critical elements of our sales philosophy include our appealing retail and marina locations, no-hassle sales approach, highly trained sales representatives, high level of customer service, emphasis on educating the customer and the customer's family on boating, and providing our customers with opportunities for experiences through our MarineMax Getaways!®. We strive to provide exceptional customer experiences through the best services, products, and technology before, during, and after the sale. Our team and customers are United by Water®.

Each retail location offers the customer the opportunity to evaluate a variety of new and used boats in a comfortable and convenient setting. Our full-service retail locations facilitate a turn-key purchasing process that includes attractive lender financing packages, extended service agreements, and insurance. Many of our retail locations are located on waterfronts and marinas, which attract boating enthusiasts and enable customers to operate various boats prior to making a purchase decision.

The brands we offer are diverse in size and use and are spread across our customer activities of leisure, fishing, watersports, luxury, and vacations. We believe the transformative qualities of the water should be shared by everyone, so we created our boat lineup accordingly. Our promise gives our brands meaning and reason to exist next to one another on our showroom floor.

We sell our boats at posted MarineMax "One Price" that generally represent a discount from the manufacturer's suggested retail price. Our sales approach focuses on the customer experience by minimizing customer anxiety associated with price negotiation.

As a part of our sales and marketing efforts, our digital marketing capabilities are a competitive advantage, with the majority of leads originating through our digital properties, including MarineMax.com. Social media is a leading venue for customer engagement and communication and has become a strong medium for connecting with new customers. Additionally, we hold online experience

events, including immersive boat tours, that allow participants to explore boats and yachts from multiple manufacturers, segments, and models from anywhere using their phone, tablet, or computer.

We participate in boat shows and in-the-water sales events at area boating locations, typically held in January, February, March, and toward the end of the boating season, in each of our markets. Boat shows and other offsite promotions are an important venue for engaging new customers. The boat shows also generate a significant amount of interest in our company and products, resulting in sales before and after the show. Our products and services are always available online and, through our online platform, we offer our full selection of boats, yachts, charters, and services. Our expert team is also available to assist customers and provide a great customer experience.

We emphasize customer education through one-on-one education from our team members including, at many locations, our delivery captains, both before and after a sale, and through in-house seminars for the entire family on boating safety, the use and operation of boats, and product demonstrations. Typically, one of our delivery captains or other team members delivers the customer's boat to an area boating location and thoroughly instructs the customer about the operation of the boat, including hands-on instructions for docking and trailering the boat. To enhance our customer relationships after the sale, we lead and sponsor MarineMax Getaways!® group boating trips to various destinations, rendezvous gatherings, and on-the-water organized events that promote the boating lifestyle and memories of a lifetime. Each Company-sponsored event, planned and led by a Company team member, also provides a favorable medium for acclimating new customers to boating, sharing exciting boating destinations, creating friendships with other boaters, and enabling us to promote new product offerings to boating enthusiasts.

As a result of our ongoing investments in sales and marketing, we believe we have a competitive advantage within the industry by leveraging our strategic marketing capabilities to connect customers to the boating lifestyle. Part of our marketing capabilities include our customer relationships and data platforms that automatically manage customer engagements, evaluate a customer's propensity to buy, manage sales activities, and facilitate Company-wide availability of a particular boat or other marine products and services desired by a customer.

Suppliers and Inventory Management

We purchase a substantial portion of our new boat inventory directly from manufacturers, which allocate new boats to dealerships based on the amount of boats sold by the dealership and their market share. We manufacture a portion of our new boat inventory from our Product Manufacturing segment. We also exchange new boats with other dealers to accommodate customer demand and to balance inventory.

In fiscal 2026, sales of new Brunswick boats and yachts accounted for approximately 20% of our revenue. No purchases of new boats and other marine related products from any other manufacturer accounted for more than 10% of our revenue in fiscal 2026. Sales of Azimut boats and yachts and new Sea Ray and Boston Whaler boats accounted for approximately 6%, 9% and 10%, respectively, of our revenue in fiscal 2026.

We have entered into multi-year agreements with Brunswick covering Sea Ray and Boston Whaler boats. We also have a multi-year agreement with Azimut-Benetti Group for its Azimut product line. We typically deal with each of our manufacturers, other than Brunswick and Azimut-Benetti Group, under an annually renewable, non-exclusive dealer agreement.

The dealer agreements do not restrict our right to sell any product lines or competing products provided that we are in compliance with the material obligations of our dealer agreements. The terms of each dealer agreement appoints a designated geographical territory for the dealer, which is exclusive to the dealer provided that the dealer is able to meet the material obligations of its dealer agreement.

Manufacturers generally establish prices on an annual basis, but may change prices at their sole discretion. Manufacturers typically discount the cost of inventory and offer inventory financing assistance during the manufacturers' slow seasons, generally October through March. To obtain lower cost of inventory, we strive to capitalize on these manufacturer incentives to take product delivery during the manufacturers' slow seasons. This permits us to gain pricing advantages and better product availability during the selling season. Arrangements with certain other manufacturers may restrict our right to offer some product lines in certain markets.

We transfer individual boats among our retail locations to fill customer orders that otherwise might take substantially longer to fill from the manufacturer. This reduces delays in delivery, helps us maximize inventory turnover, and assists in minimizing potential overstock or out-of-stock situations. We actively monitor our inventory levels to maintain levels appropriate to meet current anticipated market demands. We are not bound by contractual agreements governing the amount of inventory that we must purchase in any year from any manufacturer, but the failure to purchase at agreed upon levels may result in the loss of certain manufacturer incentives or dealership rights.

Inventory Financing

Marine manufacturers customarily provide interest assistance programs to retailers. The interest assistance varies by manufacturer and may include periods of free financing or reduced interest rate programs. The interest assistance may be paid directly to the retailer or the financial institution depending on the arrangements the manufacturer has established. We believe that our financing arrangements with manufacturers are standard within the industry.

We account for consideration received from our vendors in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" ("ASC 606"). ASC 606 requires us to classify interest assistance received from manufacturers as a reduction of inventory cost and related cost of sales as opposed to netting the assistance against our interest expense incurred with our lenders. Pursuant to ASC 606, amounts received by us under our co-op assistance programs from our manufacturers are netted against related advertising expenses.

In June 2026, we entered into the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement with Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company ("M&T Bank") as Administrative Agent, Swingline Lender, and Issuing Bank, Wells Fargo Commercial Distribution Finance, LLC, as Floor Plan Agent, and the lenders party thereto (the "New Credit Facility"). The New Credit Facility provides the Company short-term borrowing in the form of a line of credit with asset-based borrowing availability (the "Floor Plan") of up to $950 million and establishes a revolving credit facility in the maximum amount of $150 million (including a $20 million swingline facility and a $20 million letter of credit sublimit). The New Credit Facility also continues $302.5 million of term loans outstanding under the prior credit facility and provides an $85 million delayed draw mortgage loan facility. The maturity of each of the facilities is June 2031. The New Credit Facility is further discussed in the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" section of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Technology Platform

We believe that our technology platform, which is utilized by our companies and dealerships and continually developed with the latest capabilities, strategically enhances our ability to successfully integrate the operations of our companies and future acquisitions, facilitates secure interchange of information, and enhances cross-selling opportunities throughout our company. The platform integrates each level of operations on a Company-wide basis, including but not limited to inventory, financial reporting, budgeting, marketing and sales management. We manage each company's operations with the platform to execute at the highest level, continually grow, and deliver exceptional customer experiences. Sales representatives use the platform to gain strategic competitive insights, automatically generate follow-up activities, facilitate the availability of Company-wide products and services and monitor the maintenance and service needs of customers' boats. Company representatives also utilize the platform to provide access to financing and insurance products, proactively schedule services and continually communicate with customers. We mitigate cybersecurity risks by employing extensive measures, including but not limited to employee training, protective technologies, monitoring and testing, external assessment services and maintenance of protective systems and contingency plans. While we have developed systems and processes to prevent or detect security breaches and protect the confidential information we receive, store, transmit, and use, we cannot assure that such measures will provide absolute security. See "Item 1C. Cybersecurity" included in this report for a discussion of our cybersecurity procedures and policies.

Human Capital Resources

As of September 30, 2026, we had 3,316 employees, 2,466 (approximately 74%) of whom were in store-level operations, 493 (approximately 15%) of whom were in manufacturing operations, and 357 (approximately 11%) of whom were in corporate administration and operational management. We are not a party to any significant collective bargaining agreements. We consider our relations with our employees to be excellent, and we earned certification as a Great Place To Work ™ in 2026, for the third year in a row.

In managing the business, we devote substantial efforts to recruit employees that we believe to be exceptionally well qualified for their position. We also train our employees to understand our core retail philosophies, which focus on making the purchase of a boat or yacht and their subsequent use as hassle-free and enjoyable as possible. Through our MarineMax Academy, we teach our retail philosophies to existing and new employees at various locations and through our online platform. MarineMax Academy offers synchronous and asynchronous instruction options to meet the needs of all team members. The learning modules kick off with a customized onboarding experience and then focus on our retailing philosophies, including instruction on such matters as the sales process, customer service, F&I, accounting, leadership, safety, compliance, and human resources. We also have a specialized service training center and program in Clearwater, Florida where we offer apprenticeship programs and train our service technicians in best practices. We have partnered with the State of Florida to expand our marine apprenticeship offerings across other locations throughout the state.

Sales representatives receive compensation primarily on a commission basis. Each general manager is a salaried employee with incentive bonuses based on the performance of the managed dealership. Maintenance and repair service managers receive compensation on a salary basis with bonuses based on the performance of their departments. Our technology platform provides each store and department manager with daily financial and operational information, enabling them to monitor the performance of their personnel on a daily, weekly, and monthly basis. We have a uniform, fully integrated technology platform serving each of our dealerships.

Our philosophy is to pay competitive base salaries to team members at levels that help us to attract, motivate, and retain highly qualified team members and reduce turnover. Incentive bonuses are designed to reward individuals based on our Company's financial results as well as the achievement of personal and corporate objectives designed to contribute to our long-term success in building shareholder value. Grants of stock-based awards under our 2021 Stock-Based Compensation Plan are intended to align compensation with the price performance of our common stock. Total compensation levels reflect corporate positions, responsibilities, and achievement of goals. As a result of our performance-based compensation philosophy, pay levels may vary significantly from year to year and among our various team members. Performance metrics utilized by our incentive compensation plans include pretax income performance bonus, aged inventory, district and regional financial performance targets, and net promoter score (customer satisfaction).

Intellectual Property

We have registered tradenames and trademarks, including among other marks, "MarineMax" and "United by Water" in over 20 countries and territories. Pursuant to agreements with manufacturers and subject to restrictions in those agreements, we have the right to use and display the trademarks and logos of our manufacturer's brands at our retail stores as well as in our advertising and promotional materials. The current registrations of our tradenames and trademarks are effective for varying periods of time, which we may renew periodically, provided that we comply with all statutory maintenance requirements, including continued use of each trademark in each country.

Seasonality and Weather Conditions

Our business, as well as the entire recreational boating industry, is highly seasonal, with seasonality varying in different geographic markets. Over the three-year period ended September 30, 2026, the average revenue for the quarters ended December 31, March 31, June 30 and September 30 represented approximately 22%, 25%, 29%, and 24%, respectively, of our average annual revenues. With the exception of Florida, we generally realize significantly lower sales and higher levels of inventories and related short-term borrowings, in the quarterly periods ending December 31 and March 31. The onset of the public boat and recreation shows in January generally stimulates boat sales and typically allows us to reduce our inventory levels and related short-term borrowings throughout the remainder of the fiscal year. Our expansion into boat storage may act to reduce our seasonality and cyclicality.

Our business is also subject to weather patterns, which may adversely affect our results of operations. For example, prolonged winter conditions, drought conditions (or merely reduced rainfall levels) or excessive rain, may limit access to area boating locations or render boating dangerous or inconvenient, thereby curtailing customer demand for our products. In addition, unseasonably cool weather and prolonged winter conditions may lead to a shorter selling season in certain locations. Hurricanes and other storms could result in disruptions of our operations or damage to our boat inventories and facilities, as has been the case when Florida and other markets were affected by hurricanes, such as Hurricane Ian in 2022 and Hurricanes Helene and Milton in 2024. Although our geographic diversity is likely to reduce the overall impact to us of adverse weather conditions in any one market area, these conditions will continue to represent potential, material adverse risks to us and our future financial performance.

Governmental Regulations, including Environmental Regulations

Our operations are subject to extensive regulation, supervision, and licensing under various foreign, federal, state, and local statutes, ordinances, and regulations. While we believe that we maintain all requisite licenses and permits and are in compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations, there can be no assurance that we will be able to maintain all requisite licenses and permits. The failure to satisfy those and other regulatory requirements could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations. The adoption of additional laws, rules, and regulations could also have a material adverse effect on our business. Various foreign, federal, state, and local regulatory agencies, including the Occupational Safety and Health Administration ("OSHA"), the Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA"), and similar foreign, federal, state, and local agencies, have jurisdiction over the operation of our dealerships, repair facilities, and other operations with respect to matters such as consumer protection and privacy, workers' safety, and laws regarding protection of the environment, including air, water, and soil.

The EPA has various air emissions regulations for outboard marine engines that impose stricter emissions standards for two-cycle, gasoline outboard marine engines. The majority of the outboard marine engines we sell are manufactured by Mercury Marine. Mercury Marine's product line of low-emission engines, including the Verado, SeaPro, Pro XS, and other four-stroke outboards, have achieved the EPA's mandated 2006 emission levels. While we remain committed to supporting sustainable manufacturing and a sustainable environment for all boaters, any increased costs of producing engines resulting from the need to meet EPA standards, or the inability of our manufacturers to comply with EPA requirements, could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Certain of our facilities own and operate underground storage tanks ("USTs") and above ground storage tanks ("ASTs") for the storage of various petroleum products. The USTs and ASTs are generally subject to federal, state, and local laws and regulations that require testing and upgrading of tanks and remediation of contaminated soils and groundwater resulting from leaking tanks. In addition, if leakage from Company-owned or operated tanks migrates onto the property of others, we may be subject to civil liability to third

parties for remediation costs or other damages. Based on historical experience, we believe that our liabilities associated with tank testing, upgrades, and remediation are unlikely to have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or operating results.

As with boat dealerships generally, and parts and service operations in particular, our business involves the use, handling, storage, and contracting for recycling or disposal of hazardous or toxic substances or wastes, including environmentally sensitive materials, such as motor oil, waste motor oil and filters, transmission fluid, antifreeze, freon, waste paint and lacquer thinner, batteries, solvents, lubricants, degreasing agents, gasoline, and diesel fuels. Accordingly, we are subject to regulation by federal, state, and local authorities establishing requirements for the use, management, handling, and disposal of these materials and health and environmental quality standards, and liability related thereto, and providing penalties for violations of those standards. We are also subject to laws, ordinances, and regulations governing investigation and remediation of contamination at facilities we operate to which we send hazardous or toxic substances or wastes for treatment, recycling, or disposal.

We do not believe we have any material environmental liabilities or that compliance with environmental laws, ordinances, and regulations will, individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, or results of operations. However, soil and groundwater contamination has been known to exist at certain properties owned or leased by us. We have also been required and may in the future be required to remove USTs and ASTs containing hazardous substances or wastes. As to certain of our properties, specific releases of petroleum have been or are in the process of being remedied in accordance with state and federal guidelines. We are monitoring the soil and groundwater as required by applicable state and federal guidelines. In addition, the shareholders of certain of the acquired dealers have indemnified us (and such indemnification is continuing) for specific environmental issues identified on environmental site assessments performed by us as part of the acquisitions. We maintain insurance for pollutant cleanup and removal. The coverage pays for the expenses to extract pollutants from land or water at the insured property, if the discharge, dispersal, seepage, migration, release, or escape of the pollutants is caused by or results from a covered cause of loss. We also have additional storage tank liability insurance and Superfund (as defined below) coverage where applicable. In addition, certain of our retail locations are located on waterways that are subject to federal or state laws regulating navigable waters (including oil pollution prevention), fish and wildlife, and other matters.

Three of the properties we own were historically used as gasoline service stations. Remedial action with respect to prior historical site activities on these properties has been completed or is being completed in accordance with federal and state law. We do not believe that any of these environmental issues will result in any material liabilities to us.

Additionally, certain states have required or are considering requiring a license in order to operate a recreational boat. While such licensing requirements are not expected to be unduly restrictive, regulations may discourage potential first-time buyers, thereby limiting future sales, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Environmental Responsibility

We operate many retail locations near or on bodies of water that are acutely susceptible to the risks associated with climate change. Such risks include those related to the physical impacts of climate change, such as possibly more frequent and severe weather events, rising sea levels, and/or long-term shifts in climate patterns, and risks related to the transition to a lower-carbon economy, such as reputational, market and/or regulatory risks. Our commitment to environmental responsibility and initiatives to reduce our environmental footprint are outlined in our "Environmental Policy." Our Environmental Policy can be found on the Investor Relations section of our website at *www.MarineMax.com* under Governance Documents (for the avoidance of doubt, our Environmental Policy and other information contained on or accessible through our website is not incorporated into, and does not form a part of, this Annual Report or any other report or document we file with the SEC). Our Environmental Policy and associated climate related risks and opportunities are reviewed by our Board of Directors on an annual basis or more frequently as needed.

We have engaged in many efforts to mitigate and adapt to climate change. For example, we seek out, to the extent feasible, manufacturers committed to the highest levels of sustainability, environmental stewardship and low-emissions, as demonstrated by Mercury Marine. Mercury Marine's commitment to sustainability and successes are detailed in its yearly Sustainability Report (which, for the avoidance of doubt, is not incorporated into, and does not form a part of, this Annual Report or any other report or document we file with the SEC). Mercury Marine's recent accomplishments include winning the Wisconsin Business Friend of the Environment Award for Environmental Innovation in 2024 for its efforts in energy conservation and reduction in hazardous waste, carbon emissions and water consumption and, for the 14th consecutive year, the Wisconsin Sustainable Business Council awarded Mercury Marine a "Green Masters" designation, a program measuring a broad range of sustainability issues including energy and water conservation, waste management, community outreach, and education. Mercury Marine has improved energy efficiency by implementing energy-reducing projects, promoting best practices in energy management and employing new energy technologies, such as using the latest and most energy efficient HVAC systems, LED lighting, top-rated insulation, passive (natural) lighting, weather-stripping around windows and doors, double-door vestibules, automatic and timer-activated doors, and plans to build roof-mounted solar arrays where applicable.

Additionally, Azimut Yachts was awarded ISO 14001 certification, for its consistent and effective management system aimed at reducing the environmental impact of its operations. In addition, to maximize the eco-compatible standards of their yachts, Azimut Yachts adopted RINA (an organization specializing in classification, certification, testing, and inspection) principles to achieve RINA Green Plus notation. Azimut-Benetti Group and alternative fuels company Eni Sustainable Mobility signed an agreement for the supply and use of HVOlution, a biofuel derived from renewable raw materials, illustrating a tangible step forward on the course charted to reduce CO2 emissions. HVOlution is made of 100% hydrogenated vegetable oil and is produced at Eni Sustainable Mobility refineries in Venice and Gela, Italy from waste raw materials and vegetable residues or oils generated from crops that do not compete with food production. Also, MasterCraft's manufacturing facilities operate in alignment with the ISO 14001 Environmental Management Systems Standard, the ISO 9001 Quality Management Systems standard, and the OHSAS 18001 International Occupational Health and Safety Management System standard. MasterCraft's largest facility, the MasterCraft brand facility, is certified in all three standards. MasterCraft believes it is the only boat manufacturer to achieve all three of these prestigious ISO certifications across production and product development systems.

Further, as opportunities arise, we have made targeted investments to support new technology, innovations, and research in the marine industry to reduce emissions, provide environmental stewardship, and support a sustainable environment for all boaters. The Fraser Yachts Group was the first yacht company to sign the Pact for Energy Transition with the Monaco Government in 2020. The energy transition pact was created by the Monaco government to improve energy efficiency and promote renewable energy sources, with the target of reducing greenhouse gas emissions by allowing residents, workers, businesses, institutions and associations to contribute to the energy transition effort.

We take pride in maintaining our retail locations and marinas for the benefit of the local communities and boaters we serve. We strive to execute a proactive strategy related to environmental, health, and safety laws and regulations, and environmental stewardship, which includes investing significant resources in maintaining and developing our retail locations and marinas for the long term. Additionally, several of our marinas have been designated as Clean Marinas. The Clean Marina Program recognizes facilities engaging in environmental best practices and exceeding regulatory requirements in and around waterways.

Corporate Social Responsibility

Our commitment to social responsibility is outlined in our “Human Rights Policy.” Our Human Rights Policy can be found on the Investor Relations section of our website at www.MarineMax.com under Governance Documents (for the avoidance of doubt, our Human Rights Policy and other information contained on or accessible through our website is not incorporated into, and does not form a part of, this Annual Report or any other report or document we file with the SEC). Our Human Rights Policy is reviewed by our Board of Directors on an annual basis or more frequently as needed. We strive to conduct our business in an ethical and socially responsible way, and are sensitive to the needs of the environment, our customers, our stakeholders, our team members and our communities. Our ethical and social responsibility is guided by our MarineMax culture and values which are honesty, trust, loyalty, professionalism, consistency, always do what is right, treat others as we want to be treated, and always consider the long term. Our culture, values, and mission are shared and reinforced with our team members through daily stand up meetings, team events, and online communications. We pride ourselves on supporting our local communities both on and off the water. Our stores support their communities through multiple activities including “fill the boat” toy and school supply drives, working with local hospitals and non-profits, and participating in youth sports and civic organizations. One significant way in which our presence is felt within the local community is by providing our team members time to volunteer and assist with Habitat for Humanity housing projects in addition to making charitable donations to Habitat for Humanity. In addition, we support humanitarian aid to locations in the United States and other countries through organizations such as the Red Cross. We also partner with the American Cancer Society to support Breast Cancer Awareness Month and cancer screenings across all of our locations.

Product Liability

The products we sell or services we provide may expose us to potential liabilities for personal injury or property damage claims relating to the use of those products. Historically, the resolution of product liability claims has not materially affected our business. Manufacturers of the products we sell generally maintain product liability insurance. We also maintain third-party product liability insurance that we believe to be adequate. We may experience claims that are not covered by, or that are in excess of, our insurance coverage. The institution of any significant claims against us could subject us to damages, result in higher insurance costs, and harm our business reputation with potential customers.

Available Information

Our internet address is *www.MarineMax.com*. We make available, free of charge through our website, our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish it to, the SEC. For the avoidance of doubt, information contained on, or accessible through, our website is not incorporated into, and does not form a part of, this Form 10-K or any other report or document we file with the SEC.

Executive Officers

The following table sets forth information concerning each of our executive officers as of November 16, 2026:

Name	Age	Position
William Brett McGill	58	Chief Executive Officer, President and Director
Michael H. McLamb	61	Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Secretary
Anthony E. Cassella, Jr	57	Executive Vice President Finance and Chief Accounting Officer
Shawn Berg	56	Executive Vice President and Chief Digital Officer
Kyle G. Langbehn	52	Executive Vice President and President of Retail Operations
Manuel A. Alvare	50	General Counsel

William Brett McGill has served as Chief Executive Officer since October 2018, as President since October 2017, and as a Director since February 21, 2019. Mr. McGill served as President and Chief Operating Officer of MarineMax from October 2017 to October 2018. Mr. McGill served as Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer from October 2016 to October 2017, Executive Vice President Operations of the Company from October 2015 to September 2016, as Vice President of West Operations of the Company from May 2012 to September 2015, and was appointed as an executive officer by our Board of Directors in November 2012. Mr. McGill served as one of our Regional Presidents from March 2006 to May 2012, as Vice President of Information Technology, Service and Parts of the Company from October 2004 to March 2006, and as Director of Information Services from March 1998. Mr. McGill began his professional career with a software development firm, Integrated Dealer Systems, prior to joining MarineMax in 1996.

Michael H. McLamb has served as Executive Vice President of MarineMax since October 2002, as Chief Financial Officer since January 23, 1998, as Secretary since April 5, 1998, and as a Director from November 2003 to September 2025. Mr. McLamb served as Vice President and Treasurer of the Company from January 23, 1998 until October 22, 2002. Mr. McLamb, a certified public accountant, was employed by Arthur Andersen LLP from December 1987 to December 1997, serving most recently as a Senior Manager.

Anthony E. Cassella, Jr. has served as Executive Vice President Finance of MarineMax since February 2023, Vice President since February 2016, Chief Accounting Officer as appointed by our Board of Directors in October 2014, and Vice President of Accounting and Shared Services since February 2011. Mr. Cassella served as Director of Shared Services from October 2007 until February 2011 and Regional Controller from March 1999 until October 2007. Mr. Cassella was the Controller of Merit Marine which the Company acquired in March 1999. Mr. Cassella, a certified public accountant, worked in public accounting from June 1991 to February 1998, serving most recently as Manager.

Shawn Berg has served as Chief Digital Officer since April 2019 overseeing the Company's Technology, Marketing, and Digital Business operations. Mr. Berg was appointed as an executive officer of MarineMax by our Board of Directors in October 2022. Previously he served as Vice President of Technology after joining MarineMax in 2017. Mr. Berg has over 30 years of experience, including multiple officer-level positions, delivering strategic business growth to companies across the marine, auto, and retail industries. In addition, Mr. Berg has extensive experience in finance, insurance, distribution, servicing, and supply chain operations.

Kyle G. Langbehn has served as President of Retail Operations since July 2020, responsible for MarineMax's retail operations. Mr. Langbehn was appointed as an executive officer of MarineMax by our Board of Directors in October 2022. Previously he served as Vice President of Operations beginning in October of 2018. Mr. Langbehn has excelled in numerous positions of increasing responsibility including Sales Consultant, Sales Manager, General Sales Manager, General Manager, and Regional President since joining MarineMax in 2002.

Manuel A. Alvare has served as General Counsel since May 2024, after serving as the company's Vice President of Legal Affairs since October 2021. Mr. Alvare was appointed as an executive officer of MarineMax by our Board of Directors in May 2024. Mr. Alvare joined MarineMax as Corporate Counsel in 2018 after a distinguished career serving as in-house counsel for several Florida companies in a wide range of industries. During his tenure at MarineMax, he has overseen legal work related to the Company's acquisitions, brand expansions, domestic and international growth, and numerous other strategic initiatives.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Summary of Risk Factors

Risks Related to the Proposed Merger

- We may not complete the proposed Merger within the timeframe we anticipate or at all, which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial results and/or operations.
- Uncertainties associated with the Merger could adversely affect our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.
- We have incurred, and will continue to incur, direct and indirect costs as a result of the Merger.
- While the Merger Agreement is in effect, we are subject to restrictions on our business activities.
- The Merger Agreement contains provisions that limit our ability to pursue alternatives to the Merger and that could deter or discourage a competing acquirer from making a favorable alternative transaction proposal.
- Our directors and executive officers have interests in the Merger that may be different from, or in addition to, the interests of our other shareholders.
- If the Merger is completed, our shareholders will forgo the opportunity to benefit from potential future appreciation in the value of the Company.
- We and our directors and officers may be subject to lawsuits relating to the Merger.

Risks Related to Competition, Economic, and Industry Conditions

- Our success depends to a significant extent on the well-being, as well as the continued popularity and reputation for quality of the boating products, of our manufacturers, particularly Brunswick's Sea Ray and Boston Whaler boat lines, Azimut-Benetti Group's Azimut products and Mercury Marine engines. The failure to obtain a high quality and desirable mix of competitively priced products that our customers demand could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.
- Boat manufacturers exercise substantial control over our business.
- Our business, as well as the entire recreational boating industry, is highly seasonal, with seasonality varying in different geographic markets.
- The failure to receive rebates and other dealer incentives (interest assistance and co-op assistance) on inventory purchases or retail sales could substantially reduce our margins.
- Other recreational activities, poor industry perception, and potential health risks from environmental conditions can adversely affect the levels of boat purchases.
- We face intense competition.
- Timing of large boat and yacht sales and failure to adequately anticipate consumer preference and demand may have an adverse impact on our business.
- Economic conditions and consumer spending patterns can have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.
- Our sales have been, and may further be, adversely impacted by recent increases in interest rates and adverse changes in fiscal policy or credit market conditions.
- Inflation could adversely affect our financial results.
- Changes in accounting standards could significantly affect our results of operations and the presentation of those results.

Risks Related to Our Strategies

- Failure to implement strategies to enhance our performance or our strategies could have a material adverse effect on our business and financial condition.
- Our success depends, in part, on our ability to continue to make successful acquisitions at attractive or fair prices and to integrate the operations of acquired dealers and each dealer we acquire in the future.
- We may pursue acquisition strategies in new lines of business.
- Unforeseen expenses, difficulties, and delays frequently encountered in connection with expansion through acquisitions could inhibit our growth and negatively impact our profitability.
- We may be required to obtain the consent of Brunswick and various other manufacturers prior to the acquisition of other dealers.
- Our internal growth and operating strategies of opening new locations and offering new products involve risk.
- In addition to our traditional repeat and referral business in our physical locations, digital channels are increasingly significant in serving our existing customer base and reaching new customers. Our continued expansion and success will be negatively impacted if we are not able to fully exploit these channels.
- Various operations in multiple countries around the world expose us to international political, economic, foreign currency, and other risks, including potential heightened impacts from recent tariff actions by the United States and other countries.

- The Ukraine and Middle East conflicts could have a significant adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition, and cash flow in the future.

Risks Related to Our Operations

- The availability and costs of borrowed funds can adversely affect our ability to obtain adequate boat inventory and the ability and willingness of our customers to finance boat purchases.
- Higher energy, costs and availability of raw materials, parts, components, and fuel costs along with adequate supply may adversely affect our business.
- Substantially all of our products are powered with outboard engines from Mercury Marine, Yamaha, and inboard engines from Volvo, which makes us reliant on these companies for the supply of engines.
- The availability of boat insurance is critical to our success.
- Elements of our yacht charter and charter brokerage businesses expose us to certain risks.
- We depend on income from financing, insurance and extended service contracts.
- Our continued success is dependent on positive perceptions of our MarineMax brand which, if impaired, could adversely affect our sales.
- Our operations are dependent upon key personnel and team members.
- The products we sell, or services we provide, may expose us to potential liabilities for personal injury or property damage claims relating to the use of those products.
- We manufacture and sell products that create exposure to potential claims and litigation.
- We have a fixed cost base that can affect our profitability if demand decreases.
- Adverse federal tax, state tax, or governmental regulations and policies can have a negative effect on us.
- Marinas may not be readily adaptable to other uses.
- We may be unable to obtain, renew or maintain permits, licenses and approvals necessary for the operation of our marinas.
- An impairment in the carrying value of long-lived assets and goodwill could negatively impact our financial results and net worth.

Risks Related to the Environment and Geography

- Weather and environmental conditions may adversely impact our business.
- Environmental and climate changes could affect our business.
- A significant amount of our boat sales are from the State of Florida.
- Environmental and other regulatory issues may impact our operations.

Risks Related to Cybersecurity

- Increased cybersecurity requirements, use of artificial intelligence, cybersecurity threats and more sophisticated and targeted computer crime could pose a risk to our systems, networks, data and our third-party service providers. Our business operations could be negatively impacted by an outage or breach of our informational technology systems or a cybersecurity event.

Risks Related to Our Common Stock

- The timing and amount of our share repurchases are subject to a number of uncertainties.
- We do not pay cash dividends.

Risks Related to the Proposed Merger

We may not complete the proposed Merger within the timeframe we anticipate or at all, which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial results and/or operations.

The waiting period under the HSR Act applicable to the Merger expired at 11:59pm on October 30, 2026. Completion of the Merger remains subject to a number of closing conditions, including (i) the absence of any law or judgment by any governmental authority of competent jurisdiction that enjoins, restrains or otherwise makes illegal, prevents or prohibits consummation of the Merger; and (ii) other customary closing conditions, including (a) each party's representations and warranties being true and correct, subject to certain customary qualifications and (b) each party's compliance with or performance of, in all material respects, its obligations under the Merger Agreement. We can provide no assurance that the remaining closing conditions will be satisfied (or waived, if applicable) or as to the timing of the completion of the Merger. Many of the conditions to completion of the Merger are not within our control, and we cannot predict when or if these conditions will be satisfied (or waived, if applicable). Any adverse consequence of the pending Merger could be exacerbated by any delays in completion of the Merger or termination of the Merger Agreement.

If the Merger is not completed within the expected timeframe, or at all, our ongoing business may be materially adversely affected, and we would be subject to a number of risks, including, but not limited to:

- we may experience negative reactions from the financial markets, including negative impacts on our stock price, particularly to the extent that the current market price of our common stock reflects an assumption that the Merger will be completed, and it is uncertain when, if ever, the price of our shares would return to the prices at which our shares currently trade;
- we may experience negative publicity, which could have an adverse effect on our ongoing operations including, but not limited to, retaining and attracting employees, customers, partners, suppliers and others with whom we do business;
- investor confidence in us could decline; and
- we may be required to pay a cash termination fee of $31,650,000 to Parent, as required under the Merger Agreement under certain circumstances.

If the Merger is not completed, our shareholders will not receive any payment for their shares of our common stock in connection with the Merger. Instead, we will remain a public company, our common stock will continue to be listed and traded on the NYSE and registered under the Exchange Act and we will be required to continue to file periodic reports with the SEC. In addition, if the Merger Agreement is terminated and we determine to seek another business combination, we may not be able to negotiate a transaction with another party on terms comparable to, or better than, the terms of the Merger Agreement.

Uncertainties associated with the Merger could adversely affect our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

The announcement and pendency of the Merger, as well as any delays in the expected timeframe for completing the Merger, could cause disruption in our business and create uncertainties, which could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition, regardless of whether the Merger is completed. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to:

- the possibility that our relationships with third parties, including our customers, suppliers and original equipment manufacturers, could be adversely affected, including if those third parties attempt to negotiate changes in existing business relationships, consider entering into business relationships with parties other than us, delay or defer decisions concerning their business with us, or terminate their existing business relationships with us during the pendency of the Merger;
- uncertainties caused by any negative sentiment in the marketplace with respect to the Merger, which could adversely impact investor confidence in the Company;
- a diversion of a significant amount of management time and resources toward the completion of the Merger;
- a distraction of our current employees as a result of the Merger, which could result in a decline in their productivity or cause distractions in the workplace;
- being subject to certain restrictions on the conduct of our business;
- possibly forgoing certain business opportunities that we might otherwise pursue absent the pending Merger;
- difficulties in attracting and retaining key employees due to uncertainties related to the Merger;
- the impact of costs related to completion of the Merger; and
- other developments beyond our control, including, but not limited to, changes in domestic or global economic conditions that may affect the timing or success of the Merger.

The adverse effects of the pendency of the Merger could be exacerbated by any delays in completion of the Merger or termination of the Merger Agreement. As a result, there can be no assurance that our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition will not be adversely affected, as compared to prior to the announcement of the Merger Agreement.

We have incurred, and will continue to incur, direct and indirect costs as a result of the Merger.

We have incurred, and will continue to incur, costs and expenses, including fees for professional services and other transaction costs in connection with the Merger, for which we will have received little or no benefit if the Merger is not completed. There are a number of factors beyond our control that could affect the total amount or the timing of these costs and expenses. Many of these fees and costs will be payable by us even if the Merger is not completed and may relate to activities that we would not have undertaken other than to complete the Merger.

While the Merger Agreement is in effect, we are subject to restrictions on our business activities.

Pending consummation of the Merger, the Merger Agreement generally requires us to use commercially reasonable efforts to (i) carry on our business in all material respects in the ordinary course of business; (ii) preserve intact our and each of our subsidiaries'

current business organizations, assets, properties, material contracts and commercial relationships; (iii) keep available the services of our current officers and key employees and (iv) preserve the goodwill of our customers, suppliers and other persons with whom we have material business dealings, subject to certain exceptions, including as required by applicable law, and subjects us to customary interim operating covenants that restrict us from taking certain specified actions until the Merger is completed or the Merger Agreement is terminated in accordance with its terms. These restrictions could prevent us from pursuing certain business opportunities that may arise prior to the consummation of the Merger and may affect our ability to execute our business strategies and attain financial and other goals and may impact our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

The Merger Agreement contains provisions that limit our ability to pursue alternatives to the Merger and that could deter or discourage a competing acquirer from making a favorable alternative transaction proposal.

Under the Merger Agreement, we are not permitted, subject to certain exceptions set forth in the Merger Agreement, to initiate, solicit, propose, knowingly induce the making, submission or announcement of, or knowingly encourage, facilitate or assist, any inquiries or requests for information with respect to, the making of any inquiry regarding, or any proposal or offer that constitutes or that would reasonably be expected to lead to, a Takeover Proposal (as defined in the Merger Agreement) or to engage in, continue or otherwise participate in any negotiations or discussions concerning, or provide access to our business, assets, personnel, properties, books and records or any confidential information or data relating to us to any person, in each case, with the intent to induce the making, submission or announcement of, or to knowingly encourage or facilitate, any proposal or offer that constitutes or that would reasonably be expected to lead to any Takeover Proposal. In addition, upon the termination of the Merger Agreement under specified circumstances, including, among others, the termination by the Parent in the event of an Adverse Recommendation Change (as defined in the Merger Agreement) by our Board of Directors (if at the time of termination neither Parent nor Merger Sub is then in material breach of its representations, warranties, covenants or agreements under the Merger Agreement), we would be required to pay Parent a termination fee of $31,650,000. Such provisions of the Merger Agreement could discourage or deter a third party from making a favorable alternative transaction proposal.

Our directors and executive officers have interests in the Merger that may be different from, or in addition to, the interests of our other shareholders.

Our directors and executive officers have interests in the Merger that may be different from, or in addition to, the interests of our other shareholders. These interests include:

- the accelerated vesting of certain equity-based awards held by the executive officers of MarineMax and members of our Board of Directors as of the Effective Time and the cancellation of such awards in exchange for upfront cash payments;
- the conversion of any equity-based awards granted to executive officers of MarineMax on or after the date of the Merger Agreement but prior to the Effective Time into cash long-term incentive awards with the same vesting and payment terms as such equity-based awards, subject to accelerated vesting in the event of certain qualifying terminations of employment;
- the right, in the case of the executive officers of MarineMax, to receive certain severance payments and benefits under the executive officer's individual employment or key executive retention agreements with MarineMax in the event of a qualifying termination of employment; and
- the continued indemnification and directors' and officers' liability insurance to be provided by the surviving corporation.

If the Merger is completed, our shareholders will forgo the opportunity to benefit from potential future appreciation in the value of the Company.

The amount of cash per outstanding share of our common stock to be paid under the Merger Agreement is fixed and will not be adjusted for changes in our business, assets, liabilities, prospects, outlook, financial condition or operating results or in the event of any change in the market price of, analyst estimates of, or projections relating to, our common stock. If the Merger is consummated, our shareholders will no longer hold interests in the Company and, therefore, will not be entitled to benefit from any potential future appreciation in the value of the Company.

We and our directors and officers may be subject to lawsuits relating to the Merger.

Litigation is common in connection with the sale of public companies, challenging the Merger or making other claims in connection therewith, regardless of whether the claims have any merit. We have received demand letters from purported shareholders alleging that the Proxy Statement omitted material information and demanding supplemental disclosures and certain other purported shareholders have also filed litigation in New York State Court against us and our directors with respect to the purported omission of material information from the Proxy Statement and seeking to enjoin or rescind the Merger. We disagree with the allegations asserted in these shareholder demands and lawsuits. It is possible that additional lawsuits will be filed that make similar allegations or seek similar relief. One of the conditions to consummating the Merger is that no law or judgment (whether temporary, preliminary or

permanent) enacted, promulgated, issued, entered, amended or enforced by any governmental authority of competent jurisdiction will be in effect having the effect of enjoining, restraining or otherwise making illegal, preventing or prohibiting the consummation of the Merger. Consequently, if any such lawsuit challenging the Merger is successful in obtaining an order preventing the consummation of the Merger, that order may delay or prevent the Merger from being completed. While we will evaluate and defend against any lawsuits, the time and costs of defending against litigation, including the costs associated with the indemnification of directors and officers and other liabilities that may be incurred in connection with lawsuits and other negative effects, such as diversion of resources from the Merger and ongoing business activities, negative publicity or damage to our relationships with business partners, suppliers and customers, could adversely affect our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

Risks Related to Competition, Economic, and Industry Conditions

Our success depends to a significant extent on the well-being, as well as the continued popularity and reputation for quality of the boating products, of our manufacturers, particularly Brunswick's Sea Ray and Boston Whaler boat lines, Azimut-Benetti Group's Azimut products and Mercury Marine engines. The failure to obtain a high quality and desirable mix of competitively priced products that our customers demand could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Approximately 20% of our revenue in fiscal 2026 resulted from sales of new boats manufactured by Brunswick, including approximately 9% from Brunswick's Sea Ray division, 10% from Brunswick's Boston Whaler division, and approximately 1% from Brunswick's other divisions. Additionally, approximately 6% of our revenue in fiscal 2026 resulted from sales of new boats manufactured by Azimut-Benetti Group. The remainder of our fiscal 2026 revenue from new boat sales resulted from sales of products from a limited number of other manufacturers, none of which accounted for more than 10% of our revenue.

We depend on our manufacturers to provide us with products that compare favorably with competing products in terms of quality, performance, safety, and advanced features, including the latest advances in propulsion and navigation systems. Any adverse change in the production efficiency, product development efforts, technological advancement, expansion of manufacturing footprint, supply chain and third-party suppliers, marketplace acceptance, marketing capabilities, ability to secure adequate access to capital, and financial condition of our manufacturers, particularly Brunswick (including Mercury Marine, a division of Brunswick) and Azimut-Benetti Group, given our reliance on Sea Ray, Boston Whaler, Mercury Marine engines, and Azimut, would have a substantial adverse impact on our business. Any difficulties encountered by any of our manufacturers, particularly Brunswick and Azimut-Benetti Group, resulting from economic, financial, supply chain, or other factors could adversely affect the quality and amount of products that they are able to supply to us and the services and support they provide to us.

Any interruption or discontinuance of the operations of Brunswick, Azimut-Benetti Group or other manufacturers could cause us to experience shortfalls, disruptions or delays with respect to needed inventory. Although we believe in our brand, our product diversification and that adequate alternate sources would be available that could replace any manufacturer other than Brunswick and Azimut-Benetti Group as a product source, those alternate sources may not be available at the time of any interruption, and alternative products may not be available at comparable quality and price.

Boat manufacturers exercise substantial control over our business.

We depend on our dealer agreements. We have dealer agreements with Brunswick covering Sea Ray and Boston Whaler products. Most of our retail locations have a multi-year dealer agreement which provides for the lowest product prices charged by the Sea Ray division of Brunswick or Boston Whaler, as applicable, from time to time to other domestic Sea Ray or Boston Whaler dealers, as applicable. These terms are subject to:

- the dealer meeting all the requirements and conditions of the manufacturer's applicable programs; and
- the right of Brunswick in good faith to charge lesser prices to other dealers
    - to meet existing competitive circumstances;
    - for unusual and non-ordinary business circumstances; or
    - for limited duration promotional programs.

Each dealer agreement designates a specific geographical territory for the dealer, which is exclusive to the dealer provided that the dealer is able to meet the material obligations of its dealer agreement.

We are the exclusive dealer for Azimut-Benetti Group's Azimut product line for the United States. The Azimut dealer agreement provides a geographic territory to promote the product line and to network with the appropriate clientele through various independent locations designated for Azimut retail sales. Our dealer agreement is a multi-year term but requires us to be in compliance with its terms and conditions.

As is typical in the industry, we generally deal with manufacturers, other than Sea Ray, Boston Whaler, and Azimut, under renewable annual dealer agreements. These agreements do not contain any contractual provisions concerning product pricing or required purchasing levels. Pricing is generally established on a model year basis, but is subject to change in the manufacturer's sole discretion. Any change or termination of these arrangements for any reason could adversely affect product availability and cost and our financial performance.

Through these dealer agreements, boat manufacturers (particularly Brunswick and Azimut) exercise significant control over their dealers, restricting them to specified locations, and retaining approval rights over changes in management and ownership, among other things. Failure to meet the customer satisfaction, market share goals, and other conditions set forth in any dealer agreement could have various consequences, including the following:

- the termination of the dealer agreement;
- the imposition of additional conditions in subsequent dealer agreements;
- limitations on boat inventory allocations;
- reductions in reimbursement rates for warranty work performed by the dealer;
- loss of certain manufacturer to dealer incentives;
- denial of approval of future acquisitions; or
- the loss of exclusive rights to sell in the geographic territory.

These events could have a material adverse effect on our competitive position and financial performance.

Our business, as well as the entire recreational boating industry, is highly seasonal, with seasonality varying in different geographic markets.

Over the three-year period ended September 30, 2026, the average revenue for the quarterly periods ended December 31, March 31, June 30 and September 30 represented approximately 22%, 25%, 29%, and 24%, respectively, of our average annual revenue. With the exception of Florida, we generally realize significantly lower sales and higher levels of inventories and related short-term borrowings in the quarterly periods ending December 31 and March 31. The onset of the public boat and recreation shows in January typically stimulates boat sales and allows us to reduce our inventory levels and related short-term borrowings throughout the remainder of the fiscal year. Our business could become substantially more seasonal if we acquire dealers that operate in colder regions of the United States, which are generally closed or experience lower volume in the winter months.

The failure to receive rebates and other dealer incentives (interest assistance and co-op assistance) on inventory purchases or retail sales could substantially reduce our margins.

We rely on manufacturers' programs that provide incentives for dealers to purchase and sell particular boat makes and models or for consumers to buy particular boat makes or models. Any eliminations, reductions, limitations, delayed payments, or other changes relating to rebate or incentive programs that have the effect of reducing the benefits we receive, whether relating to the ability of manufacturers to pay or our ability to qualify for such incentive programs, could increase the effective cost of our boat purchases, reduce our margins and competitive position, and have a material adverse effect on our financial performance.

Other recreational activities, poor industry perception, and potential health risks from environmental conditions can adversely affect the levels of boat purchases.

Demand for our products can be adversely affected by competition from other activities that occupy consumers' time, including other forms of recreation as well as religious, cultural and community activities. In addition, real or perceived health risks from engaging in outdoor activities and local environmental conditions in the areas in which we operate dealerships could adversely affect the levels of boat purchases. Further, as a seller of high-end consumer products, we must compete for discretionary spending with a wide variety of other recreational activities and consumer purchases. In addition, perceived hassles of boat ownership and customer service and lack of customer education throughout the retail boat industry, which has traditionally been perceived to be relatively poor, represent impediments to boat purchases.

We face intense competition.

We operate in a highly competitive environment. In addition to facing competition generally from recreation businesses seeking to attract consumers' leisure time and discretionary spending dollars, the recreational boat industry itself is highly fragmented, resulting

in intense competition for customers, quality products, boat show space, and suitable retail locations. We rely to a certain extent on boat shows to generate sales.

We compete primarily with single-location boat dealers and, with respect to sales of marine parts, accessories, and equipment, with national specialty marine parts and accessories stores, online catalog retailers, sporting goods stores, and mass merchants. Competition among boat dealers is based on the quality of available products, the price and value of the products, and attention to customer service. There is significant competition both within markets we currently serve and in new markets that we may enter. We compete in each of our markets with retailers of brands of boats and engines we do not sell in that market. In addition, several of our competitors, especially those selling marine equipment and accessories, are large national or regional chains that have substantial financial, marketing and other resources. Private sales of used boats represent an additional source of competition.

Due to various matters, including environmental concerns, permitting and zoning requirements, and competition for waterfront real estate, some markets in the United States have experienced an increased waiting list for marina and storage availability. In general, the markets in which we currently operate are not experiencing any unusual difficulties. However, marine retail activity could be adversely affected in markets that do not have sufficient marine and storage availability to satisfy demand.

Timing of large boat and yacht sales and failure to adequately anticipate consumer preference and demand may have an adverse impact on our business.

Forecasting optimal inventory levels is difficult to predict based on, among other things, changes in economic conditions, consumer preferences, delivery of new models from manufacturers, and timing of large boat and yacht sales. Failure to adequately anticipate consumer demand and preferences could negatively impact our inventory management strategies, inventory carrying costs, and our operating margins.

Economic conditions and consumer spending patterns can have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

General economic conditions and consumer spending patterns can negatively impact our operating results. Unfavorable local, regional, national, or global economic developments or uncertainties regarding future economic prospects could reduce consumer spending in the markets we serve and adversely affect our business. Economic conditions in areas in which we operate dealerships, such as corporate downsizing, military base closings, and inclement weather such as hurricanes or other storms, environmental conditions, and specific events, such as the BP oil spill in the Gulf of Mexico in 2010, or Hurricanes Helene and Milton in 2024, also could adversely affect, and in certain instances have adversely affected, our operations in certain markets.

In an economic downturn, consumer discretionary spending levels generally decline, at times resulting in disproportionately large reductions in the sale of luxury goods. Consumer spending on luxury goods also may decline as a result of lower consumer confidence levels, even if prevailing economic conditions are favorable. As a result, an economic downturn could impact us more than certain of our competitors due to our strategic focus on a higher end of our market.

Unfavorable economic conditions can cause us to reduce our acquisition program, delay new store openings, reduce our inventory purchases, engage in inventory reduction efforts, close a number of our retail locations, reduce our headcount, and amend and replace our credit facility, and could also interfere with our supply of certain brands by manufacturers, reduce marketing and other support by manufacturers, decrease revenue, put additional pressures on margins, and result in our failure to satisfy covenants under our credit agreement.

More recently, inflation has increased in the United States and throughout the world although it has slowly decreased since its peak in 2022. High inflation has affected the prices manufacturers charge us, as well as the prices that we charge our customers. To the extent such inflation continues, increases, or both, it may reduce our margins and have a material adverse effect on our financial performance. In addition, a prolonged government shutdown may cause delays in U.S. customs and imports of our products and could generally have an adverse impact on the economy.

Our sales have been, and may further be, adversely impacted by recent increases in interest rates and adverse changes in fiscal policy or credit market conditions.

Fiscal and monetary policy have had a material adverse impact on worldwide economic conditions, the financial markets, and availability of credit and, consequently, have negatively affected, and may further negatively affect, our industries, businesses, and overall financial condition. Changes by the Federal Reserve to raise its benchmark interest rate beginning in 2022 have resulted in significantly higher long-term interest rates, which has negatively impacted, and may further negatively impact, our customers' willingness or desire to purchase our products. The Federal Reserve reduced its benchmark interest rate in September 2025, October 2025 and December 2025, then raised the rate in September 2026. The future path of interest rates is uncertain. While credit availability is currently adequate to support demand, if credit conditions worsen and adversely affect the ability of customers to finance potential purchases at acceptable terms and interest rates, it could result in a decrease in sales and materially impact our financial condition and results of operations.

Inflation could adversely affect our financial results.

The market prices of certain materials and components used by us and our suppliers in manufacturing our products can be volatile. Significant increases in inflation, particularly those related to wages and increases in the cost of raw materials, may have an adverse impact on the business, financial condition, and results of operations of us or our suppliers, and our suppliers may in turn pass such increases along to us by raising the cost of our inventories. In addition, new boat buyers often finance their purchases. Inflation, along with a rise in interest rates, could translate into an increased cost of boat ownership. Although inflation has decreased since its peak in 2022, if inflation continues to occur and if the Federal Reserve fails to cut interest rates further or raises interest rates again, prospective consumers may choose to forego or delay their purchases or buy a less expensive boat in the event credit is not available to finance their boat purchases.

Changes in accounting standards could significantly affect our results of operations and the presentation of those results.

The Financial Accounting Standards Board, the SEC, or other accounting organizations or governmental entities frequently issue new pronouncements or new interpretations of existing accounting standards. Changes in accounting standards, how the accounting standards are interpreted, or the adoption of new accounting standards can have a significant effect on our reported results, and could even retroactively affect previously reported transactions, and may require that we make significant changes to our systems, processes and controls. Changes resulting from these new standards may result in materially different financial results and may require that we change how we process, analyze and report financial information and that we change financial reporting controls. Such changes in accounting standards may have an adverse effect on our business, financial position, and income, which may negatively impact our financial results.

Risks Related to Our Strategies

Failure to implement strategies to enhance our performance or our strategies could have a material adverse effect on our business and financial condition.

We are increasing our efforts to grow our financing and insurance, parts and accessories, service, yacht charter, brokerage, and boat storage businesses to better serve our customers and thereby increase revenue and improve profitability as a result of these higher margin businesses. In addition, we have implemented programs to increase the lead capture and digital sales of used boats, parts, accessories, and a wide range of boating supplies and products. These efforts and programs are designed to increase our revenue and reduce our dependence on the sale of new boats. We are also pursuing certain acquisitions as discussed in the immediately following Risk Factors. These business initiatives have required, and will continue to require, us to add personnel, invest capital, enter businesses in which we do not have extensive experience, and encounter substantial competition. As a result, our strategies to enhance our performance may not be successful and we may increase our expenses or write off such investments if not successful.

Our success depends, in part, on our ability to continue to make successful acquisitions at attractive or fair prices and to integrate the operations of acquired dealers and each dealer we acquire in the future.

Since March 1, 1998, we have acquired 37 additional previously independent recreational boat dealers, multiple marinas, five boat brokerage operations, six superyacht service companies, two full-service yacht repair operations, and three boat and yacht manufacturers. Each acquired dealer and entity operated independently prior to its acquisition by us. Our success depends, in part, on our ability to continue to make successful acquisitions at attractive or fair prices that align with our culture and focus on customer service and to integrate the operations of acquired dealers, including centralizing certain functions to achieve cost savings and pursuing programs and processes that promote cooperation and the sharing of opportunities and resources among our dealerships. We may not be able to oversee the combined entity efficiently, realize anticipated synergies, or implement effectively our growth and operating strategies. To the extent that we successfully pursue our acquisition strategy, our resulting growth will place significant additional demands on our management and infrastructure. Our failure to pursue successfully our acquisition strategies or operate effectively the combined entity could have a material adverse effect on our rate of growth and operating performance.

We may pursue acquisition strategies in new lines of business.

We have historically pursued strategic acquisitions to capitalize upon the consolidation opportunities in the highly fragmented recreational boat dealer industry by acquiring additional dealers and related operations and improving their performance and profitability through the implementation of our operating strategies. We have also recently pursued, and may continue to pursue, potential contract manufacturing, vertical integration strategies, yacht charter and brokerage, marinas, boat storage, or other acquisitions as opportunities arise. To the extent we are successful in pursuing one or more of these strategies, we will face certain risks in addition to those that exist with acquisitions more closely related to our historical business, including potential inexperience in a line of business that is either new to us or that has become materially more significant to us as a result of a transaction, the potential difficulty of presenting a unified corporate image, greater uncertainties in the financial benefits and potential liabilities associated with this expanded base of acquisitions, different types of legal and operational risks, and different types of applicable financial metrics and goals. Our failure to pursue successfully our acquisition strategies in new lines of business, operate effectively the combined entity, and/or mitigate any potential new risks, could have a material adverse effect on our rate of growth and operating performance.

Unforeseen expenses, difficulties, and delays frequently encountered in connection with expansion through acquisitions could inhibit our growth and negatively impact our profitability.

The acquisition of additional recreational boat dealers, boat storage facilities, yacht brokerage operations, and marinas, which is one of our growth strategies, and vertical integration strategies, all involve significant risks. This strategy entails reviewing and potentially reorganizing acquired business operations, corporate infrastructure and systems, and financial controls. Unforeseen expenses, difficulties and delays frequently encountered in connection with expansion through acquisitions could inhibit our growth and negatively impact our profitability. We may be unable to identify suitable acquisition candidates or to complete the acquisitions of candidates that we identify. Increased competition for acquisition candidates or increased asking prices by acquisition candidates may increase purchase prices for acquisitions to levels beyond our financial capability or to levels that would not result in expected returns required by our acquisition criteria to be in the best interest of shareholders. Acquisitions also may become more difficult or less attractive in the future as we acquire more of the most attractive dealers that best align with our culture and focus on customer service. In addition, we may encounter difficulties in integrating the operations of acquired dealers with our own operations, difficulties in retaining employees, potential risks of losing customers, suppliers, or other business relationships, and difficulties in managing acquired dealers profitably without substantial costs, delays, or other operational or financial problems.

Our ability to continue to grow through acquisitions depends upon various factors, including the following:

- the availability of suitable acquisition candidates at attractive purchase prices;
- the ability to compete effectively for available acquisition opportunities;
- the availability of cash on hand, borrowed funds or stock with a sufficient value to complete the acquisitions;
- the ability to obtain any requisite manufacturer or governmental approvals;
- the ability to obtain approval of our lenders under our current credit agreement; and
- the absence of one or more manufacturers attempting to impose unsatisfactory restrictions on us in connection with their approval of acquisitions.

If we finance future acquisitions in whole or in part through the issuance of common stock or securities convertible into or exercisable for common stock, existing shareholders will experience dilution in the voting power of their common stock and earnings per share could be negatively impacted. Any borrowings made to finance future acquisitions or for operations could make us more vulnerable to a downturn in our operating results, a downturn in economic conditions, or increases in interest rates on borrowings that are subject to interest rate fluctuations.

We may be required to obtain the consent of Brunswick and various other manufacturers prior to the acquisition of other dealers.

In determining whether to approve acquisitions, manufacturers may consider many factors, including our financial condition and ownership structure. Manufacturers also may impose conditions on granting their approvals for acquisitions, including a limitation on the number of their dealers that we may acquire. Our ability to meet manufacturers' requirements for approving future acquisitions will have a direct bearing on our ability to complete acquisitions and affect our growth strategy. There can be no assurance that a manufacturer will not terminate its dealer agreement, refuse to renew its dealer agreement, refuse to approve future acquisitions, or take other action that could have a material adverse effect on our acquisition program.

Our internal growth and operating strategies of opening new locations and offering new products involve risk.

In addition to pursuing growth by acquiring boat dealers, we intend to continue to pursue a strategy of growth through opening new retail locations and offering new products in our existing and new territories. This strategy may entail obtaining additional distribution rights from our existing and new manufacturers. We may not be able to secure additional distribution rights or obtain suitable alternative sources of supply if we are unable to obtain such distribution rights. The inability to expand our product lines and geographic scope by obtaining additional distribution rights could have a material adverse effect on the growth and profitability of our business.

Accomplishing these goals for expansion will depend upon a number of factors, including the following:

- our ability to identify new markets in which we can obtain distribution rights to sell our existing or additional product lines;
- our ability to lease or construct suitable facilities at a reasonable cost in existing or new markets;
- our ability to hire, train, and retain qualified personnel;
- the timely and effective integration of new retail locations into existing operations;
- our ability to achieve adequate market penetration at favorable operating margins without the acquisition of existing dealers; and
- our financial resources.

Our dealer agreements with Brunswick require Brunswick's consent to open, close, or change retail locations that sell Sea Ray or Boston Whaler products, as applicable, and other dealer agreements generally contain similar provisions. We may not be able to open and operate new retail locations or introduce new product lines on a timely or profitable basis. Moreover, the costs associated with opening new retail locations or introducing new product lines may adversely affect our profitability.

In addition to our traditional repeat and referral business in our physical locations, digital channels are increasingly significant in serving our existing customer base and reaching new customers. Our continued expansion and success will be negatively impacted if we are not able to fully exploit these channels.

Our digital channels are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that are beyond our control, including the following:

- changes in technology;
- cybersecurity risk;
- changes in consumer willingness to conduct business electronically, including increasing concerns with consumer privacy and risk and changing laws, rules, and regulations, such as the imposition of or increase in taxes;
- technology or security impediments that may inhibit our ability to electronically market our products and services;
- changes in applicable international, federal, state and commercial regulation;
- failure of our service providers, suppliers or service partners to perform their services properly and in a timely and efficient manner;
- failure to adequately respond to customers, process orders or deliver services;
- our failure to assess and evaluate our digital product and service offerings to ensure that our products and services are desired by boating enthusiasts; and
- the potential exposure to liability with respect to third-party information, including but not limited to copyright, trademark infringement, or other wrongful acts of third parties; false or erroneous information provided by third parties; or illegal activities by third parties, such as the sale of stolen boats or other goods.

Further, we may also be vulnerable to competitive pressures from the growing electronic commerce activity in our market, both as they may impact our own on-line business, and as they may impact the operating results and investment values of our existing physical locations.

Various operations in multiple countries around the world expose us to international political, economic, foreign currency, and other risks, including potential heightened impacts from recent tariff actions by the United States and other countries.

Our operations involve certain international activities, including our sales of yachts produced by the Azimut-Benetti Group in Italy, boats produced by Saxdor and yachts produced by Galeon in Poland, yachts produced by Ocean Alexander in Taiwan, yacht tenders produced by Williams Jet Tenders in the United Kingdom, and power catamarans produced by Sino Eagle in China, as well as

our Fraser Yachts Group and Northrop & Johnson operations in various countries. These activities in multiple countries around the world expose us to international political, economic, foreign currency, and other risks. Some of our sales and purchases of inventory are denominated in a currency other than the U.S. dollar. Consequently, a strong or weak U.S. dollar may adversely affect reported revenues and our profitability. We may hedge certain foreign currency exposures to lessen and delay, but not to completely eliminate, the effects of foreign currency fluctuations on our financial results. Our future financial results could be affected by the value of the U.S. dollar in relation to the foreign currencies in which we conduct business.

Furthermore, the geopolitical and economic uncertainty and/or instability that may result from changes in the relationship among the United States, Taiwan and China, as well as other countries may, directly or indirectly, materially harm our business, financial condition and financial performance. For example, certain of our suppliers are dependent on products sourced from Taiwan. Greater restrictions and/or disruptions of our suppliers' ability to operate facilities and/or do business in and with Taiwan may increase the cost of certain materials and/or limit the supply of products sourced from Taiwan. This may result in deterioration of our profit margins, a potential need to increase our pricing and, in so doing, may decrease demand for our products and thereby adversely impact our financial performance.

The current U.S. administration has introduced significant tariff actions on imports from a broad set of countries, including Canada, Mexico, European Union member states, Japan and China. In response to these tariffs, other countries have limited their trade with the United States and have retaliated through their own restrictions and/or increased tariffs, among other actions. These tariffs may adversely affect our ability to import yachts and other products from our foreign suppliers under economically favorable terms and conditions and may require us to increase our prices which would likely decrease demand and gross margins for our products. In addition, many economists and other market experts have indicated an increased likelihood of global recession as a result of the potential disruption to international trade. An economic downturn may disproportionately affect the sale of luxury goods as a result of decreased consumer spending, which could impact our sales and operations more than our competitors given our focus on the higher end of our market.

Additional changes to United States and foreign trade and tax policies, including heightened import restrictions, import and export licenses, new tariffs, trade embargoes, government sanctions, and trade barriers may occur in the future, which could prevent or make it difficult or more costly for us to import yachts from foreign suppliers under economically favorable terms and conditions. Many of these challenges, particularly tariffs, are present in commerce with China, a market from which we purchase products. While such tariffs may be delayed or cancelled in the near future, and we believe we have taken or are taking steps to mitigate their potential effects, such tariffs would likely increase our costs for our Chinese suppliers.

Our international operations create a number of logistical and communications challenges. The economic, political and other risks we face resulting from these operations include the following:

- compliance with U.S. and local laws and regulatory requirements, including labor, tax, and environmental, health and safety, as well as changes in those laws and requirements;
- transportation delays or interruptions and other effects of less developed infrastructures;
- effects from the voter-approved exit of the United Kingdom from the European Union (often referred to as Brexit), including any resulting deterioration in economic conditions, volatility in currency exchange rates, or adverse regulatory changes;
- limitations on imports and exports;
- adverse foreign exchange rate fluctuations;
- imposition of restrictions on currency conversion or the transfer of funds;
- imposition of tariffs;
- withdrawal from or revision to international trade agreements;
- national and international conflicts, including the Israel-Hamas War and the Russia/Ukraine conflict, foreign policy changes, political or economic instability, or terrorist acts;
- the effects of issued or threatened government sanctions, tariffs and duties, trade barriers or economic restrictions;
- maintenance of quality standards; and/or
- possible employee turnover or labor unrest.

The Ukraine and Middle East conflicts could have a significant adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition, and cash flow in the future.

The Ukraine and Middle East conflicts raise a host of potential threats and risk factors to our business. Even though we do not conduct significant business directly in Ukraine or Russia, IGY manages a marina in the Middle East (Asia). Sanctions brought against Russia will impact the import, export, sale, and supply of goods and services with companies located in the U.S. and other regions. Many companies have ceased all operations in Russia with significant expected short-term and long-term losses. This has had, will likely continue to have, a negative impact on the global economy and has affected, and will likely continue to affect, economic and capital markets. A downturn in the economy could adversely affect our financial performance.

Geopolitical issues around the world can impact macroeconomic conditions and could have a material adverse impact on our financial results. The ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine has impacted global energy markets, particularly in Europe, leading to high volatility and increasing prices for crude oil, natural gas and other energy supplies. The ultimate impact of the conflicts in Ukraine and the Middle East on fuel prices, inflation, the global supply chain and other macroeconomic conditions is unknown and could materially adversely affect global economic growth, disrupting discretionary spending habits and generally decreasing demand for our products and services. Higher energy costs result in increases in operating expenses at our manufacturing facilities, in the expense of shipping raw materials to our facilities, and in the expense of shipping products to our customers. In addition, increases in energy costs may adversely affect the pricing and availability of petroleum-based raw materials, such as resins and foams that are used in manufacturing.

Risks Related to Our Operations

The availability and costs of borrowed funds can adversely affect our ability to obtain adequate boat inventory and the ability and willingness of our customers to finance boat purchases.

The availability and costs of borrowed funds can adversely affect our ability to obtain and maintain adequate boat inventory and the holding costs of that inventory as well as the ability and willingness of our customers to finance boat purchases. The New Credit Facility provides the Company short-term borrowing in the form of a line of credit with asset-based borrowing availability (the “Floor Plan”) of up to $950 million and establishes a revolving credit facility in the maximum amount of $150 million (including a $20 million swingline facility and a $20 million letter of credit sublimit). The New Credit Facility also continues $302.5 million of term loans outstanding under the prior credit facility and provides an $85 million delayed draw mortgage loan facility. As of September 30, 2026, we were in compliance with all of the covenants under the New Credit Facility. As of September 30, 2026, our available borrowings under the delayed draw mortgage loan facility were approximately $54 million, and our available borrowings under the revolving credit facility were approximately $136 million.

Our ability to borrow under the New Credit Facility depends on our ability to continue to satisfy our covenants and other obligations under the New Credit Facility and the ability for our manufacturers to be approved vendors under our New Credit Facility. The variable interest rate under our New Credit Facility will fluctuate with changing market conditions and, accordingly, our interest expense will increase as interest rates rise. A significant increase in interest rates could have a material adverse effect on our operating results. The aging of our inventory limits our borrowing capacity as defined provisions in the New Credit Facility reduce the allowable advance rate as our inventory ages. Depressed economic conditions, weak consumer spending, turmoil in the credit markets, and lender difficulties, among other potential reasons, could interfere with our ability to maintain compliance with our debt covenants and to utilize the New Credit Facility to fund our operations. Any inability to utilize the New Credit Facility or the acceleration of amounts owed, resulting from a covenant violation, insufficient collateral, or lender difficulties, could require us to seek other sources of funding to repay amounts outstanding under the New Credit Facility or replace or supplement the New Credit Facility, which may not be possible at all or under commercially reasonable terms.

Similarly, decreases in the availability of credit and increases in the cost of credit adversely affect the ability of our customers to purchase boats from us and thereby adversely affect our ability to sell our products and impact the profitability of our finance and insurance activities.

Higher energy, costs and availability of raw materials, parts, components, and fuel costs along with adequate supply may adversely affect our business.

All of the recreational boats we sell are powered by diesel or gasoline engines. Consequently, an interruption in the supply, or a significant increase in the price or tax on the sale of fuel on a regional or national basis could have a material adverse effect on our sales and operating results. Increases in fuel prices negatively impact boat sales. The supply of fuels may be interrupted, rationing may be imposed, or the price of or tax on fuels may significantly increase in the future, adversely impacting our business. Also, increases in energy costs can adversely affect the pricing and availability of petroleum-based raw materials such as resins and foam that are used in many of the marine products produced by boat manufacturers, including Cruisers Yachts and Intrepid Powerboats, increasing our cost of inventory. Additionally, higher fuel prices may also have an adverse effect on demand for our parts and accessories business because higher fuel prices increase the cost of boat ownership and possibly affect product use.

Boat manufacturers, including Cruisers Yachts, Aviara, and Intrepid Powerboats, rely on third parties to supply raw materials used in the manufacturing process, including oil, aluminum, copper, steel, and resins, as well as product parts and components. The prices for these raw materials, parts, and components fluctuate depending on market conditions and, in some instances, commodity prices or trade policies, including tariffs. Substantial increases in the prices of raw materials, parts, and components would increase our product and operating costs, and could reduce our profitability if we are unable to recoup the increased costs through higher product prices or improved operating efficiencies. Similarly, if a critical supplier were to close its operations, cease manufacturing, or otherwise fail to deliver an essential component necessary to our manufacturing operations, that could detrimentally affect our ability to purchase or manufacture and sell products, resulting in an interruption in business operations and/or a loss of sales.

In addition, some components used in the boat manufacturing processes, including certain engine components, furniture, upholstery, and boat windshields, are available from a sole supplier or a limited number of suppliers. Operational and financial difficulties that these or other suppliers may face in the future could adversely affect their ability to supply us with the parts and components we and our boat manufacturers need, which could significantly disrupt our operations. It may be difficult to find a replacement supplier for a limited or sole source raw material, part, or component without significant delay or on commercially reasonable terms. In addition, an uncorrected defect or supplier's variation in a raw material, part, or component, either unknown to us or incompatible with our manufacturing process, could jeopardize our ability to manufacture products.

Some additional supply risks that could disrupt our operations, impair our ability to deliver products to customers, and negatively affect our financial results include:

- an outbreak of disease or facility closures due to a public health threat;
- a deterioration of our relationships with suppliers;
- events such as natural disasters, power outages, or labor strikes;
- financial pressures on our suppliers due to a weakening economy or unfavorable conditions in other end markets;
- supplier manufacturing constraints and investment requirements; or
- disruption at major global ports and shipping hubs.

These risks are exacerbated in the case of single-source suppliers, and the exclusive supplier of a key component could potentially exert significant bargaining power over price, quality, warranty claims, or other terms.

Substantially all of our products are powered with outboard engines from Mercury Marine, Yamaha, and inboard engines from Volvo, which makes us reliant on these companies for the supply of engines.

The availability and cost of engines for our boats and yachts is critical. If we are required to replace Mercury Marine, Yamaha, or Volvo as our engine suppliers for any reason, it could cause a decrease in products available for sale or an increase in our cost of sales, either of which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. If we experience an interruption to our engine supply, then this could cause a decrease in products available for sale or an increase in our cost of sales, either of which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

The availability of boat insurance is critical to our success.

The ability of our customers to secure reasonably affordable boat insurance that is satisfactory to lenders that finance our customers' purchases is critical to our success. Any difficulty of customers to obtain affordable boat insurance could impede boat sales and adversely affect our business.

Elements of our yacht charter and charter brokerage businesses expose us to certain risks.

Our yacht charter business entails the sale of specifically designed yachts to third parties for inclusion in our yacht charter fleet; a yacht management agreement under which yacht owners enable us to put their yachts in our yacht charter program for a period of several years for a fixed monthly fee payable by us; our services in storing, insuring, and maintaining their yachts; and the charter by us of these yachts to vacation customers at agreed fees payable to us. Our failure to find purchasers for yachts intended for our charter fleet will increase our boat inventory and related operating costs; lack of sales into our charter fleet may result in increased losses due to market adjustments of our yacht charter inventory; and our failure to generate a sufficient number of vacation charter customers will require us to absorb all the costs of the monthly fees to the yacht owners as well as other operating costs.

Customers consider safety and reliability a primary concern in selecting a yacht charter provider. The yacht charter business may present a number of safety risks including, but not limited to, catastrophic disaster, adverse weather and marine conditions, such as Hurricanes Helene and Milton in 2024, mechanical failure and collision, and public health issues. If we are unable to maintain acceptable records for safety and reliability, our ability to retain current customers and attract new customers may be adversely affected. Additionally, any safety issue encountered during a yacht charter may result in claims against us as well as negative publicity. These events could have a material adverse effect on the competitive position and financial performance of both our yacht charter business and our core retail sales business.

The yacht charter business is also highly fragmented, consisting primarily of local operators and franchisees. Competition among charter operators is based on location, the type and size of yachts offered, charter rates, destinations serviced, and attention to customer service. Yacht charters also face competition from other travel and leisure options, including, but not limited to, cruises, hotels, resorts, theme parks, organized tours, land-based casino operators, and vacation ownership properties. We therefore risk losing business not only to other charter operators, but also to vacation operators that provide such alternatives.

We depend on income from financing, insurance and extended service contracts.

A portion of our income results from referral fees derived from the placement or marketing of various finance and insurance products, consisting of customer financing, insurance coverage, and extended service contracts, the most significant component of which is the participation and other fees resulting from our sale of customer financing contracts.

The availability of financing for our boat purchasers and the level of participation and other fees we receive in connection with such financing depend on the particular agreement between us and the lender and the current rate environment. Lenders may impose terms in their boat financing arrangements with us that may be unfavorable to us or our customers. Laws or regulations may be enacted nationally or locally which could result in fees from lenders being eliminated or reduced, materially impacting our operating results. If customer financing becomes more difficult to secure, it may adversely impact our business.

Changes, including the lengthening of manufacturer warranties, may reduce our ability to offer and sell extended service contracts which may have a material adverse impact on our ability to sell F&I products.

The reduction of profit margins on sales of F&I products or the lack of demand for or the unavailability of these products could have a material adverse effect on our operating margins.

Our continued success is dependent on positive perceptions of our MarineMax brand which, if impaired, could adversely affect our sales.

We believe that our MarineMax brand is one of the reasons our customers choose to come to us for their boating needs. To be successful, we must preserve our reputation. Reputational value is based in large part on perceptions, and broad access to social media makes it easy for anyone to provide public feedback that can influence perceptions of us. It may be difficult to control negative publicity, regardless of whether it is accurate. While reputations may take decades to build, any negative incidents can quickly erode trust and confidence, particularly if they result in significant negative mainstream and/or social media publicity, governmental investigations, or litigation. Additionally, an isolated business incident at a single retail location could materially adversely affect our other stores, retail brands, reputation and sales channels, particularly if such incident results in significant adverse publicity, governmental investigations or litigation. Negative incidents, such as quality and safety concerns or incidents related to our manufacturers' products, could lead to tangible adverse effects on our business, including lost sales or team member retention and recruiting difficulties. In addition, vendors and others with whom we choose to do business may affect our reputation.

Our operations are dependent upon key personnel and team members.

Our success depends, in large part, upon our ability to attract, train and retain, qualified team members and executive officers, as well as the continuing efforts and abilities of team members and executive officers. Although we have employment agreements with certain of our executive officers and management succession plans, we cannot ensure that these or other executive personnel and team members will remain with us, or that our succession planning will adequately mitigate the risk associated with key personnel transitions. As a result of our decentralized operating strategy, we also rely on the management teams of our businesses. In addition, we likely will depend on the senior management of any significant businesses we acquire in the future.

The products we sell, or services we provide, may expose us to potential liabilities for personal injury or property damage claims relating to the use of those products.

Manufacturers of the products we sell generally maintain product liability insurance. We also maintain third-party product liability insurance that we believe to be adequate. We may experience claims that are not covered by, or that are in excess of, our insurance coverage. The institution of any significant claims against us could subject us to damages, result in higher insurance costs, and harm our business reputation with potential customers.

We manufacture and sell products that create exposure to potential claims and litigation.

Our manufacturing operations and the products we produce could result in product quality, warranty, personal injury, property damage, and other issues, thereby increasing the risk of litigation and potential liability, as well as regulatory fines. Historically, the resolution of such claims has not had a materially adverse effect on our business, and we maintain what we believe to be adequate insurance coverage to mitigate a portion of these risks. However, we may experience material losses in the future, incur significant costs to defend claims or issue product recalls, experience claims in excess of our insurance coverage or that are not covered by insurance, or be subjected to fines or penalties. Our reputation may be adversely affected by such claims, whether or not successful, including potential negative publicity about our products. We record accruals for known potential liabilities, but there is the possibility that actual losses may exceed these accruals and therefore negatively impact earnings.

We have a fixed cost base that can affect our profitability if demand decreases.

The fixed cost levels of operating a boat and yacht manufacturer can put pressure on profit margins when sales and production decline. Our profitability depends, in part, on our ability to spread fixed costs over a sufficiently large number of products sold and shipped, and if we make a decision to reduce our rate of production, gross or net margins could be negatively affected. Consequently, decreased demand or the need to reduce production can lower our ability to absorb fixed costs and materially impact our financial condition or results of operations.

Adverse federal tax, state tax, or governmental regulations and policies can have a negative effect on us.

Changes in federal and state tax laws, such as an imposition of luxury taxes on new boat purchases, increases in prevailing federal or state tax rates, and removal of certain interest deductions, also influence consumers' decisions to purchase products we offer and could have a negative effect on our sales. For example, during 1991 and 1992, the federal government imposed a luxury tax on new recreational boats with sales prices in excess of $100,000, which coincided with a sharp decline in boating industry sales from a high of more than $17.9 billion in 1988 to a low of $10.3 billion in 1992.

In addition, increases in the United States corporate income tax rates would have an adverse effect on our financial performance and financial condition. Further, related increases in capital gains rates, taxes on unrealized capital gains, or personal income tax rates could have an adverse effect on the buying power of potential customers and therefore an adverse effect on our financial performance and financial condition. Additionally, overly burdensome laws, rules, or policies governing the use of recreational boats or yachts in coastal areas and other waterways could adversely affect demand for our products and services.

Marinas may not be readily adaptable to other uses.

Marinas are specific-use properties and may contain features or assets that have limited alternative uses. These properties may also have distinct operational functions that involve specific procedures and training. If the operations of any of our marinas become unprofitable due to industry competition, operational execution or otherwise, then it may not be feasible to operate the property for another use, and the value of certain features or assets used at the property, or the property itself, may be impaired, this would have a material adverse effect on our financial performance.

We may be unable to obtain, renew or maintain permits, licenses and approvals necessary for the operation of our marinas.

Governmental bodies control much of the land located beneath and surrounding many of our marinas and lease such land to MarineMax and IGY Marinas under leases that typically range from five to 50 years. As a result, it is unlikely that we can obtain fee-simple title to the land on or near these marinas. If these governmental authorities terminate, fail to renew, or interpret in ways that are materially less favorable any of the permits, licenses and approvals necessary for operation of these properties, this would have a material adverse effect on our financial performance.

Some marinas must be dredged from time to time to remove silt and mud that collect in harbor-areas in order to assure that boat traffic can safely enter the harbor. Dredging and disposing of the dredged material can be very costly and require permits from various governmental authorities. If the permits necessary to dredge marinas or dispose of the dredged material cannot be timely obtained after the acquisition of a marina, or if dredging is not practical or is exceedingly expensive, this would have a material adverse effect on our financial performance.

An impairment in the carrying value of long-lived assets and goodwill could negatively impact our financial results and net worth.

Our long-lived assets, such as property and equipment, are required to be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstance indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. As of September 30, 2026, we have approximately $536.5 million of property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, recorded on our consolidated balance sheet. Recoverability of an asset is measured by comparison of its carrying amount to undiscounted future net cash flows the asset is expected to generate. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its fair market value. Estimates of expected future cash flows represent our best estimate based on currently available information and reasonable and supportable assumptions. Our impairment loss calculations contain uncertainties because they require us to make assumptions and to apply judgment in order to estimate expected future cash flows.

Additionally, our goodwill is recorded at fair value at the time of acquisition and is not amortized but reviewed for impairment at least annually or more frequently if impairment indicators arise. In evaluating the potential for impairment of goodwill, we make assumptions regarding industry conditions, our future financial performance, and other factors. As a result of the declining performance of the product manufacturing reporting unit and segment the Company recognized a non-cash, pre-tax goodwill impairment charge of $69.1 million related to the product manufacturing reporting unit and segment in fiscal year 2025, which is included in goodwill impairment in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Uncertainties are inherent in evaluating and applying these factors to the assessment of goodwill. While we do not believe there is a reasonable likelihood that there will be a change in the judgments and assumptions used in our assessments of goodwill and long-lived assets which would result in a material effect on our operating results, we cannot predict whether events or circumstances will change in the future that could result in non-cash impairment charges that could adversely impact our financial results and net worth.

Risks Related to the Environment and Geography

Weather and environmental conditions may adversely impact our business.

Weather and environmental conditions may adversely impact our operating results. For example, drought conditions, reduced rainfall levels, excessive rain and environmental conditions, and hurricanes have forced, and may in the future force boating areas to close or render boating dangerous or inconvenient. This has resulted in and, in the future could result in, reduced customer demand for our products. While we traditionally maintain a full range of insurance coverage for any such events, there can be no assurance that such insurance coverage is adequate to cover losses that we sustain as a result of such disasters or that we will be able to procure coverage on commercially reasonable terms for such events in the future. In addition, unseasonably cool weather and prolonged winter conditions may lead to shorter selling seasons in certain locations. Many of our dealerships sell boats to customers for use on reservoirs, thereby subjecting our business to the continued viability of these reservoirs for boating use. Although our geographic diversity and any future geographic expansion should reduce the overall impact on us of adverse weather and environmental conditions in any one market area, weather and environmental conditions will continue to represent potential material adverse risks to us and our future operating performance.

Demand for wet slip storage increases during the summer months in our northern markets as customers contract for the summer boating season. Demand for dry storage increases during the winter season as seasonal weather patterns in certain geographies require boat owners to store their vessels on dry docks and within covered racks. Our results on a quarterly basis can fluctuate due to this cyclicality and seasonality.

Additionally, to the extent unfavorable weather conditions are exacerbated by global climate change, regardless of the cause, resulting in environmental changes including, but not limited to, severe weather, changing sea levels, poor water conditions, or reduced access to water, such conditions could disrupt or negatively affect our business.

Environmental and climate changes could affect our business.

We operate many retail locations near or on bodies of water that are acutely susceptible to the risks associated with climate change. Such risks include those related to the physical impacts of climate change, such as more frequent and severe weather events, rising sea levels, and/or long term shifts in climate patterns, and risks related to the transition to a lower-carbon economy, such as reputational, market and/or regulatory risks. Climate change and climate events could result in social, cultural and economic disruptions in these areas, including supply chain disruptions, the disruption of local infrastructure and transportation systems that could limit the ability of our team members and our customers to access our retail locations. These events could also compound adverse economic conditions and impact consumer confidence and discretionary spending.

A significant amount of our boat sales are from the State of Florida.

Economic conditions, weather and environmental conditions, competition, market conditions, and any other adverse conditions impacting the State of Florida in which we generated approximately 52%, 54% and 53% of our dealership revenue during fiscal 2026, 2025, and 2024, respectively, could have a major impact on our operations.

Environmental and other regulatory issues may impact our operations.

Our operations are subject to extensive regulation, supervision, and licensing under various federal, state and local statutes, ordinances and regulations, such as those relating to finance and insurance, consumer protection, consumer privacy, escheatment, anti-money laundering, the environment, emissions, health or safety, U.S. trade sanctions, the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and employment practices. With respect to employment practices, we are subject to various laws and regulations, including complex federal, state and local wage and hour and anti-discrimination laws. The failure to satisfy those and other regulatory requirements could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations, as well as potentially the assessment of damages, the imposition of penalties, changes to our processes, or a cessation of our operations, and/or damage to our image and reputation.

Various federal, state, and local regulatory agencies, including OSHA, EPA, and similar federal and local agencies, have jurisdiction over the operation of our dealerships, repair facilities, and other operations, with respect to matters such as consumer protection, workers' safety, and laws regarding protection of the environment, including air, water, and soil. The EPA promulgated emissions regulations for outboard marine engines that impose stricter emissions standards for two-cycle, gasoline outboard marine engines. It is possible that environmental regulatory bodies (including state regulatory bodies) may impose higher emissions standards in the future for these and other marine engines. Any increased costs of producing engines resulting from current or potentially higher EPA or state standards in the future could be passed on to our company, or could result in the inability or potential unforeseen delays of our manufacturers to comply with current and future EPA or state requirements, and these potential consequences could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Certain of our facilities own and operate USTs, and ASTs for the storage of various petroleum products. USTs and ASTs are generally subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations that require testing and upgrading of tanks and remediation of contaminated soils and groundwater resulting from leaking tanks. In addition, we may be subject to civil liability to third parties for remediation costs or other damages if leakage from our owned or operated tanks migrates onto the property of others.

Our business involves the use, handling, storage, and contracting for recycling or disposal of hazardous or toxic substances or wastes, including environmentally sensitive materials, such as motor oil, waste motor oil and filters, transmission fluid, antifreeze, freon, waste paint and lacquer thinner, batteries, solvents, lubricants, degreasing agents, gasoline and diesel fuels. Accordingly, we are subject to regulation by federal, state and local authorities establishing investigation and health and environmental quality standards, and liability related thereto, and providing penalties for violations of those standards.

Our Product Manufacturing segment is regulated by federal, state and local environmental laws governing our use, transport and disposal of substances and control of emissions. While we are unaware of any failure to comply with these laws or any contamination at our facilities, the costs of compliance, including remediations of any discovered issues and any changes to our operations mandated by new or amended laws, may be significant, and any failures to comply could result in material expenses, delays or fines.

We also are subject to laws, ordinances, and regulations governing investigation and remediation of contamination at facilities we operate or to which we send hazardous or toxic substances or wastes for treatment, recycling or disposal. In particular, the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("CERCLA" or "Superfund") imposes joint, strict, and several liability on:

- owners or operators of facilities at, from, or to which a release of hazardous substances has occurred;
- parties that generated hazardous substances that were released at such facilities; and
- parties that transported or arranged for the transportation of hazardous substances to such facilities.

A majority of states have adopted Superfund statutes comparable to and, in some cases, more stringent than CERCLA. If we were to be found to be a responsible party under CERCLA or a similar state statute, we could be held liable for all investigative and remedial costs associated with addressing such contamination. In addition, claims alleging personal injury or property damage may be brought against us as a result of alleged exposure to hazardous substances resulting from our operations. In addition, certain of our retail locations are located on waterways that are subject to federal or state laws regulating navigable waters (including oil pollution prevention), fish and wildlife, and other matters.

Soil and groundwater contamination has been known to exist at certain properties owned or leased by us. We have also been required, and may in the future be required, to remove USTs and ASTs containing hazardous substances or wastes. As to certain of our properties, specific releases of petroleum have been or are in the process of being remediated in accordance with state and federal guidelines. We are monitoring the soil and groundwater as required by applicable state and federal guidelines. We also may have additional storage tank liability insurance and Superfund coverage where applicable. Environmental laws and regulations are complex and subject to frequent change. Compliance with amended, new or more stringent laws or regulations, more strict interpretations of existing laws, or the future discovery of environmental conditions may require additional expenditures by us, and such expenditures may be material.

Additionally, certain states have required or are considering requiring a license in order to operate a recreational boat. These regulations could discourage potential buyers, thereby limiting future sales and adversely affecting our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Risks Related to Cybersecurity

Increased cybersecurity requirements, use of artificial intelligence, cybersecurity threats and more sophisticated and targeted computer crime could pose a risk to our systems, networks, data and our third-party service providers. Our business operations could be negatively impacted by an outage or breach of our informational technology systems or a cybersecurity event.

Our business is dependent upon the efficient operation of our technology platform. The platform facilitates the interchange of information and enhances cross-selling opportunities throughout our company. The platform integrates each level of operations on a Company-wide basis, including but not limited to inventory, financial reporting, budgeting, marketing, sales management, as well as to prepare our consolidated financial and operating data. The failure of our technology platform to perform as designed or the failure to maintain and enhance or protect the integrity of our technology platform and those of our third-party service providers, could disrupt our business operations, impact sales and the results of operations, expose us to customer or third-party claims, or result in adverse publicity.

Increased global cybersecurity threats and more sophisticated and targeted cyber-related attacks (including ransomware) pose a risk to the security of our and our customers', suppliers' and third-party service providers' products, systems and networks and the confidentiality, availability and integrity of our data. Unauthorized parties have and may in the future attempt to gain access to our systems or facilities, or those of third parties with whom we do business, through fraud, social engineering or other forms of deceiving our team members, contractors, vendors, and temporary staff. While we attempt to mitigate these risks by employing extensive measures, including employee training, defensive systems, proactive monitoring and testing, and maintenance of protective systems and contingency plans, we remain potentially vulnerable to additional known or unknown threats. See "Item 1C. Cybersecurity" included in this report for a discussion of our cybersecurity procedures and policies. Additionally, the growing global use of artificial intelligence technologies could expose us to increased privacy and cybersecurity threats, such as data breaches and unauthorized access leading to financial losses, legal liabilities, and reputational damage. We also face competitive risks if we fail in our initiatives to adopt artificial intelligence or other machine-learning technologies in a timely manner.

We may also have access to sensitive, confidential or personal data or information that is subject to privacy, security laws, and regulations. Despite our efforts to protect sensitive, confidential or personal data or information, we and our third-party service providers may be vulnerable to security breaches, theft, misplaced or lost data, programming errors, employee errors and/or malfeasance that could potentially lead to the compromising of sensitive, confidential or personal data or information, improper use of our systems, unauthorized access, use, disclosure, modification or destruction of information, and operational disruptions.

It is possible that we or our third-party service providers might not be aware of a successful cyber-related attack on our systems until well after the incident. In addition, a cyber-related attack could result in other negative consequences, including damage to our reputation or competitiveness, remediation or increased protection costs, litigation or regulatory action, and could adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations. Depending on the nature of the data compromised, we may have obligations to notify customers and/or employees about the incident, and we may need to provide some form of remedy, such as a subscription to a credit monitoring service, for the individuals affected by the incident, which could result in material reputational damage to us. While we traditionally maintain a full range of insurance coverage for any such events, there can be no assurance that such insurance coverage is adequate to cover losses that we sustain as a result of an outage or breach of our technology platform or a cybersecurity event.

We are also subject to laws and regulations in the United States and other countries concerning the handling of personal information, including laws that require us to notify governmental authorities and/or affected individuals of data breaches involving certain personal information. These laws and regulations include, for example, the European General Data Protection Regulation, effective May 2018, the California Consumer Privacy Act, effective January 2020, other similar state Consumer Privacy regulations, and new SEC cybersecurity-related disclosures adopted in July 2023. Regulatory actions or litigation seeking to impose significant penalties could be brought against us in the event of a data breach or alleged non-compliance with such laws and regulations.

Risks Related to Our Common Stock

The timing and amount of our share repurchases are subject to a number of uncertainties.

The Company maintains a stock repurchase plan authorizing the Company to purchase up to $100 million of its common stock through March 2028. There is no guarantee that our stock repurchase plans will be able to successfully mitigate the dilutive effect of stock options and stock-based grants. The success of our stock repurchase plans is based upon a number of factors, including the price and availability of the Company's stock, general market conditions, the nature of other investment opportunities available to us from time to time, and the availability of cash.

We do not pay cash dividends.

We have never paid cash dividends on our common stock and we have no current intention to do so for the foreseeable future.

Item 1B. U*nresolved Staff Comments*

None.

Item 1C. Cybersecurity

Management of material risks from cybersecurity threats is integrated into the Company's overall risk management processes and is monitored as an enterprise risk. The Company's Board of Directors (the "Board"), with the input of management, oversees the Company's internal controls and processes, including internal controls designed to assess, identify, and manage material risks from cybersecurity threats.

Our comprehensive cybersecurity program includes, but is not limited to, standards and procedures for vulnerability management, user training, security assessments and testing, business continuity planning, encryption of sensitive data, physical security, user access controls, vendor risk management, teleworking, user device management and proactive systems, data and activity monitoring, and incident response. A limited scope of third-party service providers are involved in supporting our business and, where appropriate, we have established standards and procedures to ensure commercial best practices, audit, risk management, and strict contractual controls are in place and followed by such providers. Comprehensive contingency, recovery, and continuity plans are in place to ensure the ongoing provision of services to customers in the event of a cybersecurity incident.

Our Executive Vice President and Chief Digital Officer, (the "CDO"), Shawn C. Berg, is responsible for managing the Company's cybersecurity risk and cybersecurity program. Shawn Berg has served as CDO since April 2019 overseeing the Company's Technology, Marketing, and Digital Business operations. Mr. Berg was appointed as an executive officer of MarineMax by our Board in October 2022. He previously served as Vice President of Technology upon joining MarineMax in 2017. Mr. Berg has over 30 years of experience, including experience in multiple officer-level positions, in information technology and security.

Our Technology Group, in collaboration with the leading cybersecurity providers, monitors material cybersecurity and overall technology platform risks over time and updates the Company's mitigation measures as appropriate. The Technology Group also regularly reports to the CDO and other key executives, as identified in the incident response plan, on the status of material risks, mitigation measures, and incidents related to such risks.

The CDO provides the Board with ongoing security updates, which include notable changes to program plans, changes to the risk environment, information regarding material incidents that may have occurred, reports on recent assessments of our security controls, and details regarding forward-looking plans and strategies to mitigate cyber risk. The Company has been subject to cybersecurity threats in the past. As of the date of this report, the Company is not aware of any cybersecurity incidents that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company, including its business strategy, results of operations, or financial condition.

Notwithstanding our vigilant cybersecurity measures, we may not be successful in preventing or mitigating a cybersecurity incident that could have a material adverse effect on us. For further discussion of the risks associated with cybersecurity incidents, see the cybersecurity risk factor in Item 1A, "Risk Factors," in this report titled "Increased cybersecurity requirements, use of artificial intelligence, cybersecurity threats and more sophisticated and targeted computer crime could pose a risk to our systems, networks, data and our third-party service providers. Our business operations could be negatively impacted by an outage or breach of our informational technology systems or a cybersecurity event."

Item 2. *Properties*

The Retail Operations segment includes our leased corporate offices in Oldsmar, Florida. We also lease 42 properties under leases in the United States and British Virgin Islands, many of which contain multi-year renewal options and some of which grant us right of first refusal to purchase the property at fair value. In most cases, we pay a fixed rent at negotiated rates. In substantially all of the leased locations, we are responsible for taxes, utilities, insurance, and routine repairs and maintenance. We own 34 properties associated with the retail locations we operate. A store is considered one or more retail locations that are adjacent or operate as one entity. Fraser Yachts Group and Northrop & Johnson lease offices in the United States and Europe.

The following table reflects the status, approximate size, and facilities of the various retail locations in the United States and British Virgin Islands we operate as of October 31, 2026.

Location	Location Type	Square Footage(1)	Facilities at Property	Operated Since(2)	Waterfront
Alabama					
Gulf Shores	Company owned	4,000	Retail and service	1998	—
California					
Newport Beach	Third-party lease	1,000	Retail only, 4 wet slips	2020	Newport Bay
San Diego	Third-party lease	1,400	Retail only, 12 wet slips	2020	San Diego Bay
Sausalito	Third-party lease	2,000	Retail and service; 6 wet slips	2020	Richardson Bay
Connecticut					
Norwalk	Third-party lease	9,000	Retail and service; 42 wet slips	1994	Norwalk Harbor
Westbrook	Third-party lease	4,200	Retail and service	1998	Westbrook Harbor
Florida					
Cape Haze (3)	Company owned	18,000	Retail and Service, 12 wet slips	—	Intracoastal Waterway
Clearwater	Company owned	42,000	Retail and service; 18 wet slips	1973	Tampa Bay
Cocoa	Company owned	15,000	Retail and service	1968	—
Dania	Company owned	32,000	Repair and service; 10 wet slips	1991	Port Everglades
Fort Walton Beach	Company owned	4,500	Retail and service; 14 wet slips	2019	Choctawhatchee Bay
Fort Myers	Company owned	60,000	Retail, service, marina and storage; 124 wet slips	1983	Caloosahatchee River
Islamorada	Third-party lease	500	Retail, service	2023	Florida Keys
Jacksonville	Third-party lease	9,000	Retail and service	2016	Intracoastal Waterway
Jupiter	Third-party lease	2,187	Retail and service	2023	Loxahatchee River
Key Largo	Third-party lease	8,900	Retail and service; 24 wet slips	2002	Card Sound
Marathon	Company owned	4,467	Retail and Service, and storage; 23 wet slips	2025	Florida Keys
Miami	Company owned	7,200	Retail and service; 17 wet slips	1980	Little River
Miami	Company owned	5,000	Service only; 12 wet slips	2005	Little River
Naples	Company owned	19,600	Retail and service; 17 wet slips	1997	Naples Bay
Panama City	Third-party lease	10,500	Retail only; 8 wet slips	2011	Saint Andrews Bay
Pensacola	Company owned	52,800	Retail, service, marina, and storage; 60 wet slips	2016	Pensacola Bay
Pompano Beach	Company owned	23,000	Retail and service; 17 wet slips	1990	Intracoastal Waterway
Pompano Beach	Company owned	5,400	Retail and service; 24 wet slips	2005	Intracoastal Waterway
Sarasota	Third-party lease	26,500	Retail, service, and storage; 14 wet slips	1972	Sarasota Bay
St. Petersburg	Company owned	12,000	Retail and service; 96 wet slips	2006	Boca Ciega Bay
Stuart	Company owned	22,400	Retail, marina and service; 57 wet slips	2002	Intracoastal Waterway
Tarpon Springs (3)	Company owned	5,740	Service only; 18 wet slips	2022	Anclote River
Venice	Company owned	62,000	Retail, marina, service, and storage; 73 wet slips	1972	Intracoastal Waterway
West Palm Beach	Third-party lease	1,678	Retail only	2023	—
Georgia					
Cumming (Atlanta)	Third-party lease	13,500	Retail and service; 50 wet slips	1981	Lake Lanier

Savannah	Third-party lease	50,600	Retail, marina, service and storage; 36 wet slips	2017	Wilmington River
Illinois					
Praire Harbor	Third-party lease	3,500	Marina, 140 wet slips	2020	Lake Michigan
Sequoit Harbor Antioch	Third-party lease	85,300	Retail, marina, service and storage; 208 wet slips	2020	Lake Marie
Winthrop Harbor	Third-party lease	319,100	Retail, marina, service and storage; 53 wet slips	2020	Lake Michigan
Maryland					
Kent Island	Third-party lease	30,500	Retail, service, and storage	2021	Kent Narrows
Massachusetts					
Danvers	Third-party lease	32,000	Retail and service	2016	—
Quincy	Company owned	14,700	Retail, service, and storage; 247 wet slips	2018	Town River
Michigan					
Bay City	Third-party lease	195,800	Retail, marina, service and storage; 59 wet slips	2020	Saginaw River
Belle Mear Harbor	Third-party lease	8,500	Retail and service, 4 wet slips	2020	Lake St. Clair
Cass Lake	Third-party lease	31,600	Retail, marina, service and storage; 124 wet slips	2020	Cass Lake
Grand Haven	Third-party lease	32,000	Retail, service, and storage; 6 wet slips	2020	Spring Lake
Lake Fenton	Third-party lease	57,900	Retail, marina, service and storage; 123 wet slips	2020	Lake Fenton
Mac Ray Harbor	Third-party lease	300	Retail only, 4 wet slips	2020	Lake St. Clair
Minnesota					
Crosslake	Company owned	68,040	Retail, marina, service and storage; 56 wet slips	2023	Whitefish Chain of Lakes
Excelsior	Third-party lease	2,500	Retail only; 14 wet slips	2013	Lake Minnetonka
Rogers	Company owned	69,512	Retail, service, and storage	1991	—
Nisswa	Company owned	108,400	Retail, service, and storage	2021	Nisswa Lake
Missouri					
Lake Ozark	Company owned	60,300	Retail, marina, service, and storage; 218 wet slips	1987	Lake of the Ozarks
Osage Beach	Company owned	2,000	Retail and service	1987	—
New Jersey					
Brant Beach	Company owned	3,800	Retail, service, and storage; 36 wet slips	1965	Barnegat Bay
Brick	Company owned	20,000	Retail, service, and storage; 225 wet slips	1977	Manasquan River
Lake Hopatcong	Company owned	4,600	Retail and service; 80 wet slips	1998	Lake Hopatcong
Somers Point	Company owned	35,000	Retail, service, and storage; 33 wet slips	1987	Little Egg Harbor Bay
Ocean View	Company owned	13,800	Retail, service, and storage	2018	—
New York					
Huntington	Third-party lease	1,200	Retail and service	1995	Huntington Harbor and Long Island Sound
North Carolina					
Lake Norman	Third-party lease	10,300	Retail only	2017	—
Wrightsville Beach	Third-party lease	34,500	Retail, service, and storage; 42 wet slips	1996	Masonboro Inlet
Ohio					
Marina Del Isle	Company owned	163,153	Retail, marina, service and storage; 189 wet slips	2020	Lake Erie
Port Clinton	Company owned	80,000	Retail, service and storage	1997	Lake Erie
Oklahoma					

Grand Lake	Company owned	3,500	Retail and service; 23 wet slips	2019	Grand Lake
Rhode Island					
Newport	Third-party lease	700	Retail only	2011	Newport Harbor
South Carolina					
Charleston	Third-party lease	14,800	Retail, service, and storage	2017	—
Greenville	Third-party lease	24,500	Retail, service, and storage	2017	—
Lake Wylie	Third-party lease	76,400	Retail, marina, service and storage; 82 wet slips	2017	Lake Wylie
Texas					
Lewisville (Dallas)	Company owned	22,000	Retail and service	2002	—
Seabrook	Company owned	127,740	Retail, service, marina, and storage; 34 wet slips	2002	Clear Lake
Washington					
Seattle	Third-party lease	400	Retail only, 6 wet slips	2020	Lake Union
Wisconsin					
Harbor Club Marina	Third-party lease	1,000	Marina, 140 wet slips	2020	Sturgeon Bay
Lake Geneva	Third-party lease	114,900	Retail, service and storage; 2 wet slips	2020	—
Madison	Third-party lease	138,300	Retail, marina, service and storage; 135 wet slips	2020	Lake Mendota
Milwaukee	Third-party lease	68,100	Retail, service and storage; 11 wet slips	2020	Kinnickinnic River
Oshkosh	Third-party lease	98,300	Retail, marina, service and storage; 98 wet slips	2020	Lake Butte Des Mortes
Pewaukee	Third-party lease	157,200	Retail, service and storage;	2020	—
Sturgeon Bay	Third-party lease	222,200	Retail, marina, service and storage; 260 wet slips	2020	Sturgeon Bay
British Virgin Islands					
Tortola	Third-party lease	2,600	Vacation charters; 45 wet slips	2011	Caribbean Sea

(1) Square footage is approximate and does not include outside sales space or dock or marina facilities.
(2) "Operated Since" date is the date the facility was opened by us or opened prior to its acquisition by us.
(3) Owned location that is held for sale or closed.

IGY Marinas offers a global network of marinas in the Americas, the Caribbean, Europe, and Asia. The following table reflects the location and status of the various IGY Marinas as of October 31, 2026.

Location	Location Type
Colombia	
Marina Santa Marta	Marketed (1)
Costa Rica	
Marina Bahia Golfito	Marketed (1)
England	
St. Katharine Docks	Managed (2)
France	
IGY Sète Marina	Third-party lease
IGY Vieux – Port de Cannes	Joint venture
Italy, Sardinia	
IGY Portisco Marina	Company owned and third-party lease (3)
Marina Di Porto Cervo (Marina & Shipyard)	Managed (2)
Mexico	
Marina Cabo San Lucas	Company owned and third-party lease (3)
Panama	
Red Frog Beach Island Marina	Marketed (1)
Providenciales, Turks & Caicos	
Blue Haven Marina	Marketed (1)
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	
Sindalah Marina	Managed (2)
Spain	
IGY Málaga Marina	Joint venture
Málaga San Andres Marina	Managed (2)
IGY Ibiza Marina	Joint venture
St. Maarten	
Simpson Bay Marina	Third-party lease
Yacht Club Isle de Sol	Third-party lease
St. Lucia	
Rodney Bay Marina	Company owned
United Arab Emirates, Ras Al Khaimah	
Wynn Al Marjan Island Marina	Managed (2)
United States, Florida	
Yacht Haven Grande Miami at Island Gardens	Third-party lease
Maximo Marina, St. Petersburg	Managed (2)
United States, Georgia	
IGY Savannah Harbor Marina	Company owned and third-party lease (3)
United States Virgin Islands, Saint Thomas	
Yacht Haven Grande	Company owned and third-party lease (3)
American Yacht Harbor	Company owned and third-party lease (3)

(1) Marinas are marketed under the IGY Marinas brand.
(2) Marinas are managed by IGY Marinas.
(3) Owned or controlled through third-party leases or concession agreements.

We have leased offices in the United States through the Fraser Yachts Group and Northrop & Johnson in Ft. Lauderdale, Florida and San Diego, California as well as leased offices outside the United States in Monaco, France, Italy, Spain, Greece and the United Kingdom.

The Product Manufacturing segment operates out of four owned manufacturing properties, three in the Green Bay, Wisconsin metropolitan area, and one in Largo, Florida. We also own a manufacturing property in Swansboro, North Carolina that is currently being leased to third-parties. Additionally, we have one leased office in Dania, Florida.

We believe that our properties are suitable and adequate for our current needs. We believe that our manufacturing facilities have adequate capacity to meet our current and anticipated demand, and that such capacity is being substantially utilized. We believe that our properties are well maintained and in good operating condition.

Item 3. ***Legal Proceedings***

We are party to various legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. While it is not feasible to determine the actual outcome of these actions as of September 30, 2026, we do not believe that these matters will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Item 4. ***Mine Safety Disclosures***

Not applicable.

PART II

Item 5. ***Market for the Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities***

Market Information, Holders

Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "HZO". The following table sets forth high and low sale prices of the common stock for each calendar quarter indicated as reported on the New York Stock Exchange.

	High	Low
2024		
Fourth quarter	$ 37.71	$ 27.87
2025		
First quarter	$ 34.32	$ 27.29
Second quarter	$ 32.37	$ 21.50
Third quarter	$ 26.12	$ 17.66
Fourth quarter	$ 28.14	$ 21.43
2026		
First quarter	$ 31.00	$ 24.08
Second quarter	$ 37.74	$ 27.13
Third quarter	$ 52.56	$ 32.92
Fourth quarter (through November 9, 2026)	$ 52.76	$ 52.01

On November 9, 2026, the closing sale price of our common stock was $52.75 per share. On November 9, 2026, there were approximately 41 record holders and approximately 24,800 beneficial owners of our common stock.

Dividends

We have never declared or paid cash dividends on our common stock. We currently plan to retain any earnings to finance the growth of our business rather than to pay cash dividends. Payments of any cash dividends in the future will depend on our financial condition, results of operations, statutory restrictions, loan covenants and capital requirements as well as other factors deemed relevant by our Board of Directors (such as market expectations). In addition, under the Merger Agreement, we may not declare or pay any dividend on our common stock prior to the completion of the Merger without the prior written consent of Parent.

Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer

The following table presents information with respect to our repurchases of our common stock during the three months ended September 30, 2026.

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)(2)	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares that may be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (3)
July 1, 2026 to July 31, 2026	—	$ —	—	2,901,073
August 1, 2026 to August 31, 2026	—	—	—	1,916,443
September 1, 2026 to September 30, 2026	156,130	52.30	—	1,912,046
Total	156,130	$ 52.30	—	1,912,046

(1) Under the terms of the share repurchase program announced on March 4, 2026, the Company is authorized to purchase up to $100 million of its common stock through March 31, 2028. Under the Merger Agreement, we may not repurchase shares of our common stock prior to the completion of the Merger without the prior written consent of Parent, other than in connection with the forfeiture, net settlement or tax withholding of equity awards, and we do not expect to repurchase shares under the program while the Merger is pending.

(2) 156,130 shares reported in September 2026 are attributable to shares tendered by employees for the payment of applicable withholding taxes in connection with the vesting of restricted stock or restricted stock unit awards.

(3) The maximum number of shares that may be purchased is calculated based on the share price at the end of period.

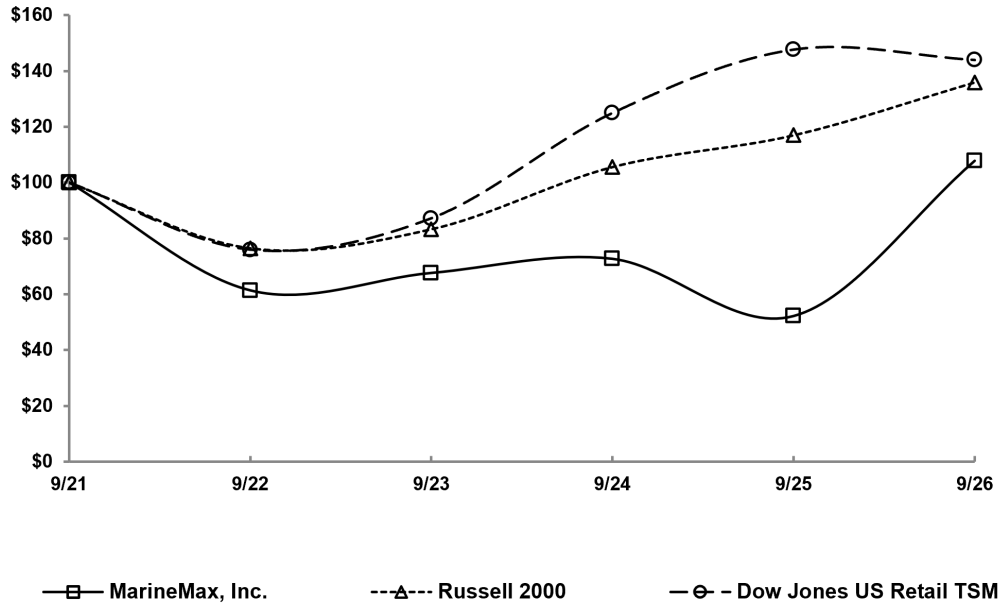
Performance Graph

The following line graph compares cumulative total shareholder returns for the five years ended September 30, 2026 for (i) our common stock, (ii) the Russell 2000 Index, and (iii) the Dow Jones US Retail Total Stock Market Index. The graph assumes an investment of $100 on September 30, 2021. The calculations of cumulative shareholder return on the Russell 2000 Index and the Dow Jones US Retail Total Stock Market Index include reinvestment of dividends. The calculation of cumulative shareholder return on our

common stock does not include reinvestment of dividends because we did not pay any dividends during the measurement period. The historical performance shown is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

COMPARISON OF 5 YEAR CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN*

Among MarineMax, Inc., the Russell 2000 Index
and the Dow Jones US Retail TSM Index



*$100 invested on 9/30/21 in stock or index, including reinvestment of dividends.
Fiscal year ending September 30.

Copyright© 2026 S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, a division of S&P Global. All rights reserved.
Copyright© 2026 Russell Investment Group. All rights reserved.

The performance graph above shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act or otherwise subject to the liability of that section. The performance graph above will not be deemed incorporated by reference into any filing of our company under the Exchange Act or the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Item 6. [Reserved]

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following should be read in conjunction with Part I, including the matters set forth in the "Risk Factors" section of this report, and our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this report. This section of this Form 10-K generally discusses fiscal 2026 and 2025 items and year-to-year comparisons between fiscal 2026 and 2025. Discussions of fiscal 2024 items and year-to-year comparisons between fiscal 2025 and 2024 that are not included in this Form 10-K can be found in the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in Part II, Item 7 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025.

Overview

We believe we are the world's largest recreational boat and yacht retailer, marina operator and superyacht services company. Through our over 70 retail locations in 21 states, we sell new and used recreational boats and related marine products, including engines, trailers, parts, and accessories. We also arrange related boat financing, insurance, and extended service contracts; provide boat repair and maintenance services; offer yacht and boat brokerage sales; and, where available, offer slip and storage accommodations. In the British Virgin Islands, we offer the charter of catamarans, through MarineMax Vacations. We also own Fraser Yachts Group, a leading superyacht brokerage and luxury yacht services company with operations in multiple countries, Northrop & Johnson, another leading superyacht brokerage and services company with operations in multiple countries, SkipperBud's, one of the largest boat sales, brokerage, service and marina/storage groups in the United States, and Cruisers Yachts, a manufacturer of sport yacht and yachts, including Aviara luxury dayboats, with sales through our select retail dealership locations and through independent dealers.

Proposed Merger

On August 9, 2026, we entered into the Merger Agreement with Parent and Merger Sub, which are both affiliates of Safe Harbor Marinas, LLC, a portfolio company of Blackstone Infrastructure Partners L.P. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, Merger Sub will merge with and into MarineMax, with MarineMax as the surviving corporation of the Merger and becoming an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Parent in accordance with the FBCA. At the Effective Time, each issued and outstanding share of our common stock as of immediately prior to the Effective Time (other than those (i) held by MarineMax, or (ii) owned, directly or indirectly, by Parent or Merger Sub) will convert automatically into the right to receive $53.00 per share in cash, without interest thereon and less any required tax withholdings. If the Merger is consummated, our common stock will be delisted from the NYSE and deregistered under the Exchange Act. The waiting period under the HSR Act applicable to the Merger expired at 11:59pm on October 30, 2026, and the governmental approvals and clearances required under the Merger Agreement under applicable foreign antitrust and foreign direct investment laws has been received. The special meeting of the Company's shareholders was held on November 11, 2026, and the shareholder approval required under the Merger Agreement has been received. Assuming the satisfaction or waiver (in accordance with the terms of the Merger Agreement) of the remaining closing conditions, MarineMax anticipates that the Merger will close by the end of the calendar year 2026. The closing of the Merger may not occur prior to December 7, 2026 without the prior written consent of Parent.

In connection with the proposed Merger, we have incurred significant costs during fiscal 2026 and expect to continue to incur additional financial advisory, legal, accounting, and other professional fees prior to and upon the completion of the Merger, which could be significant.

Additional information is included in Item 1A, "Risk Factors," and in the Proxy Statement.

Our Business

In October 2023, we acquired AGY, a luxury charter management agency based in Athens, Greece. In March 2024, we acquired Williams, a premier distributor and retailer for UK-based Williams Jet Tenders Ltd., the world's leading manufacturer of rigid inflatable jet tenders for the luxury yacht market. In March 2024, we also acquired Native Marine, a boat dealer based in Islamorada, Florida. In October 2024, our Cruisers Yachts subsidiary assumed the rights to MasterCraft's Aviara brand of luxury dayboats. In January 2025, we acquired the service and parts departments at our retail location in Panama City Beach, Florida. In March 2025, we acquired Shelter Bay Marina in Marathon, Florida.

MarineMax was incorporated in January 1998 (and reincorporated in Florida in March 2015). We commenced operations with the acquisition of five independent recreational boat dealers on March 1, 1998. Since the initial acquisitions in March 1998, we have, as of the filing of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, acquired 37 recreational boat dealers, five boat brokerage operations, six superyacht service companies, two full-service yacht repair operations and three boat and yacht manufacturers. As a part of our acquisition strategy, we frequently engage in discussions with various recreational boat dealers regarding their potential acquisition by us. Potential acquisition discussions frequently take place over a long period of time and involve difficult business integration and other issues, including, in some cases, management succession and related matters. As a result of these and other factors, a number of potential acquisitions that from time to time appear likely to occur do not result in binding legal agreements and are not consummated. We

completed three acquisitions in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, three acquisitions in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025, and no acquisitions in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026.

General economic conditions and consumer spending patterns can negatively impact our operating results. Unfavorable local, regional, national or global economic developments or uncertainties regarding future economic prospects could reduce consumer spending in the markets we serve and adversely affect our business. Economic conditions in areas in which we operate dealerships, particularly Florida where we generated approximately 52%, 54%, and 53% of our dealership revenue during fiscal 2026, 2025, and 2024, respectively, can have a major impact on our operations. Local influences, such as corporate downsizing, military base closings, and inclement weather such as hurricanes and other storms, environmental conditions, and specific events, such as the BP oil spill in the Gulf of Mexico in 2010, also could adversely affect, and in certain instances have adversely affected, our operations in certain markets.

In an economic downturn, consumer discretionary spending levels generally decline, at times resulting in disproportionately large reductions in the sale of luxury goods. Consumer spending on luxury goods also may decline as a result of lower consumer confidence levels, even if prevailing economic conditions are favorable. Additionally, the Federal Reserve's increases of its benchmark interest rate resulted in significantly higher long-term interest rates, which negatively impacted, and may continue to negatively impact, our customers' willingness or desire to purchase our products. As a result, an economic downturn or inflation could impact us more than certain of our competitors due to our strategic focus on a higher end of our market.. Although we have expanded our operations during periods of stagnant or modestly declining industry trends, the cyclical nature of the recreational boating industry or the lack of industry growth may adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations. Any period of adverse economic conditions, low consumer confidence or inflation is likely to have a negative effect on our business.

Historically, in periods of lower consumer spending and depressed economic conditions, we have, among other things, substantially reduced our acquisition program, delayed new store openings, reduced our inventory purchases, engaged in inventory reduction efforts, closed a number of our retail locations, reduced our headcount, and amended and replaced our credit facility.

Although past economic conditions have adversely affected our operating results, we believe during and after such conditions we have capitalized on our core strengths to substantially outperform the industry, resulting in market share gains. Our ability to capture such market share supports the alignment of our retailing strategies with the desires of consumers. We believe the steps we have taken to address weak market conditions in the past have yielded, and we believe are likely to yield in the future, an increase in revenue. Acquisitions remain an important strategy for us, and, subject to a number of conditions, including macro-economic conditions and finding attractive acquisition targets, we plan to explore opportunities through this strategy. We expect our core strengths and retailing strategies including our digital platform, will position us to capitalize on growth opportunities as they occur and will allow us to emerge with greater earnings potential.

As of September 30, 2026, the Retail Operations segment includes the activity of over 70 retail locations in Alabama, California, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Texas, Washington and Wisconsin, where we sell new and used recreational boats, including pleasure and fishing boats, with a focus on premium brands in each segment. We also sell related marine products, including engines, trailers, parts, and accessories. In addition, we provide repair, maintenance, and slip and storage rentals; we arrange related boat financing, insurance, and extended service contracts; and we offer boat and yacht brokerage sales, and yacht charter services. In the British Virgin Islands, we offer the charter of catamarans through MarineMax Vacations. Fraser Yachts Group and Northrop & Johnson, leading superyacht brokerage and luxury yacht services companies with operations in multiple countries, are also included in this segment. Through IGY Marinas, which is also included in this segment, we maintain a network of strategically positioned luxury marinas situated in yachting and sport fishing destinations around the world. The Retail Operations segment includes the majority of all corporate costs.

As of September 30, 2026, the Product Manufacturing segment includes activity of Cruisers Yachts and Intrepid Powerboats. Cruisers Yachts, a wholly-owned MarineMax subsidiary, manufactures sport yacht and yachts, including Aviara luxury dayboats, with sales through our select retail dealership locations and through independent dealers. Cruisers Yachts is recognized as one of the world's premier manufacturers of premium sport yacht and yachts, producing models from 33' to 60' feet. Intrepid Powerboats, also a wholly-owned MarineMax subsidiary, is a producer of customized boats. Intrepid Powerboats sells through our retail dealership locations as well as independent dealers and has received many awards and accolades for its innovations and high-quality craftsmanship that create industry leading products in their categories.

Critical Accounting Estimates

We have identified the policies below as critical to our business operations and the understanding of our results of operations. The impact and risks related to these policies on our business operations are discussed throughout "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" when such policies affect our reported and expected financial results.

In the ordinary course of business, we make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of results of operations and financial condition in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally

accepted in the United States. We base our estimates on historical experiences and on various other assumptions (including future earnings) that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances. The results of these assumptions form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities, including contingent assets and liabilities such as contingent consideration liabilities from acquisitions, which are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimates under different assumptions and conditions. We believe that the following discussion addresses our most critical accounting policies, which are those that are most important to the portrayal of our financial condition and results of operations and require our most difficult, subjective, and complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain.

Revenue Recognition

We recognize revenue from boat, motor, and trailer sales upon transfer of control of the boat, motor, or trailer to the customer, which is generally upon acceptance of the boat, motor, and trailer by the customer and the satisfaction of our performance obligations. The transaction price is determined with the customer at the time of sale. Customers may trade in a used boat to apply toward the purchase of a new or used boat. The trade-in is a type of noncash consideration measured at fair value, based on external and internal observable and unobservable market data and applied as payment to the contract price for the purchased boat. At the time of acceptance, the customer is able to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the benefits of the boat, motor, or trailer. We recognize commissions earned from a brokerage sale when the related brokerage transaction closes upon transfer of control of the boat, motor, or trailer to the customer, which is generally upon acceptance by the customer.

We do not directly finance our customers' boat, motor, or trailer purchases. In many cases, we assist with third-party financing for boat, motor, and trailer sales. We recognize commissions earned by us for placing notes with financial institutions in connection with customer boat financing when we recognize the related boat sales. Pursuant to negotiated agreements with financial institutions, we are charged back for a portion of these fees should the customer terminate or default on the related finance contract before it is outstanding for a stipulated minimum period of time. We base the chargeback allowance, which was not material to the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole as of September 30, 2026 and 2025, on our experience with repayments or defaults on the related finance contracts. We recognize variable consideration from commissions earned on extended warranty service contracts sold on behalf of third-party insurance companies at generally the later of customer acceptance of the service contract terms as evidenced by contract execution or recognition of the related boat sale. We also recognize marketing fees earned on insurance products sold on behalf of third-party insurance companies at the later of customer acceptance of the insurance product as evidenced by contract execution or when the related boat sale is recognized.

We recognize revenue from parts and service operations (boat maintenance and repairs) over time as services are performed. Each boat maintenance and repair service is a single performance obligation that includes both the parts and labor associated with the service. Payment for boat maintenance and repairs is typically due upon the completion of the service, which is generally completed within a short period of time from contract inception. We satisfy our performance obligations, transfer control, and recognize revenue over time for parts and service operations because we are creating a contract asset with no alternative use and we have an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. Contract assets primarily relate to our right to consideration for work in process not yet billed at the reporting date associated with maintenance and repair services. Contract assets, recorded in prepaid expenses and other current assets, totaled approximately $3.5 million and $5.0 million as of September 30, 2026 and September 30, 2025, respectively.

We recognize lessor common area charges, utility sales, food and beverage sales and other ancillary goods and services. Performance obligations include performing common area maintenance and providing utilities, food and beverages, and other ancillary goods and services when goods are transferred or services are performed. Payment terms typically align with when the goods and services are provided.

We recognize revenue from service operations and slip and storage rentals over time on a straight-line basis over the term of the contract as our performance obligations are met. We recognize revenue from the rentals of chartering power yachts over time on a straight-line basis over the term of the contract as our performance obligations are met.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The cost of inventories purchased from our vendors consist of the amount paid to acquire the inventory, net of vendor consideration and purchase discounts, the cost of equipment added, reconditioning costs, inventory deposits, and transportation costs relating to acquiring inventory for sale. Trade-in used boats are initially recorded at fair value and adjusted for reconditioning and other costs. The cost of inventories that are manufactured by the Company consist of material, labor, and manufacturing overhead. Unallocated overhead and abnormal costs are expensed as incurred. New and used boats, motors, and trailers inventories are accounted for on a specific identification basis. Raw materials and parts, accessories, and other inventories are accounted for on an average cost basis. We utilize our historical experience, the aging of the inventories, and our consideration of current market trends as the basis for determining a lower of cost or net realizable value. We do not believe there is a reasonable likelihood that there will be a change in the future estimates or assumptions we use to calculate the lower of cost or net realizable value. If events occur and market conditions change, the net realizable value of our inventories could change.

Goodwill

We account for acquisitions in accordance with FASB ASC 805, "Business Combinations" ("ASC 805"), and goodwill in accordance with ASC 350, "Intangibles — Goodwill and Other" ("ASC 350"). For business combinations, the excess of the purchase price over the estimated fair value of net assets acquired in a business combination is recorded as goodwill. In accordance with ASC 350, we test goodwill for impairment at least annually and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. In fiscal year 2025, impairment tests were performed during the third and fourth fiscal quarters to facilitate changing our annual impairment test to the fourth fiscal quarter from the third fiscal quarter. In previous fiscal years, our annual impairment test was performed during the third fiscal quarter. Beginning in fiscal 2026 and thereafter, our annual impairment test was performed during the fourth fiscal quarter. If the carrying amount of a reporting unit's goodwill exceeds its fair value we recognize an impairment loss in accordance with ASC 350.

When required to be performed, a quantitative goodwill impairment test compares the carrying value of a reporting unit to its fair value, and a goodwill impairment charge results when the reporting unit's carrying value exceeds its fair value. The performance of a quantitative goodwill impairment test requires management to apply significant estimates and judgment – particularly to estimate the fair value of the Company and each of our reporting units. The Company has three reporting units: Retail Dealerships, Superyacht Services, and IGY Marinas, which are included in the Retail Operations reportable segment, and one reporting unit, Product Manufacturing, which is its own reportable segment.

When performing a quantitative goodwill impairment test, the Company utilizes the income approach (discounted cash flow method) corroborated by the market approach (guideline public company method). Under the income approach, the Company projects its future cash flows and discounts these cash flows to reflect their relative risk. The cash flows used are consistent with those the Company uses in its internal planning, which reflects actual business trends experienced and its long-term business strategy. Under the market approach, the Company uses the guideline company method to develop valuation multiples and compare the Company's reporting unit to similar publicly traded companies. In order to further validate the reasonableness of fair value as determined by the income and market approaches described above, a reconciliation to market capitalization is then performed by estimating a reasonable control premium and other market factors.

Impairment testing requires the assessment of both qualitative and quantitative factors, including, but not limited to whether there has been a significant or adverse change in the business climate that could affect the value of an asset and/or significant or adverse changes in cash flow projections or earnings forecasts. These assessments require management to make judgements, assumptions and estimates regarding the macroeconomic and industry conditions, our financial performance, and other factors and are often interdependent; therefore, they do not change in isolation. Factors and assumptions that management must estimate include, among others, revenue, margin, operating expense growth rates; discount rates, terminal growth rates, comparable public companies and historical transactions, market multiples, tax rates, capital spending, and customers' financial condition. The estimates and assumptions used in these tests are evaluated and updated as appropriate. The variability of these factors depends on a number of conditions, including uncertainty about future events, and thus our accounting estimates may change from period to period. If other assumptions and estimates had been used when these tests were performed, impairment charges could have changed.

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, the Company performed a quantitative impairment assessment of goodwill at each of our four reporting units. As a result of the declining performance of the product manufacturing reporting unit and segment the Company recognized a non-cash, pre-tax goodwill impairment charge of $69.1 million related to the product manufacturing reporting unit. There was no remaining carrying value of the goodwill for the product manufacturing reporting unit and segment as of June 30, 2025 as a result of the goodwill impairment.

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, no impairments were recorded for the reporting units: Retail Dealerships, Superyacht Services, or IGY Marinas, which are included in the Retail Operations reportable segment, as these reporting units all had fair values greater than their carrying values. The excess of fair values as compared to carrying values for the Retail Operations reportable segment reporting units ranged from 4% to 15%. Changes in the judgments, assumptions and estimates, including but not limited to:

revenue, margin, operating expense growth rates, discount rates, terminal growth rates, and other assumptions, that are used in the impairment testing for goodwill, could result in significantly different estimates of fair value for our reporting units and potentially result in additional material non-cash impairment charges.

During the three months ended September 30, 2026, the Company determined through a qualitative assessment that it is not "more likely than not" that the fair values of our reporting units are less than their carrying values. As a result, we did not perform a quantitative goodwill impairment test in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2026. The qualitative assessment requires us to make judgments and assumptions regarding macroeconomic and industry conditions, our financial performance, and other factors. We do not believe there is a reasonable likelihood that there will be a change in the judgments and assumptions used in our qualitative assessment which would result in a material effect on our operating results.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 3 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth certain financial data as a percentage of revenue for the periods indicated:

	Fiscal Year Ended September 30,					
	2026		2025		2024	
	(Amounts in thousands)					
Revenue	$ 2,163,989	100.0%	$ 2,309,288	100.0%	$ 2,431,008	100.0%
Cost of sales	1,409,817	65.1%	1,559,060	67.5%	1,629,812	67.0%
Gross profit	754,172	34.9%	750,228	32.5%	801,196	33.0%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	702,912	32.5%	647,156	28.0%	672,970	27.7%
Goodwill impairment	-	0.0%	69,055	3.0%	—	0.0%
Income from operations	51,260	2.4%	34,017	1.5%	128,226	5.3%
Interest expense	58,035	2.7%	71,158	3.1%	73,895	3.1%
(Loss) income before income taxes	(6,775)	-0.3%	(37,141)	-1.6%	54,331	2.2%
Income tax provision (benefit)	678	0.0%	(6,375)	-0.3%	15,593	0.6%
Net (loss) income	(7,453)	-0.3%	(30,766)	-1.3%	38,738	1.6%
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	745	0.1%	865	0.1%	672	0.0%
Net (loss) income attributable to MarineMax, Inc.	$ (8,198)	-0.4%	$ (31,631)	-1.4%	$ 38,066	1.6%

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2026, Compared with Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2025

Revenue. Revenue decreased $145.3 million, or 6.3%, to approximately $2.164 billion for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026 from $2.309 billion for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025. The decrease is due to a $125.2 million or 6% decrease in comparable-store sales, in addition to a $20.1 million net decrease from closed stores and manufacturing revenue that are not eligible for inclusion in comparable-store sales. The comparable-store decrease was primarily driven by decreases in new and used boat revenue as a result of the challenging retail environment, ongoing economic uncertainty, evolving trade policies and geopolitical tensions, including the Iran conflict.

Gross Profit. Gross profit increased $4.0 million, or 0.5%, to $754.2 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026 from $750.2 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025. Gross profit as a percentage of revenue increased to 34.9% for the twelve months ended September 30, 2026 from 32.5% for the twelve months ended September 30, 2025. The increase in gross profit as a percentage of revenue was attributable to modest improvements in boat margins, a greater mix of sales from our higher margin businesses, and to a lesser degree tariff refunds received related to boat sales.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased $55.7 million, or 8.6%, to $702.9 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026 from $647.2 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025. The increase in selling, general, and administrative expenses was driven by an increase in mix to our higher margin businesses, which typically carry a higher expense structure, and increased transaction and other related costs.

Interest Expense. Interest expense decreased $13.2 million to $58.0 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026, from $71.2 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025. The decrease in interest expense was primarily the result of decreased borrowings from lower inventory levels and lower interest rates.

Income Taxes. Income taxes increased $7.1 million to a provision of $0.7 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026 from a benefit of $6.4 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025, primarily as a result of an increase in income before income taxes. Our effective income tax rate decreased to 10.0% for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026, from 17.2% for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025, due primarily to the tax effect of the goodwill impairment during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025.

Quarterly Data and Seasonality

Our business, as well as the entire recreational boating industry, is highly seasonal, with seasonality varying in different geographic markets. With the exception of Florida, we generally realize significantly lower sales and higher levels of inventories, and related short-term borrowings, in the quarterly periods ending December 31 and March 31. The onset of the public boat and recreation shows in January generally stimulates boat sales and typically allows us to reduce our inventory levels and related short-term borrowings throughout the remainder of the fiscal year. Our business could become substantially more seasonal if we acquire additional dealers that operate in colder regions of the United States, or other parts of the world, or close retail locations in warm climates.

Our business is also subject to weather patterns, which may adversely affect our results of operations. For example, prolonged winter conditions, drought conditions (or merely reduced rainfall levels) or excessive rain, may limit access to area boating locations or render boating dangerous or inconvenient, thereby curtailing customer demand for our products. In addition, unseasonably cool weather and prolonged winter conditions may lead to a shorter selling season in certain locations. Hurricanes and other storms could result in disruptions of our operations or damage to our boat inventories and facilities, as has been the case when Florida and other markets were affected by hurricanes, such as Hurricanes Harvey and Irma in 2017, Hurricane Ian in 2022, and Hurricanes Helene and Milton in 2024. Although we believe our geographic diversity is likely to reduce the overall impact to us of adverse weather conditions in any one market area, these conditions will continue to represent potential, material adverse risks to us and our future financial performance.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our cash needs are primarily for working capital to support operations, including new and used boat and related parts inventories, off-season liquidity, and growth through acquisitions. Acquisitions remain an important strategy for us, and, subject to the restrictions on the conduct of our business under the Merger Agreement while the Merger is pending, we plan to continue our growth through this strategy in appropriate circumstances. We cannot predict the length of prevailing economic or financial conditions. We regularly monitor the aging of our inventories and current market trends (including supply chain issues) to evaluate our current and future inventory needs. We also use this evaluation in conjunction with our review of our current and expected operating performance and expected business levels to determine the extent of our financing needs.

These cash needs historically have been financed with cash generated from operations and borrowings under the New Credit Facility (described below). Our ability to utilize the New Credit Facility to fund operations depends upon the collateral levels and compliance with the covenants of the New Credit Facility. Any turmoil in the credit markets and weakness in the retail markets may interfere with our ability to remain in compliance with the covenants of the New Credit Facility and therefore affect our ability to utilize the New Credit Facility to fund operations. As of September 30, 2026, we were in compliance with all covenants under the New Credit Facility. We currently depend upon dividends and other payments from our businesses and the New Credit Facility to fund our current operations and meet our cash needs. As the majority owner of each of our businesses, we determine the amounts of such distributions subject to applicable law, and currently, no agreements exist that restrict this flow of funds from our businesses.

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, cash provided by operating activities was approximately $149.9 million and $72.8 million, respectively. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 cash used in operating activities was approximately $25.7 million. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026, cash provided by operating activities was primarily related to decreases in inventory, decreases in accounts receivable, increases in contract liabilities (customer deposits), accrued expenses and other liabilities and our net loss adjusted for non-cash expenses such as depreciation and amortization expense and stock-based compensation expense, partially offset by decreases in accounts payable, and prepaid expenses and other current assets. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025, cash provided by operating activities was primarily related to decreases in inventory, increases in accounts payable, and our net loss adjusted for non-cash expenses such as depreciation and amortization expense, goodwill impairment expense, and stock-based compensation expense, partially offset by decreases in contract liabilities (customer deposits), decreases in accrued expenses and other liabilities, and increases in accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and other current assets. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, cash used in operating activities was primarily related to increases in inventory, increases in accounts receivable, decreases in contract liabilities (customer deposits) and decreases in accounts payable, partially offset by increases in accrued expenses and other liabilities, our net income adjusted for non-cash expenses and gains such as depreciation and amortization expense, deferred income tax provision, and stock-based compensation expense.

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024, cash used in investing activities was approximately $21.7 million, $55.6 million and $81.3 million, respectively. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026, cash used in investing activities was primarily used to purchase property and equipment associated with improving existing retail facilities, partially offset by proceeds from the sale of property and equipment and other assets, and proceeds from insurance settlements. For the fiscal year ended September 30,

2025, cash used in investing activities was primarily used to purchase property and equipment associated with improving existing retail facilities, acquisitions, and issuance of notes receivable, partially offset by proceeds from the sale of property and equipment and other assets, proceeds from the acquisition of a trade name, and proceeds from insurance settlements. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, cash used in investing activities was primarily used for business acquisitions and to purchase property and equipment associated with improving existing retail facilities, partially offset by proceeds from the sale of property and equipment and insurance settlements.

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, cash used in financing activities was approximately $141.6 million and $72.0 million, respectively. For the fiscal year ended September 30 2024, cash provided by financing activities was approximately $128.5 million. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026, cash used in financing activities was primarily attributable to net decreases in short-term borrowings, which solely consisted of the Floor Plan, payments for long-term debt, payments of debt issuance, debt extinguishments and other financing costs, contingent consideration payments from acquisitions and payments on tax withholdings for equity awards, partially offset by net proceeds from issuance of common stock under incentive compensation and employee purchase plans. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025, cash used in financing activities was primarily attributable to payments for long-term debt, contingent consideration payments from acquisitions, payments on tax withholdings for equity awards and purchases of treasury stock, partially offset by increased short term borrowings, which solely consisted of the Floor Plan (as defined below), proceeds from long-term debt and net proceeds from issuance of common stock under incentive compensation and employee purchase plans. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, cash provided by financing activities was primarily attributable to increased short term borrowings, which solely consisted of the Floor Plan, and net proceeds from issuance of common stock under incentive compensation and employee purchase plans, partially offset by payments on tax withholdings for equity awards, payments for long-term debt, purchases of treasury stock, and contingent acquisition consideration payments.

The New Credit Facility provides the Company short-term borrowing in the form of a line of credit with asset-based borrowing availability (the "Floor Plan") of up to $950 million and establishes a revolving credit facility in the maximum amount of $150 million (including a $20 million swingline facility and a $20 million letter of credit sublimit). The New Credit Facility also continues $302.5 million of term loans outstanding under the prior credit facility and provides an $85 million delayed draw mortgage loan facility. As of
September 30, 2026, we were in compliance with all of the covenants under the New Credit Facility. As of September 30, 2026, our available borrowings under the delayed draw mortgage loan facility were approximately $54 million, and our available borrowings under the revolving credit facility were approximately $136 million.

The interest rate is (a) for amounts outstanding under the Floor Plan, 3.25% above the one month secured term rate as administered by the CME Group Benchmark Administration Limited (CBA) ("SOFR"), (b) for amounts outstanding under the revolving credit facility or the term loan facility, a range of 1.50% to 2.0%, depending on the total net leverage ratio, above the one month, three month, or six month term SOFR rate, and (c) for amounts outstanding under the mortgage loan facility, 2.20% above the one month, three month, or six month term SOFR rate. The alternate base rate with a margin is available for amounts outstanding under the revolving credit, term, and mortgage loan facilities and the Euro Interbank Offered Rate plus a margin is available for borrowings in Euro or other currencies other than dollars under the revolving credit facility. Borrowings, if any, in other currencies
approved as alternative currencies under the revolving credit facility bear interest at a separately designated benchmark rate plus a margin, as approved by the administrative agent and the lenders in connection with the approval of such currency.

Advances under the Floor Plan are initiated by the acquisition of eligible new and used inventory or are re-advanced against eligible new and used inventory that have been partially paid-off. Advances on new inventory will generally mature 1,080 days from the original invoice date. Advances on used inventory will mature 361 days from the date we acquire the used inventory. Each advance is subject to a curtailment schedule, which requires that we pay down the balance of each advance on a periodic basis starting six months after receiving such advance. The curtailment schedule varies based on the type and value of the inventory. The collateral for the New Credit Facility is primarily the Company's inventory that is financed through the New Credit Facility and related accounts receivable. The New Credit Facility is secured by the Company's personal property assets including, but not limited to, inventory and related accounts receivable. The mortgage loans are also secured by the real estate pledged as collateral for such loans.

As of September 30, 2026, our indebtedness associated with our short-term borrowings, which solely consisted of the Floor Plan, and our long-term debt totaled approximately $613.7 million and $324.4 million, respectively. As of September 30, 2026, short-term borrowings, which solely consisted of the Floor Plan, and long-term debt recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheets included unamortized debt issuance costs of approximately $2.1 million and $1.6 million, respectively. Refer to Note 11 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for disclosure of borrowing availability, interest rates, and terms of our short-term borrowings (Floor Plan) and long-term debt.

Except as specified in this "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and in the attached consolidated financial statements, we have no material commitments for capital for the next 12 months. Based on the information currently available to us (including the impacts on consumer demand of the current supply chain and inventory challenges, economic uncertainty, evolving trade policies, inflation, and interest rates, all of which are uncertain), we believe that the cash generated from sales and our existing capital resources will be adequate to meet our liquidity and capital requirements for at least the next 12 months, except in the case of possible significant acquisitions.

Commitments and Commercial Commitments

The following table sets forth a summary of our material contractual obligations and commercial commitments as of September 30, 2026:

	Payments Due by Period Ending September 30,				
	Total	Less Than 1 Year (2027)	1-3 Years (2028 and 2029)	3-5 Years (2030 and 2031)	More Than 5 Years (2032 and thereafter)
	(Amounts in thousands)				
Short-term borrowings (Floor Plan) (1)	$ 615,811	$ 615,811	$ —	$ —	$ —
Long-term debt (2)	$ 357,431	31,448	65,856	258,983	1,144
Other liabilities (3)	$ 1,600	1,328	272	—	—
Operating leases (4)	$ 321,265	17,699	36,327	30,806	236,433
Total	$ 1,296,107	$ 666,286	$ 102,455	$ 289,789	$ 237,577

(1) Estimates of future interest payments for short-term borrowings have been excluded in the tabular presentation. Amounts due are contingent upon the outstanding balances and the variable interest rates. Refer to Note 11 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for disclosure of borrowing availability, interest rates, and terms of our short-term borrowings.

(2) The amounts included in long-term debt refers to future cash principal payments. Refer to Note 11 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for disclosure of borrowing availability, interest rates, and terms of our long-term debt.

(3) The amounts included in other liabilities consist primarily of our estimated liability for claims on certain workers' compensation insurance policies and estimated future contingent consideration payments.

(4) Amounts for operating lease commitments do not include certain operating expenses such as maintenance, insurance, and real estate taxes. These amounts are not a material component of operating expenses.

Item 7A. ***Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk***

Interest Rate Risk

We are exposed to risk from changes in interest rates on our outstanding indebtedness. Changes in the underlying interest rates on our short-term borrowings and long-term debt, which have variable interest rates, could affect our earnings. For example, a hypothetical 100 basis point, 200 basis point, or 300 basis point increase in the interest rate would result in an increase of approximately $9.4 million, $18.8 million, or $28.3 million, respectively, in annual pre-tax interest expense. These estimated increases are based upon the outstanding balance of our short-term borrowings and long-term debt as of September 30, 2026 and assume no mitigating changes by us to reduce the outstanding balances and no additional interest assistance that could be received from vendors due to the interest rate increase.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

Products purchased from European-based and Chinese-based manufacturers are transacted in U.S. dollars. Fluctuations in the U.S. dollar exchange rate may impact the retail price at which we can sell foreign products. Accordingly, fluctuations in the value of other currencies compared with the U.S. dollar may impact the price points at which we can profitably sell such foreign products, and such price points may not be competitive with other products in the United States. Thus, such fluctuations in exchange rates ultimately may impact the amount of revenue, cost of goods sold, cash flows and earnings we recognize for such foreign products. We cannot predict the effects of exchange rate fluctuations on our operating results. In certain cases, we may enter into foreign currency cash flow hedges to reduce the variability of cash flows associated with forecasted purchases of boats and yachts from European-based and Chinese-based manufacturers. We are not currently engaged in foreign currency exchange hedging transactions to manage our foreign currency exposure. If and when we do engage in foreign currency exchange hedging transactions, there can be no assurance that our strategies will adequately protect our operating results from the effects of exchange rate fluctuations.

Additionally, the Fraser Yachts Group, Northrop & Johnson and IGY Marinas have transactions and balances denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. Most of the transactions not denominated in U.S. dollars are denominated in euros. Net revenues recognized whose functional currency was not the U.S. dollar were approximately 6% of our total revenues in fiscal 2026.

Item 8. ***Financial Statements and Supplementary Data***

Reference is made to the financial statements, the notes thereto, and the report thereon, commencing on page F-1 of this report, which financial statements, notes, and report are incorporated herein by reference.

Item 9. ***Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure***

None.

Item 9A. ***Controls and Procedures***

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that material information required to be disclosed by us in Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, such officers have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level.

Changes in Internal Controls

During the quarter ended September 30, 2026, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that materially affected, or were reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Limitations on the Effectiveness of Controls

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Although our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives, because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the control. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, a control may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

CEO and CFO Certifications

Exhibits 31.1 and 31.2 are the Certifications of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, respectively. The Certifications are required in accordance with Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the "Section 302 Certifications"). This Item of this report, which you are currently reading, contains the information concerning the Evaluation referred to in the Section 302 Certifications and this information should be read in conjunction with the Section 302 Certifications for a more complete understanding of the topics presented.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act. Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2026 as required by Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(c). In making this assessment, we used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission in Internal Control — Integrated

Framework (2013). Based on its evaluation, our management concluded that its internal control over financial reporting was effective as of September 30, 2026.

Our internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2026, has been audited by KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report which appears herein.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors
MarineMax, Inc.:

Opinion on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

We have audited MarineMax, Inc. and subsidiaries' (the Company) internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2026, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2026, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated balance sheets of the Company as of September 30, 2026 and 2025, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended September 30, 2026, and the related notes (collectively, the consolidated financial statements), and our report dated November 16, 2026 expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements.

Basis for Opinion

The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Tampa, Florida
November 16, 2026

Item 9B. ***Other Information***

Insider trading arrangements and policies. During the three months ended September 30, 2026, none of the Company's officers or directors adopted or terminated any contract, instruction or written plan for the purchase or sale of Company securities that was intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c) or any "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as defined in Item 408(c) of Regulation S-K.

Item 9C. ***Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections.***

Not applicable.

PART III

Item 10. ***Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance***

The information required by this Item relating to our directors and corporate governance is incorporated herein by reference to the definitive Proxy Statement (particularly under the caption "Corporate Governance") to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Exchange Act for our 2027 Annual Meeting of Shareholders (the "2027 Proxy Statement"). The information required by this Item relating to our executive officers is included in "Business — Executive Officers."

We have adopted a code of ethics that applies to our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, and other senior accounting personnel. The "Code of Ethics for the CEO and Senior Financial Officers" is located on our website at *www.MarineMax.com* in the Investor Relations section under Corporate Governance.

We intend to satisfy the disclosure requirement under Item 5.05(c) of Form 8-K regarding any amendment to, or waiver from, a provision of this code of ethics by posting such information on our website, at the address and location specified above.

The Company has adopted an insider trading policy governing the purchase, sale and/or other dispositions of the Company's securities that applies to its officers, directors and employees as well as other covered persons. The Company believes its insider trading policy and repurchase procedures are reasonably designed to promote compliance with insider trading laws, rules and regulations, and listing standards applicable to the Company. A copy of the Company's insider trading policy is filed as Exhibit 19 to this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 11. ***Executive Compensation***

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the 2027 Proxy Statement (particularly under the caption "Executive Compensation").

Item 12. ***Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters***

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the 2027 Proxy Statement (particularly under the caption "Security Ownership of Principal Shareholders, Directors, and Officers").

Item 13. ***Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence***

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the 2027 Proxy Statement (particularly under the caption "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions").

Item 14. ***Principal Accountant Fees and Services***

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to the 2027 Proxy Statement (particularly under the caption "Ratification of Appointment of Independent Auditor").

PART IV

Item 15. ***Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules***

(a) Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedules

(1) **Financial Statements.** Financial Statements are listed in the Index to Consolidated Financial Statements on page F-1 of this report.

(2) **Financial Statement Schedules.** No financial statement schedules are included because such schedules are not applicable, are not required, or because required information is included in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto.

(3) **Exhibits.** See Item 15(b) below.

(b) Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Exhibit
2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated February 25, 2015, by and between MarineMax, Inc. and MarineMax Reincorporation, Inc. (1)
2.2	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated August 9, 2026, by and among SHM Holdco, LLC, Intrepid Holdco, Inc., and MarineMax, Inc. (31)
3.1	Articles of Incorporation of the Registrant. (2)
3.2	Bylaws of the Registrant. (26)
4.1	Specimen of Common Stock Certificate.(3)
4.2	Description of Securities. (21)
10.1*	Employment Agreement, dated November 29, 2018, between Registrant and William H. McGill Jr., as amended. (4)
10.1(b)*	Employment Agreement, dated November 29, 2018, between Registrant and Michael H. McLamb, as amended. (4)
10.1(c)*	Employment Agreement, dated November 29, 2018, between Registrant and William Brett McGill. (4)
10.1(d)*	Key Executive Retention Agreement, dated February 25, 2021, by and between MarineMax, Inc. and Anthony Cassella. (5)
10.1(e)*	Key Executive Retention Agreement, dated February 25, 2021, by and between MarineMax, Inc. and Charles Cashman. (5)
10.1(f)*	Key Executive Retention Agreement, dated May 17, 2024, by and between MarineMax, Inc. and Manuel Alvare, III (25)
10.1(g)*	Key Executive Retention Agreement, dated June 2, 2023, by and between MarineMax, Inc. and Kyle Langbehn.
10.1(h)*	Key Executive Retention Agreement, dated June 2, 2023, by and between MarineMax, Inc. and Shawn Berg.
10.2*	Amended 2008 Employee Stock Purchase Plan. (6)
10.3*	2011 Stock-Based Compensation Plan. (7)
10.3(a)*	Form Stock Option Agreement for 2011 Stock-Based Compensation Plan. (8)
10.3(b)*	Form Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement for 2011 Stock-Based Compensation Plan. (8)
10.4*	2021 Stock-Based Compensation Plan. (10)
10.5	Sales and Service Agreement, dated October 30, 2020, between Registrant and Boston Whaler, Inc. (18)
10.6	Sales and Service Agreement, dated October 30, 2020, between Registrant and Sea Ray Division of Brunswick Corporation. (18)
10.7	Agreement Relating to Acquisitions between Registrant and Brunswick Corporation, dated December 7, 2005. (9)
10.7(a)	Amendment, executed October 17, 2014, to Agreement Relating to Acquisitions between Registrant and Brunswick Corporation, dated December 7, 2005. (11)
10.7(b)	Sea Ray Sales and Service Agreement. (9)
10.7(c)†	Sea Ray Sales and Service Agreement, executed October 17, 2014, by and between MarineMax East, Inc. and Sea Ray, a Division of Brunswick Corporation. (11)
10.7(d)†	Sea Ray Sales and Service Agreement, executed October 17, 2014, by and between MarineMax Northeast, LLC, and Sea Ray, a Division of Brunswick Corporation. (11)
10.7(e)†	Sea Ray Sales and Service Agreement, executed October 17, 2014, by and between MarineMax, Inc. and Sea Ray, a Division of Brunswick Corporation. (11)
10.7(f)†	Boston Whaler Sales and Service Agreement, executed December 5, 2014, by and between MarineMax East, Inc. and Boston Whaler, a Division of Brunswick Corporation. (12)
10.7(g)†	Boston Whaler Sales and Service Agreement, executed December 5, 2014, by and between MarineMax Northeast, LLC, and Boston Whaler, a Division of Brunswick Corporation. (12)
10.7(h)†	Boston Whaler Sales and Service Agreement, executed December 5, 2014, by and between MarineMax, Inc. and Boston Whaler, a Division of Brunswick Corporation. (12)

Exhibit Number	Exhibit
10.8 #	Loan and Security Agreement, dated May 20, 2020, by and among MarineMax, Inc. and its subsidiaries, Wells Fargo Commercial Distribution Finance, LLC, M&T Bank, Bank of the West, and Truist Bank. (13)
10.8(a) #	Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated July 9, 2021, by and among MarineMax, Inc. and its subsidiaries, Wells Fargo Commercial Distribution Finance, LLC, M&T Bank, Bank of the West, and Truist Bank. (21)
10.8(b) #	Sixth Amended and Restated Program Terms Letter, dated May 20, 2020, by and among MarineMax, Inc. and its subsidiaries, as Borrowers, and Wells Fargo Commercial Distribution Finance, LLC. (13)
10.8(c) #	Seventh Amended and Restated Program Terms Letter, dated July 9, 2021, by and among MarineMax, Inc. and its subsidiaries, as Borrowers, Wells Fargo Commercial Distribution Finance, LLC, Bank of America, N.A., PNC Bank, and New York Community Bank. (21)
10.8(d)	First Omnibus Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement and Seventh Amended and Restated Program Terms Letter, effective as of October 1, 2021, by and among MarineMax, Inc. and its subsidiaries, and Wells Fargo Commercial Distribution Finance, LLC., M&T Bank, Bank of the West, Inc., and Truist Bank. (14)
10.8(e)	Second Omnibus Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, Seventh Amended and Restated Program Terms Letter, Joinder, and Consent Agreement, dated November 1, 2021, by and among MarineMax, Inc. and its subsidiaries, and Wells Fargo Commercial Distribution Finance, LLC. (14)
10.9	Director Fee Share Purchase Program. (15)
10.10*	Severance Policy for Key Executives. (16)
10.11†	Dealership Agreement dated September 1, 2008 by and between MarineMax Northeast, LLC and Azimut Benetti S.p.A. (17)
10.11(a)	First Amendment dated June 22, 2010 to Dealership Agreement dated September 1, 2008, by and between MarineMax Northeast, LLC and Azimut Benetti S.p.A. (17)
10.11(b)	Second Amendment dated February 29, 2012 to Dealership Agreement dated September 1, 2008, by and between MarineMax Northeast, LLC and Azimut Benetti S.p.A. (17)
10.11(c)	Third Amendment dated July 21, 2012 to Dealership Agreement dated September 1, 2008, by and between MarineMax Northeast, LLC and Azimut Benetti S.p.A. (17)
10.12†	Dealership Agreement dated September 1, 2008 by and between MarineMax East, LLC and Azimut Benetti S.p.A. (17)
10.12(a)	First Amendment dated June 22, 2010 to Dealership Agreement dated September 1, 2008, by and between MarineMax East, Inc. and Azimut Benetti S.p.A. (17)
10.12(b)	Second Amendment dated February 29, 2012 to Dealership Agreement dated September 1, 2008, by and between MarineMax East, Inc. and Azimut Benetti S.p.A. (17)
10.12(c)	Third Amendment dated July 21, 2012 to Dealership Agreement dated September 1, 2008, by and between MarineMax East, Inc. and Azimut Benetti S.p.A. (17)
10.12(d)	Fourth Amendment dated August 21, 2013 to Dealership Agreement dated September 1, 2008, by and between MarineMax East, Inc. and Azimut Benetti S.p.A. (17)
10.13 #	Equity Purchase Agreement dated October 1, 2020, by and among Skipper Marine Holdings, Inc., SSY Holdings, Inc., Michael J. Pretasky, Sr., Michael John Pretasky, Jr. 2014 Trust, Mark Ellerbrock, and Robert Ross Tefft, Jr., Michael J. Pretasky, Jr., and MarineMax, Inc. (18)
10.14 #	Stock Purchase Agreement, dated May 2, 2021, by and between Kenneth C. Stock, Georgia Stock and the Kenneth C. Stock and Georgia Stock 2020 Trust; Kenneth C. Stock, as the representative of the Sellers; and MarineMax Products, Inc. (19)
10.15 #	Securities Purchase Agreement, dated August 8, 2022, among MarineMax, Inc., MarineMax East, Inc., Island Global Yachting LLC, Island Marina Holdings LLC, Island Marinas Subsidiary Corp. (20)
10.16 #	Credit Agreement, dated August 8, 2022, among MarineMax, Inc., Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company as Administrative Agent, Swingline Lender, and Issuing Bank, Wells Fargo Commercial Distribution Finance, LLC, as Floor Plan Agent, and the lenders party thereto. (20)
10.17 #	First Amendment and Consent to Credit Agreement, dated June 15, 2023, by and among MarineMax, Inc., the other loan parties thereto, the lenders party thereto, Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company as Administrative Agent, Swingline Lender and Issuing Bank and Wells Fargo Commercial Distribution Finance, LLC, as Floor Plan Agent. (22)
10.18 #	Second Amendment to Credit Agreement, Incremental Amendment and Floor Plan Increase, dated July 12, 2023, among MarineMax, Inc., Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company as Administrative Agent, Wells Fargo Commercial Distribution Finance, LLC, as Floor Plan Agent, and the lenders party thereto. (23)
10.19 #	Third Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated March 27, 2024, by and among MarineMax, Inc., the other loan parties thereto, the lenders party thereto, Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company as Administrative Agent, Swingline Lender and Issuing Bank and Wells Fargo Commercial Distribution Finance, LLC, as Floor Plan Agent (24).

10.20	Fourth Amendment to Credit Agreement dated October 29, 2024 by and among MarineMax, Inc., the other loan parties thereto, the lenders party thereto, Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company as Administrative Agent, Swingline Lender and Issuing Bank and Wells Fargo Commercial Distribution Finance, LLC, as Floor Plan Agent (27).
10.21	Fifth Amendment to Credit Agreement dated August 5, 2025 by and among MarineMax, Inc., the other loan parties thereto, the lenders party thereto, Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company as Administrative Agent, Swingline Lender and Issuing Bank and Wells Fargo Commercial Distribution Finance, LLC, as Floor Plan Agent (28).
10.22*	Amended and Restated 2021 Stock-Based Compensation Plan (32).
10.23	Sixth Amendment to Credit Agreement dated January 26, 2026 by and among MarineMax, Inc., the other loan parties thereto, the lenders party thereto, Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company as Administrative Agent, Swingline Lender and Issuing Bank and Wells Fargo Commercial Distribution Finance, LLC, as Floor Plan Agent (29).
10.24	Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated June 29, 2026, by and among MarineMax, Inc., the lenders party thereto, Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company as Administrative Agent, Swingline Lender and Issuing Bank and Wells Fargo Commercial Distribution Finance, LLC, as Floor Plan Agent (30).
19	Insider Trading Policy (30).
21	List of Subsidiaries.
23.1	Consent of KPMG LLP.
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a), promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a), promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
32.1	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
97.1	MarineMax Inc. Clawback Policy (23)
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document - The instance document does not appear in the interactive data file because its XBRL tags are embedded within the inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

† Certain information in this exhibit has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Confidential treatment has been requested with respect to the omitted portions where applicable.

Certain portions of this exhibit have been redacted pursuant to Item 601(b)(10)(iv) of Regulation S-K, which portions will be furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request.

* Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

(1) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 8-K as filed February 26, 2015.
(2) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 8-K as filed March 20, 2015.
(3) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2024, as filed on November 14, 2024.
(4) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2018, as filed on November 29, 2018.
(5) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2021, as filed on April 27, 2021.
(6) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form S-8 (File No. 333-286730) as filed April 24, 2025.
(7) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form S-8 (File No. 333-177019) as filed June 7, 2017.
(8) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 8-K as filed on January 25, 2011.
(9) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 8-K as filed on December 9, 2005.
(10) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form S-8 (File No. 333-286729) as filed April 24, 2025.
(11) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2014, as filed on December 11, 2014.
(12) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended December 31, 2014, as filed on February 5, 2015.
(13) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, as filed on July 28, 2020.
(14) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended December 31, 2021, as filed on February 1, 2022.
(15) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form S-8 (File No. 333-141657) as filed March 29, 2007.
(16) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 8-K as filed on November 27, 2012.
(17) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2013, as filed on December 6, 2013.
(18) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2020, as filed on December 2, 2020.
(19) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2021, as filed on July 27, 2021.

(20) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2022, as filed on November 18, 2022.
(21) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2021, as filed on November 19, 2021.
(22) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2023, as filed on July 27, 2023.
(23) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2023, as filed on November 17, 2023.
(24) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2024, as filed on April 25, 2024.
(25) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2024, as filed on July 25, 2024.
(26) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 8-K as filed April 14, 2025.
(27) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended December 31, 2024, as filed on January 23, 2025.
(28) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2025, as filed on November 17, 2025.
(29) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2026, as filed on April 23, 2026.
(30) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2026, as filed on July 23, 2026.
(31) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 8-K as filed August 10, 2026. Certain schedules and exhibits have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(b)(2)(ii) of Regulation S-K.
(32) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's Form 8-K as filed March 3, 2026.

Financial Statement Schedules

(1) See Item 15(a) above.

Item 16. ***Form 10-K Summary***

None.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

MARINEMAX, INC.

/s/ W. Brett McGill
W. Brett McGill
Chief Executive Officer and President

Date: November 16, 2026

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Capacity	Date
/s/ W. Brett McGill W. Brett McGill	Chief Executive Officer, President, and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	November 16, 2026
/s/ Michael H. McLamb Michael H. McLamb	Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary (Principal Accounting and Financial Officer)	November 16, 2026
/s/ Rebecca White Rebecca White	Chairperson of the Board, Director	November 16, 2026
/s/ Odilon Almeida Odilon Almeida	Director	November 16, 2026
/s/ Bonnie Biumi Bonnie Biumi	Director	November 16, 2026
/s/ George Borst George Borst	Director	November 16, 2026
/s/ Mercedes Romero Mercedes Romero	Director	November 16, 2026
/s/ Daniel Schiappa Daniel Schiappa	Director	November 16, 2026

MARINEMAX, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Page
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	F-2
Consolidated Balance Sheets	F-4
Consolidated Statements of Operations	F-5
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income	F-6
Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity	F-7
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	F-8
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	F-10

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors
MarineMax, Inc.:

Opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements
We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of MarineMax, Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company) as of September 30, 2026 and 2025, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended September 30, 2026, and the related notes (collectively, the consolidated financial statements). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of September 30, 2026 and 2025, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended September 30, 2026, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2026, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission, and our report dated November 16, 2026 expressed an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Basis for Opinion
These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matter
The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of a critical audit matter does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Fair Value of Trade-in Used Boats
As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, trade-in used boat inventory is initially measured at fair value and represents a form of noncash consideration applied to the contract price of a purchased boat. Management estimates the initial fair value of the trade-in used boat considering industry data sources; internal transactional data; and other external market data for comparable boats.

We identified the assessment of the initial fair value of the trade-in used boat inventory as a critical audit matter because a high degree of subjective auditor judgment was required to evaluate the external market data and internal transactional data. The external market data used in the estimation of the initial fair value is based on limited publicly available transactional and market data.

The following are the primary procedures we performed to address this critical audit matter. We evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of certain internal controls related to the Company's measurement of the initial fair

value of trade-in used boats, including controls over the determination of the appropriate external market data and internal transactional data for comparable used boat sales. We compared publicly available external market data and internal transactional data to management's determination of the fair value of trade-in used boats. We assessed management's fair value estimation process by evaluating the relevance and reliability of the publicly available external market data and internal transactional data. We also performed an analysis of subsequent sales proceeds and margins from the third-party sale of the trade-in used boats.

/s/ KPMG LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2013.

Tampa, Florida
November 16, 2026

MARINEMAX, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Amounts in thousands except share and per share data)

	September 30, 2026	September 30, 2025
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 156,357	$ 170,351
Accounts receivable, net	78,535	108,288
Inventories	812,774	867,328
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	28,912	34,912
Total current assets	1,076,578	1,180,879
Property and equipment, net	536,467	552,546
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net	131,885	137,915
Goodwill	524,759	526,931
Other intangible assets, net	33,347	35,416
Other long-term assets	35,997	36,751
Total assets	$ 2,339,033	$ 2,470,438
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	$ 45,129	$ 56,378
Contract liabilities (customer deposits)	59,226	45,699
Accrued expenses	141,479	121,042
Short-term borrowings (Floor Plan)	613,671	715,679
Current maturities on long-term debt	31,448	35,593
Current operating lease liabilities	11,059	10,489
Total current liabilities	902,012	984,880
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	324,351	356,235
Noncurrent operating lease liabilities	124,040	127,969
Deferred tax liabilities, net	39,085	47,447
Other long-term liabilities	3,782	5,154
Total liabilities	1,393,270	1,521,685
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 19)		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Preferred stock, $.001 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized, none issued or outstanding as of September 30, 2026 and 2025	—	—
Common stock, $.001 par value; 40,000,000 shares authorized, 31,071,550 and 30,543,794 shares issued and 22,396,495 and 21,868,739 shares outstanding as of September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively	31	31
Additional paid-in capital	370,097	360,818
Accumulated other comprehensive income	3,611	8,234
Retained earnings	738,186	746,384
Treasury stock, at cost; 8,675,055 shares held as of September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively	(178,277)	(178,277)
Total shareholders' equity attributable to MarineMax, Inc.	933,648	937,190
Non-controlling interests	12,115	11,563
Total shareholders' equity	945,763	948,753
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	$ 2,339,033	$ 2,470,438

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

MARINEMAX, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Amounts in thousands except share and per share data)

	For the Year Ended September 30,		
	2026	**2025**	**2024**
Revenue	$ 2,163,989	$ 2,309,288	$ 2,431,008
Cost of sales	1,409,817	1,559,060	1,629,812
Gross profit	754,172	750,228	801,196
Selling, general and administrative expenses	702,912	647,156	672,970
Goodwill impairment	—	69,055	—
Income from operations	51,260	34,017	128,226
Interest expense	58,035	71,158	73,895
(Loss) income before income tax provision	(6,775)	(37,141)	54,331
Income tax provision (benefit)	678	(6,375)	15,593
Net (loss) income	(7,453)	(30,766)	38,738
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	745	865	672
Net (loss) income attributable to MarineMax, Inc.	$ (8,198)	$ (31,631)	$ 38,066
Basic net (loss) income per common share	$ (0.37)	$ (1.43)	$ 1.71
Diluted net (loss) income per common share	$ (0.37)	$ (1.43)	$ 1.65
Weighted average number of common shares used in computing net (loss) income per common share:			
Basic	22,032,133	22,052,177	22,271,580
Diluted	22,032,133	22,052,177	23,014,208

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

MARINEMAX, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Amounts in thousands)

	For the Year Ended September 30,		
	2026	2025	2024
Net (loss) income	$ (7,453)	$ (30,766)	$ 38,738
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:			
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(4,718)	4,193	4,299
Interest rate swap contract	(98)	(172)	(518)
Total other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	(4,816)	4,021	3,781
Comprehensive (loss) income	(12,269)	(26,745)	42,519
Less: comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	552	1,288	1,120
Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to MarineMax, Inc.	$ (12,821)	$ (28,033)	$ 41,399

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

MARINEMAX, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Amounts in thousands except share data)

	Common Stock Issued		Additional Paid-in	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss)	Retained	Treasury	Non-controlling	Total Shareholders'
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Income	Earnings	Stock	Interests	Equity
BALANCE, September 30, 2023	29,374,724	$ 29	$ 323,218	$ 1,303	$ 739,949	$ (148,656)	$ 2,574	$ 918,417
Net income	—	—	—	—	38,066	—	672	38,738
Purchase of treasury stock	—	—	—	—	—	(2,141)	—	(2,141)
Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries from acquisitions	—	—	—	—	—	—	6,784	6,784
Distributions to non-controlling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	(24)	(24)
Shares issued pursuant to employee stock purchase plan	96,929	1	2,512	—	—	—	—	2,513
Shares issued upon vesting of equity awards, net of minimum tax withholding	411,688	—	(5,908)	—	—	—	—	(5,908)
Shares issued upon exercise of stock options	8,000	—	128	—	—	—	—	128
Stock-based compensation	7,204	—	23,961	—	—	—	—	23,961
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	3,333	—	—	448	3,781
BALANCE, September 30, 2024	29,898,545	$ 30	$ 343,911	$ 4,636	$ 778,015	$ (150,797)	$ 10,454	$ 986,249
Net (loss) income	—	—	—	—	(31,631)	—	865	(30,766)
Purchase of treasury stock	—	—	—	—	—	(27,480)	—	(27,480)
Distributions to non-controlling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	(179)	(179)
Shares issued pursuant to employee stock purchase plan	109,807	—	2,482	—	—	—	—	2,482
Shares issued upon vesting of equity awards, net of minimum tax withholding	523,848	1	(5,037)	—	—	—	—	(5,036)
Shares issued upon exercise of stock options	5,750	—	109	—	—	—	—	109
Stock-based compensation	5,844	—	19,353	—	—	—	—	19,353
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	3,598	—	—	423	4,021
BALANCE, September 30, 2025	30,543,794	$ 31	$ 360,818	$ 8,234	$ 746,384	$ (178,277)	$ 11,563	$ 948,753
Net (loss) income	—	—	—	—	(8,198)	—	745	(7,453)
Shares issued pursuant to employee stock purchase plan	126,556	—	2,487	—	—	—	—	2,487
Shares issued upon vesting of equity awards, net of minimum tax withholding	393,845	—	(8,530)	—	—	—	—	(8,530)
Shares issued upon exercise of stock options	5,000	—	84	—	—	—	—	84
Stock-based compensation	2,355	—	15,238	—	—	—	—	15,238
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	(4,623)	—	—	(193)	(4,816)
BALANCE, September 30, 2026	31,071,550	$ 31	$ 370,097	$ 3,611	$ 738,186	$ (178,277)	$ 12,115	$ 945,763

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

MARINEMAX, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Amounts in thousands)

	For the Year Ended September 30,		
	2026	2025	2024
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net (loss) income	$ (7,453)	$ (30,766)	$ 38,738
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	50,337	49,320	44,487
Deferred income tax (benefit) provision, net of effects of acquisitions	(8,362)	(12,870)	3,390
Goodwill impairment	—	69,055	—
Weather (recoveries) expenses	(2,129)	4,433	4,850
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	(795)	(28,126)	(3,030)
(Gain) loss on sale of property and equipment and assets held for sale	(2,798)	(205)	432
Proceeds from insurance settlements	—	118	—
Stock-based compensation expense	15,238	19,353	23,961
(Increase) decrease in, net of effects of acquisitions —			
Accounts receivable, net	29,747	(3,646)	(20,427)
Inventories	54,554	35,489	(90,966)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(803)	(3,554)	(1,465)
(Decrease) increase in, net of effects of acquisitions —			
Accounts payable	(11,328)	1,714	(17,595)
Contract liabilities (customer deposits)	13,527	(18,674)	(16,885)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	20,200	(8,835)	8,850
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	149,935	72,806	(25,660)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchases of property and equipment	(36,076)	(60,864)	(60,423)
Proceeds from insurance settlements	2,390	2,028	581
Issuance of notes receivable	—	(2,811)	—
Cash used in acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired	—	(10,482)	(21,955)
Purchases of investments	—	(493)	—
Proceeds from trade name and warranties assumed in asset exchange agreement	—	6,170	—
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment and other assets	12,029	10,828	450
Net cash used in investing activities	(21,657)	(55,624)	(81,347)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Net (repayments) borrowings on short-term borrowings (Floor Plan)	(100,256)	6,685	170,000
Proceeds from long-term debt	—	36,540	—
Payments for long-term debt	(35,765)	(34,223)	(33,766)
Payments of debt issuance, debt extinguishment, and other financing costs	(2,743)	—	—
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock under incentive compensation, and employee purchase plans	2,571	2,591	2,641
Contingent acquisition consideration payments	(758)	(51,510)	(3,032)
Payments on tax withholdings for equity awards	(4,614)	(4,585)	(5,193)
Purchase of treasury stock	—	(27,480)	(2,141)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(141,565)	(71,982)	128,509
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(707)	825	1,368
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:	(13,994)	(53,975)	22,870
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	170,351	224,326	201,456
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	$ 156,357	$ 170,351	$ 224,326

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

	For the Year Ended September 30,		
	2026	2025	2024
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:			
Cash paid or received for:			
Interest paid	$ 61,990	$ 77,415	$ 79,308
Income taxes (refunded) paid, net	(5,085)	9,199	9,827
Non-cash items:			
Accrued tax withholdings upon vesting of equity awards	8,165	4,249	3,797
Contingent consideration liabilities from acquisitions	—	—	1,313
Other current assets held for sale previously classified as property and equipment	—	—	11,964

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

1. COMPANY BACKGROUND AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

We believe we are the world's largest recreational boat and yacht retailer, marina operator and superyacht services company. As of September 30, 2026, we have over 120 locations worldwide, including over 70 retail dealership locations, some of which include marinas. Collectively, with the IGY acquisition, as of September 30, 2026, we own or operate 65 marina and storage locations worldwide. Through Fraser Yachts and Northrop & Johnson, we believe we are the largest superyacht services provider, operating locations across the globe. Cruisers Yachts, Aviara luxury dayboats, and Intrepid Powerboats all manufacture boats and yachts and recognize sales through our select retail dealership locations and through independent dealers. MarineMax provides finance and insurance services through wholly owned subsidiaries and operates MarineMax Vacations in Tortola, British Virgin Islands. The Company, through a wholly owned subsidiary, New Wave Innovations, also owns Boatyard, an industry-leading customer experience digital product company, and Boatzon, a boat and marine digital retail platform. Through Newcoast Financial Services, we provide third-party financing and insurance products for boats and yachts primarily for transactions not associated with our dealership locations.

On August 9, 2026, we entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") with Parent and Merger Sub, which are both affiliates of Safe Harbor Marinas, LLC, a portfolio company of Blackstone Infrastructure Partners L.P. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, Merger Sub will merge with and into MarineMax, with MarineMax as the surviving corporation of the Merger and becoming an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Parent in accordance with the FBCA. At the effective time of the Merger (the "Effective Time"), each issued and outstanding share of our common stock, par value $0.001 per share (our "common stock"), as of immediately prior to the Effective Time (other than those (i) held by MarineMax, or (ii) owned, directly or indirectly, by Parent or Merger Sub) will convert automatically into the right to receive $53.00 per share in cash, without interest thereon and less any required tax withholdings. If the Merger is consummated, our common stock will be delisted from the New York Stock Exchange (the "NYSE") and deregistered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). The waiting period under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended (the "HSR Act"), applicable to the Merger expired at 11:59pm on October 30, 2026, and the governmental approvals and clearances required under the Merger Agreement under applicable foreign antitrust and foreign direct investment laws have been received. The special meeting of the Company's shareholders was held on November 11, 2026, and the shareholder approval required under the Merger Agreement has been received. Assuming the satisfaction or waiver (in accordance with the terms of the Merger Agreement) of the remaining closing conditions, MarineMax anticipates that the Merger will close by the end of the calendar year 2026. The closing of the Merger may not occur prior to December 7, 2026 without the prior written consent of Parent.

We are the largest retailer of Sea Ray and Boston Whaler recreational boats which are manufactured by Brunswick Corporation ("Brunswick"). Sales of new Brunswick boats accounted for approximately 20% of our revenue in fiscal 2026. Sales of new Sea Ray and Boston Whaler boats, both divisions of Brunswick, accounted for approximately 9% and 10%, respectively, of our revenue in fiscal 2026. Brunswick is a world leading manufacturer of marine products and marine engines.

We have dealership agreements with Sea Ray, Boston Whaler, Harris, and Mercury Marine, all subsidiaries or divisions of Brunswick. We also have dealer agreements with Italy-based Azimut-Benetti Group's product line for Azimut and Benetti yachts and mega yachts. These agreements allow us to purchase, stock, sell, and service these manufacturers' boats and products. These agreements also allow us to use these manufacturers' names, trade symbols, and intellectual properties in our operations. The agreements for Sea Ray and Boston Whaler products, respectively, appoint us as the exclusive dealer of Sea Ray and Boston Whaler boats, respectively, in our geographic markets. In addition, we are the exclusive dealer for Azimut Yachts for the entire United States. Sales of new Azimut yachts accounted for approximately 6% of our revenue in fiscal 2026. We believe non-Brunswick brands offer a migration for our existing customer base or fill a void in our product offerings, and accordingly, do not compete with the business generated from our other prominent brands.

As is typical in the industry, we deal with most of our manufacturers, other than Sea Ray, Boston Whaler, and Azimut Yachts, under renewable annual dealer agreements, each of which gives us the right to sell various makes and models of boats within a given geographic region. Any change or termination of these agreements, or the agreements discussed above, for any reason, or changes in competitive, regulatory or marketing practices, including rebate or incentive programs, could adversely affect our results of operations. Although there are a limited number of manufacturers of the type of boats and products that we sell, we believe that adequate alternative sources would be available to replace any manufacturer other than Sea Ray, Boston Whaler, and Azimut as a product source. These alternative sources may not be available at the time of any interruption, and alternative products may not be available at comparable terms, which could affect operating results adversely.

General economic conditions and consumer spending patterns can negatively impact our operating results. Unfavorable local, regional, national, or global economic developments or uncertainties regarding future economic prospects could reduce consumer spending in the markets we serve and adversely affect our business. Economic conditions in areas in which we operate dealerships, particularly Florida in which we generated approximately 52%, 54% and 53% of our dealership revenue during fiscal 2026, 2025, and

2024, respectively, can have a major impact on our operations. Local influences, such as corporate downsizing, military base closings, inclement weather such as Hurricanes Harvey and Irma in 2017, Hurricane Ian in 2022, and Hurricanes Milton and Helene in 2024, environmental conditions, and specific events, such as the BP oil spill in the Gulf of Mexico in 2010, also could adversely affect, and in certain instances have adversely affected, our operations in certain markets.

In an economic downturn, consumer discretionary spending levels generally decline, at times resulting in disproportionately large reductions in the sale of luxury goods. Consumer spending on luxury goods also may decline as a result of lower consumer confidence levels, even if prevailing economic conditions are favorable. Additionally, although the Federal Reserve has recently cut interest rates, its prior increases of its benchmark interest rate resulted in significantly higher long-term interest rates, which have negatively impacted, and may continue to negatively impact, our customers' willingness or desire to purchase our products. As a result, an economic downturn or inflation could impact us more than certain of our competitors due to our strategic focus on the higher end of our market. Additionally, the current U.S. administration has imposed and may continue to impose, significant tariff actions on imports from a broad set of countries, including countries that produce certain of our products. In response to these tariffs, U.S. trading partners have imposed, or are likely to impose, their own tariffs. Further, U.S. and international tariff policies remain uncertain and difficult to predict. Due to the uncertainty in the retail environment caused by the tariffs, we have experienced decreased revenues and profits. Additional effects of these tariffs and reciprocal tariffs are uncertain, but the tariffs are likely to increase production and supply chain costs for certain of our products and some experts predict an increased chance of an economic recession and/or inflation as a result of the disruption of international trade. Although we have previously expanded our operations during periods of stagnant or modestly declining industry trends, the cyclical nature of the recreational boating industry or the lack of industry growth may adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations. Any period of adverse economic conditions, low consumer confidence or inflation is likely to have a negative effect on our business.

Historically, in periods of lower consumer spending and depressed economic conditions, we have, among other things, substantially reduced our acquisition program, delayed new store openings, reduced our inventory purchases, engaged in inventory reduction efforts, closed a number of our retail locations, reduced our headcount, and amended and replaced our credit facility.

The consolidated financial statements include our accounts and the accounts of our subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated. In order to provide comparability between periods presented, certain amounts have been reclassified from the previously reported consolidated financial statements to conform to the consolidated financial statement presentation of the current period.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Cash and Cash Equivalents

We consider all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Vendor Consideration Received

We classify interest assistance received from manufacturers as a reduction of inventory cost and related cost of sales. Amounts received by us under our co-op assistance programs from our manufacturers are netted against related advertising expenses. Our consideration received from our vendors contains uncertainties because the calculation requires management to make assumptions and to apply judgment regarding a number of factors, including our ability to collect amounts due from vendors and the ability to meet certain criteria stipulated by our vendors. We do not believe there is a reasonable likelihood that there will be a change in the future estimates or assumptions we use to calculate our vendor considerations which would result in a material effect on our operating results.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The cost of inventories purchased from our vendors consist of the amount paid to acquire the inventory, net of vendor consideration and purchase discounts, the cost of equipment added, reconditioning costs, inventory deposits, and transportation costs relating to acquiring inventory for sale. Trade-in used boats are initially recorded at fair value and adjusted for reconditioning and other costs. The cost of inventories that are manufactured by the Company consist of material, labor, and manufacturing overhead. Unallocated overhead and abnormal costs are expensed as incurred. New and used boats, motors, and trailers inventories are accounted for on a specific identification basis. Raw materials and parts, accessories, and other inventories are accounted for on an average cost basis. We utilize our historical experience, the aging of the inventories, and our consideration of current market trends as the basis for determining a lower of cost or net realizable value. We do not believe there is a

reasonable likelihood that there will be a change in the future estimates or assumptions we use to calculate the lower of cost or net realizable value. If events occur and market conditions change, the net realizable value of our inventories could change.

Property and Equipment

We record property and equipment at cost, net of accumulated depreciation, and depreciate property and equipment over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. We capitalize and amortize leasehold improvements over the lesser of the life of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset. Useful lives for purposes of computing depreciation are as follows:

	Years
Buildings and improvements	5-40
Machinery and equipment	3-10
Furniture and fixtures	5-10
Vehicles	3-5

We remove the cost of property and equipment sold or retired and the related accumulated depreciation from the accounts at the time of disposition and include any resulting gain or loss in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. We charge maintenance, repairs, and minor replacements to operations as incurred, and we capitalize and amortize major replacements and improvements over their useful lives.

Assets Held for Sale

We classify assets as held for sale when a plan for disposal is developed and approved, the asset is available for immediate sale, an active program to locate a buyer at a price reasonable in relation to current fair value is initiated, and transfer of the asset is expected to be completed within one year. We cease the depreciation and amortization of the assets when all of these criteria have been met and generally reflect balances within Prepaid expenses and other current assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. We had no assets classified as held for sale as of September 30, 2026 and approximately $7.6 million of assets classified as held for sale as of September 30 2025.

Goodwill

We account for acquisitions in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 805, “Business Combinations” (“ASC 805”), and goodwill in accordance with ASC 350, “Intangibles — Goodwill and Other” (“ASC 350”). For business combinations, the excess of the purchase price over the estimated fair value of net assets acquired in a business combination is recorded as goodwill. In accordance with ASC 350, we test goodwill for impairment at least annually and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. In fiscal year 2025, impairment tests were performed during the third and fourth fiscal quarters to facilitate changing our annual impairment test to the fourth fiscal quarter from the third fiscal quarter. In previous fiscal years, our annual impairment test was performed during the third fiscal quarter. Beginning in fiscal 2026 and thereafter, our annual impairment test was performed during the fourth fiscal quarter. If the carrying amount of a reporting unit’s goodwill exceeds its fair value we recognize an impairment loss in accordance with ASC 350. See Note 9 for the results of impairment testing performed in fiscal 2026.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

FASB ASC 360-10-40, “Property, Plant, and Equipment — Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets” (“ASC 360-10-40”), requires that long-lived assets, such as property and equipment and purchased intangibles subject to amortization, be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of the asset (or asset group) is measured by comparison of its carrying amount to undiscounted future net cash flows the asset (or asset group) is expected to generate over the remaining life of the asset (or asset group). If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset (or asset group) exceeds its fair market value. Estimates of expected future cash flows represent our best estimate based on currently available information and reasonable and supportable assumptions. Our impairment loss calculations contain uncertainties because they require us to make assumptions and to apply judgment in order to estimate expected future cash flows. Any impairment recognized in accordance with ASC 360-10-40 is permanent and may not be restored. Based upon our most recent analysis, we believe no impairment of long-lived assets existed as of September 30, 2026.

Insurance

We retain varying levels of risk relating to the insurance policies we maintain, most significantly, workers' compensation insurance and employee medical benefits. We are responsible for the claims and losses incurred under these programs, limited by per occurrence deductibles and paid claims or losses up to pre-determined maximum exposure limits. Our third-party insurance carriers pay any losses above the pre-determined exposure limits. We estimate our liability for incurred but not reported losses using our historical loss experience, our judgment, and industry information.

Revenue Recognition

The majority of our revenue is from contracts with customers for the sale of boats, motors, and trailers. We recognize revenue from boat, motor, and trailer sales upon transfer of control of the boat, motor, or trailer to the customer, which is generally upon acceptance of the boat, motor, and trailer by the customer and the satisfaction of our performance obligations. The transaction price is determined with the customer at the time of sale. Customers may trade in a used boat to apply toward the purchase of a new or used boat. The trade-in is a type of noncash consideration measured at fair value, based on external and internal observable and unobservable market data and applied as payment to the contract price for the purchased boat. At the time of acceptance, the customer is able to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the benefits of the boat, motor, or trailer. We recognize commissions earned from a brokerage sale when the related brokerage transaction closes upon transfer of control of the boat, motor, or trailer to the customer, which is generally upon acceptance by the customer.

We do not directly finance our customers' boat, motor, or trailer purchases. In many cases, we assist with third-party financing for boat, motor, and trailer sales. We recognize commissions earned by us for placing notes with financial institutions in connection with customer boat financing when we recognize the related boat sales. Pursuant to negotiated agreements with financial institutions, we are charged back for a portion of these fees should the customer terminate or default on the related finance contract before it is outstanding for a stipulated minimum period of time. We base the chargeback allowance, which was not material to the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole as of September 30, 2026 and 2025, on our experience with repayments or defaults on the related finance contracts. We recognize variable consideration from commissions earned on extended warranty service contracts sold on behalf of third-party insurance companies at generally the later of customer acceptance of the service contract terms as evidenced by contract execution or recognition of the related boat sale. We also recognize marketing fees earned on insurance products sold on behalf of third-party insurance companies at the later of customer acceptance of the insurance product as evidenced by contract execution or when the related boat sale is recognized.

We recognize revenue from parts and service operations (boat maintenance and repairs) over time as services are performed. Each boat maintenance and repair service is a single performance obligation that includes both the parts and labor associated with the service. Payment for boat maintenance and repairs is typically due upon the completion of the service, which is generally completed within a short period of time from contract inception. We satisfy our performance obligations, transfer control, and recognize revenue over time for parts and service operations because we are creating a contract asset with no alternative use and we have an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. Contract assets primarily relate to our right to consideration for work in process not yet billed at the reporting date associated with maintenance and repair services. We use an input method to recognize revenue and measure progress based on labor hours expended to satisfy the performance obligation at average labor rates. We have determined labor hours expended to be the relevant measure of work performed to complete the maintenance and repair service for the customer. As a practical expedient, because repair and maintenance service contracts have an original duration of one year or less, we do not consider the time value of money, and we do not disclose estimated revenue expected to be recognized in the future for performance obligations that are unsatisfied (or partially unsatisfied) at the end of the reporting period or when we expect to recognize such revenue. Contract assets, recorded in prepaid expenses and other current assets, totaled approximately $3.5 million and $5.0 million as of September 30, 2026 and September 30, 2025, respectively.

We recognize revenue from the sale of our manufactured boats and yachts when control of the boat or yacht is transferred to the dealer or customer which is generally upon acceptance by the dealer or customer. At the time of acceptance, the dealer or customer is able to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the benefits of the boat or yacht. We have elected to record shipping and handling activities that occur after the dealer or customer has obtained control of the boat or yacht as a fulfillment activity.

We recognize lessor common area charges, utility sales, food and beverage sales and other ancillary goods and services. Performance obligations include performing common area maintenance and providing utilities, food and beverages, and other ancillary goods and services when goods are transferred or services are performed. Payment terms typically align with when the goods and services are provided.

Contract liabilities primarily consist of customer deposits. We recognize contract liabilities (customer deposits) as revenue at the time of acceptance and the transfer of control to the customers. Total contract liabilities of approximately $30.4 million recorded as of September 30, 2025 were recognized in revenue during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026. Total contract liabilities of

approximately $61.0 million recorded as of September 30, 2024 were recognized in revenue during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025.

We recognize revenue from service operations and slip and storage rentals over time on a straight-line basis over the term of the contract as our performance obligations are met. We recognize revenue from the rentals of chartering power yachts over time on a straight-line basis over the term of the contract as our performance obligations are met.

The following table sets forth percentages on the timing of revenue recognition by reportable segment for the fiscal years ended September 30,

	Retail Operations			Product Manufacturing		
	2026	2025	2024	2026	2025	2024
Goods and services transferred at a point in time	85.2%	86.6%	87.6%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Goods and services transferred over time	14.8%	13.4%	12.4%	—	—	—
Revenue	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

The following tables set forth our revenue disaggregated into categories that depict the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows affected by economic factors for the fiscal years ended September 30,

	2026		
	Retail Operations	Product Manufacturing	Total
New boat sales	60.6%	98.0%	60.7%
Used boat sales	10.5%	—	10.5%
Maintenance and repair services	5.4%	—	5.3%
Storage and charter rentals	9.0%	—	9.0%
Finance and insurance products	3.7%	—	3.7%
Parts and accessories	5.4%	2.0%	5.4%
Brokerage sales	5.4%	—	5.4%
Revenue	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

	2025		
	Retail Operations	Product Manufacturing	Total
New boat sales	60.4%	98.6%	60.9%
Used boat sales	13.4%	—	13.3%
Maintenance and repair services	5.0%	—	4.9%
Storage and charter rentals	7.9%	—	7.7%
Finance and insurance products	3.6%	—	3.5%
Parts and accessories	4.7%	1.4%	4.7%
Brokerage sales	5.0%	—	5.0%
Revenue	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

	2024		
	Retail Operations	Product Manufacturing	Total
New boat sales	66.2%	98.8%	66.6%
Used boat sales	9.8%	—	9.7%
Maintenance and repair services	4.5%	—	4.5%
Storage and charter rentals	7.2%	—	6.9%
Finance and insurance products	3.1%	—	3.1%
Parts and accessories	4.5%	1.2%	4.5%
Brokerage sales	4.7%	—	4.7%
Revenue	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

The following table sets forth our maintenance, repair, storage, rental, charter services and parts and accessories revenue for our Retail Operations by location type.

	2026	2025	2024
		(Amounts in thousands)	
Marina/storage locations	$ 290,733	$ 273,078	$ 267,296
Locations without marina/storage	134,544	131,645	117,156
Maintenance, repair, storage, rental, charter services, parts and accessories revenue	$ 425,277	$ 404,723	$ 384,452

Cost of Sales

Cost of sales primarily includes cost of products sold, transportation costs from manufacturers to our retail stores, and vendor consideration. Cost of sales includes depreciation of property and equipment from our product manufacturing segment (manufacturing overhead).

Selling, General, and Administrative expenses

Selling, general, and administrative expenses primarily include salaries and incentive-based compensation, sales commissions, brokerage commissions, advertising, insurance, utilities, the majority of depreciation and amortization, and other customary operating expenses.

Stock-Based Compensation

We account for our stock-based compensation plans following the provisions of FASB ASC 718, “Compensation — Stock Compensation” (“ASC 718”). In accordance with ASC 718, we use the Black-Scholes valuation model for estimating the fair value of stock option grants and shares purchased under our Employee Stock Purchase Plan. We measure compensation for restricted stock awards and restricted stock units at fair value on the grant date based on the number of shares expected to vest and the quoted market price of our common stock on the grant date. We recognize compensation cost for all awards in operations, net of estimated forfeitures, on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for each separately vesting portion of the award.

Foreign Currency Transactions

For the Company’s foreign subsidiaries that use a currency other than the U.S. dollar as their functional currency, the assets and liabilities are translated at exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and revenues and expenses are translated at the weighted average exchange rate for the period. The effects of these translation adjustments are reported in accumulated other comprehensive income. Gains and losses arising from transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity involved are included in operating income. No amounts were reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income in fiscal 2026.

Advertising and Promotional Cost

We expense advertising and promotional costs as incurred and include them in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. We net amounts received by us under our co-op assistance programs from our manufacturers against the related advertising expenses. Total advertising and promotional expenses approximated $42.1 million, $38.6 million and $37.2 million, net of related co-op assistance, which was not material to the consolidated financial statements, for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

Income Taxes

We account for income taxes in accordance with FASB ASC 740, “Income Taxes” (“ASC 740”). Under ASC 740, we recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities for the future tax consequences attributable to temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. We measure deferred tax assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which we expect those temporary differences to be recovered or settled. We record valuation allowances to reduce our deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized by considering all available positive and negative evidence.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments, which potentially subject us to concentrations of credit risk, consist principally of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. Concentrations of credit risk with respect to our cash and cash equivalents are limited primarily to amounts held with financial institutions. Concentrations of credit risk arising from our receivables are limited primarily to amounts due from manufacturers and financial institutions.

Use of Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant estimates made by us in the accompanying consolidated financial statements include valuation allowances, valuation of goodwill and intangible assets, valuation of long-lived assets, and valuation of contingent consideration liabilities. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

Segment Reporting

We report our operations through two reportable segments: Retail Operations and Product Manufacturing. See Note 21.

3. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

New Accounting Pronouncements Issued And Adopted

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, “Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures,” which includes amendments that further enhance income tax disclosures, primarily through standardization and disaggregation of rate reconciliation categories and income taxes paid by jurisdiction. The amendments in this ASU are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024, which for the Company would be the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026. The Company adopted the guidance in ASU No. 2023-09 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026 (See Note 12), which resulted in enhanced disclosures.

New Accounting Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Adopted

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, “Income Statement (Topic 220): Reporting Comprehensive Income - Expense Disaggregation Disclosures, Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses,” which requires additional information about certain expenses in the financial statements. The amendments in this ASU will be effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2026, which for the Company would be the fiscal year ending September 30, 2028. Early adoption is permitted and is effective on either a prospective basis or retrospective basis. The Company is currently evaluating the ASU to determine its impact on the Company's disclosures.

In September 2025, the FASB issued ASU 2025-06, Intangibles—Goodwill and Other—Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Targeted Improvements to the Accounting for Internal-Use Software, which modernizes the accounting for internal-use software. The ASU removes all references to software development stages and requires capitalization of software costs when management has committed to the software project and it is probable the software will be completed and perform its intended use. The amendments in this ASU will be effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2027, which for the Company would be the fiscal year ending September 30, 2029. Early adoption is permitted and is effective on either a prospective basis or retrospective basis. The Company is currently evaluating the ASU to determine its impact on the Company's policy for capitalization of development costs for software intended for internal use.

4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS:

The Company uses valuation approaches that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs to the extent possible. The Company determines fair value based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability in the principal or most advantageous market. When considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, the following fair value hierarchy distinguishes between observable and unobservable inputs, which are categorized in one of the following levels:

Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities accessible to the reporting entity at the measurement date.

Level 2 - Other than quoted prices included in Level 1 inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability used to measure fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available, thereby allowing for situations in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at measurement date.

The following tables summarize the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30,

	2026			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	(Amounts in thousands)			
Assets:				
Interest rate swap contract	$ —	$ 348	$ —	$ 348
Liabilities:				
Contingent consideration liabilities	$ —	$ —	$ 122	$ 122

	2025			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	(Amounts in thousands)			
Assets:				
Interest rate swap contract	$ —	$ 481	$ —	$ 481
Liabilities:				
Contingent consideration liabilities	$ —	$ —	$ 1,675	$ 1,675

There were no transfers between the valuation hierarchy Levels 1, 2, and 3 for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2026 and 2025.

The fair value of the Company's interest rate swap contract is calculated as the present value of expected future cash flows, determined on the basis of forward interest rates and present value factors. The inputs to the fair value measurements reflect Level 2 inputs. The interest rate swap contract balance is included in other long-term assets in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. The interest rate swap contract is designated as a cash flow hedge with changes in fair value reported in other comprehensive income in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

The fair value of the Company's contingent consideration liabilities is based on the present value of the expected future payments to be made to the sellers of the acquired entities in accordance with the provisions outlined in the respective purchase agreements, which is a Level 3 fair value measurement. In determining fair value, we estimated the acquired entity's future performance using financial projections developed by management for the acquired entity and market participant assumptions that were derived for revenue growth and/or profitability. We estimated future payments using the earnout formula and performance targets specified in each purchase agreement and the financial projections just described. The risk associated with the financial projections was evaluated using a Monte Carlo simulation analysis, pursuant to which the projections were discounted to present value using a discount rate that takes into consideration market-based rates of return, and then simulated to reflect the ability of the acquired entity to achieve the earnout targets. Such calculated earnout payments were further discounted at our estimated cost of debt, to account for counterparty risk. Actual results, changes in financial projections, market participant assumptions for revenue growth and/or profitability, or market risk factors, result in a change in the fair value of recorded earnout obligations.

The contingent consideration liabilities balance is included in accrued expenses and other long-term liabilities in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. Contingent consideration liabilities, recorded in accrued expenses, totaled approximately $1.1 million as of September 30, 2025. There was no contingent consideration liability recorded in accrued expenses as of September 30, 2026. Contingent consideration liabilities, recorded in other long-term liabilities, totaled approximately $0.1 million and $0.6 million as of September 30, 2026 and September 30, 2025, respectively. Changes in fair value and net present value of the contingent consideration liabilities are included in selling, general, and administrative expenses in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The following table sets forth the changes in fair value of our contingent consideration liabilities, which reflect Level 3 inputs, for the fiscal the years ended September 30, 2026 and 2025:

	Contingent Consideration Liabilities
	(Amounts in thousands)
Balance as of September 30, 2024	$ 81,311
Additions from business acquisitions	—
Settlement of contingent consideration liabilities	(51,510)
Change in fair value and net present value of contingency	(28,126)
Balance as of September 30, 2025	$ 1,675
Additions from business acquisitions	—
Settlement of contingent consideration liabilities	(758)
Change in fair value and net present value of contingency	(795)
Balance as of September 30, 2026	$ 122

We determined the carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses, short-term borrowings, and the revolving mortgage facility approximate their fair values because of the nature of their terms and current market rates of these instruments. The fair value of our mortgage facilities and term loan, which are not carried at fair value in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets, was determined using Level 2 inputs based on the discounted cash flow method. We estimate the fair value of our mortgage facilities using a present value technique based on current market interest rates for similar types of financial instruments that reflect Level 2 inputs. The following table summarizes the carrying value and fair value of our mortgage facilities and term loan as of September 30,

	2026		2025	
	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value
	(Amounts in thousands)			
Mortgage facility payable to Flagship Bank	$ 4,435	$ 4,419	$ 4,964	$ 4,915
Mortgage facility payable to Seacoast National Bank	12,519	12,663	14,074	14,020
Mortgage facility payable to Hancock Whitney Bank	17,618	17,539	19,651	19,452
Mortgage facility payable to M&T Bank	29,930	30,132	36,190	36,083
Term loan payable to M&T Bank	288,120	291,534	313,540	317,500

5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE:

Trade receivables consist primarily of receivables from financial institutions, which provide funding for customer boat financing and amounts due from financial institutions earned from arranging financing with our customers. We normally collect these receivables within 30 days of the sale. Trade receivables also include amounts due from customers on the sale of boats, parts, service, and storage. Amounts due from manufacturers represent receivables for various manufacturer programs and parts and service work performed pursuant to the manufacturers' warranties.

Accounts receivable are presented net of an allowance for expected credit losses. The allowance for expected credit losses, which was not material to the consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2026 or 2025, was based on our consideration of past collection experience, current information, and reasonable and supportable forecasts.

Accounts receivable, net consisted of the following as of September 30,

	2026	2025
	(Amounts in thousands)	
Trade receivables, net	$ 60,145	$ 81,873
Amounts due from manufacturers	15,773	23,903
Other receivables	2,617	2,512
Accounts receivable, net	$ 78,535	$ 108,288

6. INVENTORIES:

Inventories consisted of the following as of September 30,

	2026	2025
	(Amounts in thousands)	
New and used boats, motors, and trailers	$ 706,006	$ 786,920
In transit inventory and deposits	54,744	36,847
Parts, accessories, and other	15,063	13,554
Work-in-process	18,819	13,394
Raw materials	18,142	16,613
Inventories	$ 812,774	$ 867,328

7. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:

Property and equipment, net consisted of the following as of September 30,

	2026	2025
	(Amounts in thousands)	
Land	$ 125,568	$ 125,765
Buildings and improvements	473,370	462,755
Machinery and equipment	126,930	124,823
Furniture and fixtures	9,815	8,158
Vehicles	28,762	27,619
Gross property and equipment	764,445	749,120
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(227,978)	(196,574)
Property and equipment, net	$ 536,467	$ 552,546

Depreciation expense on property and equipment, which includes amounts allocated to cost of sales, totaled approximately $41.0 million, $39.1 million and $35.7 million, for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

8. LEASES:

Lessee

Substantially all of the leases that we enter into are real estate leases. We lease numerous facilities relating to our operations, including showrooms, display lots, marinas, service facilities, slips, offices, equipment and our corporate headquarters. Leases for real property have terms, including renewal options, ranging from one to in excess of twenty-five years. In addition, we lease certain charter boats for our yacht charter business. As of September 30, 2026, the weighted-average remaining lease term for our leases was approximately 19 years. All of our leases are classified as operating leases, which are included as right-of-use ("ROU") assets and operating lease liabilities in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024, operating lease expenses recorded in selling, general, and administrative expenses were approximately $34.1 million, $34.3 million, and $33.8 million, of which approximately $0.9 million, $1.0 million, and $0.7 million, related to variable lease expenses, respectively. Our lease agreements do not contain any material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants. We do not have any significant leases that have not yet commenced but that create significant rights and obligations for us. We have elected the practical expedient under ASC Topic 842 to not separate lease and nonlease components.

Our real estate and equipment leases often require that we pay maintenance in addition to rent. Additionally, our real estate leases generally require payment of real estate taxes and insurance. Maintenance, real estate taxes, and insurance payments are generally variable and based on actual costs incurred by the lessor. Therefore, these amounts are not included in the consideration of the contract when determining the ROU asset and lease liability, but are reflected as variable lease expenses.

Substantially all of our lease agreements include fixed rental payments. Certain of our lease agreements include fixed rental payments that are adjusted periodically by a fixed rate or changes in an index. The fixed payments, including the effects of changes in the fixed rate or amount, and renewal options reasonably certain to be exercised, are included in the measurement of the related lease liability. Most of our real estate leases include one or more options to renew, with renewal terms that can extend the lease term from one to five years or more. The exercise of lease renewal options is at our sole discretion. If it is reasonably certain that we will exercise

such options, the periods covered by such options are included in the lease term and are recognized as part of our right of use assets and lease liabilities. The depreciable life of assets and leasehold improvements are limited by the expected lease term, which includes renewal options reasonably certain to be exercised.

For our incremental borrowing rate, we generally use a portfolio approach to determine the discount rate for leases with similar characteristics. We determine discount rates based upon our hypothetical credit rating, taking into consideration our short-term borrowing rates, and then adjusting as necessary for the appropriate lease term. As of September 30, 2026, the weighted-average discount rate used was approximately 6.7%.

As of September 30, 2026, maturities of lease liabilities by fiscal year are summarized as follows:

	(Amounts in thousands)
2027	$ 17,699
2028	19,347
2029	16,979
2030	15,662
2031	15,143
Thereafter	236,434
Total lease payments	321,264
Less: interest	(186,165)
Present value of lease liabilities	$ 135,099

The following table sets forth supplemental cash flow information related to leases for the fiscal years ended September 30,

	2026	2025	2024
		(Amounts in thousands)	
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:			
Operating cash flows from operating leases	$ 19,632	$ 18,065	$ 18,358
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations:			
Operating leases	$ 3,168	$ 16,458	$ 5,548

The Company reports the amortization of ROU assets and the change in operating lease liabilities on a net basis in accrued expenses and other liabilities in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

Lessor

The Company enters into certain agreements as a lessor under which it rents buildings to third parties. Initial terms of our real estate leases are generally three to five years, exclusive of options to renew, which are generally exercisable at our sole discretion for one term of five years. These leases meet all of the criteria of an operating lease and are accordingly recognized straight line over the lease term.

The following table summarizes the amount of operating lease income and other income included in total revenues in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations:

	2026	2025
	(Amounts in thousands)	
Operating leases:		
Operating lease income	$ 13,219	$ 10,998
Variable lease income	825	845
Total rental income	$ 14,044	$ 11,843

As of September 30, 2026, future minimum payments to be received during the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

	(Amounts in thousands)
2027	$ 10,965
2028	5,767
2029	4,272
2030	2,585
2031	1,414
Thereafter	1,672
Total lease payments	$ 26,675

9. GOODWILL, OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, AND OTHER LONG-TERM ASSETS:

In January 2025, we acquired the service and parts departments of Treasure Island Marina in the Florida Panhandle. In March 2025, we acquired Shelter Bay Marina in Marathon, Florida. In March 2024, we acquired Williams Tenders USA, a premier distributor and retailer for UK-based Williams Jet Tenders Ltd., the world's leading manufacturer of rigid inflatable jet tenders for the luxury yacht market. In March 2024, we also acquired Native Marine, a boat dealer based in Islamorada, Florida. In October 2023, we acquired a controlling interest of AGY, a luxury charter management agency based in Athens, Greece.

In total, goodwill and other intangible assets decreased, primarily due to foreign currency translation, by $2.2 million, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026. In total, goodwill and other intangible assets decreased, primarily due to impairments, by $67.4 million, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025. Current and previous acquisitions less impairments have resulted in the recording of $524.8 million and $526.9 million in goodwill and $33.3 million and $35.4 million in other intangible assets as of September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.

As a result of a sustained decline in market capitalization, based on the Company's publicly quoted share price and macroeconomic conditions including increases in worldwide tariffs and related uncertainty that existed during the three months ended June 30, 2025, the Company performed a quantitative impairment assessment of goodwill at each of our four reporting units. The Company utilized the income approach (discounted cash flow method) corroborated by the market approach (guideline public company method), which are Level 3 non-recurring fair value measurements. Under the income approach, the Company projects its future cash flows and discounts these cash flows to reflect their relative risk. The cash flows used are consistent with those the Company uses in its internal planning, which reflects actual business trends experienced and its long-term business strategy. As such, key estimates and factors used in this method include, but are not limited to, revenue, margin and operating expense growth rates, as well as a discount rate and a terminal growth rate.

Under the market approach, the Company uses the guideline company method to develop valuation multiples and compares the Company's reporting units to similar publicly traded companies. In order to further validate the reasonableness of fair value as determined by the income and market approaches described above, a reconciliation to market capitalization is then performed by estimating a reasonable control premium and other market factors.

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, as a result of the declining marine industry performance and the performance of the product manufacturing reporting unit and segment due to the challenging environment, the Company recognized a non-cash, pre-tax goodwill impairment charge of $69.1 million related to the product manufacturing reporting unit, which was included in goodwill impairment in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. There was no remaining carrying value of the goodwill for the product manufacturing reporting unit and segment as a result of the goodwill impairment. No impairments were recorded for the reporting units: Retail Dealerships, Superyacht Services, or IGY Marinas, which are included in the Retail Operations reportable segment, as these reporting units all had fair values greater than their carrying values. Changes in the judgments, assumptions and estimates, including but not limited to: revenue, margin, operating expense growth rates, discount rates, terminal growth rates, and other assumptions, that are used in the impairment testing for goodwill, could result in significantly different estimates of fair value for our reporting units and potentially result in additional material non-cash impairment charges.

Our annual impairment test is performed during the fourth fiscal quarter. If the carrying amount of a reporting unit's goodwill exceeds its fair value we recognize an impairment loss in accordance with ASC 350. As of September 30, 2026, and based upon our most recent analysis, we determined through our qualitative assessment that it is not "more likely than not" that the fair values of our reporting units are less than their carrying values. As a result, we did not perform a quantitative goodwill impairment test.

The following table sets forth the changes in carrying amount of goodwill by reportable segment for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2026 and 2025:

	Retail Operations	Product Manufacturing	Total
	(Amounts in thousands)		
Balance as of September 30, 2024	$ 523,238	$ 69,055	$ 592,293
Goodwill acquired	680	—	680
Foreign currency translation	3,013	—	3,013
Goodwill impairment	—	(69,055)	(69,055)
Balance as of September 30, 2025	$ 526,931	$ —	$ 526,931
Goodwill acquired	—	—	—
Foreign currency translation	(2,172)	—	(2,172)
Balance as of September 30, 2026	$ 524,759	$ —	$ 524,759

Other intangible assets, net, at September 30, consisted of the following:

	2026	2025
	(Amounts in thousands)	
Trade names — indefinite-lived	$ 20,379	$ 20,404
Other intangible assets, primarily customer relationships	29,742	29,483
	50,121	49,887
Less: accumulated amortization	(16,774)	(14,471)
Intangible assets, net	$ 33,347	$ 35,416

The weighted average amortization period for other intangible assets is 3.9 years and they have no expected residual value.

The following table sets forth the aggregate amortization expense for each of the five succeeding fiscal years:

	(Amounts in thousands)
2027	$ 8,899
2028	3,037
2029	1,032
2030	—
2031	—
Total	$ 12,968

10. ACCRUED EXPENSES:

Accrued expenses consisted of the following as of September 30,

	2026	2025
	(Amounts in thousands)	
Payroll accruals	$ 56,680	$ 47,832
Customer and storage accruals	34,393	36,273
Sales and other taxes payable	12,434	7,488
Contingent consideration	—	1,060
Other accruals	37,972	28,389
Accrued expenses	$ 141,479	$ 121,042

11. SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS AND LONG-TERM DEBT:

In June 2026, we executed the Amended and Restated Credit Facility with Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company ("M&T Bank") as Administrative Agent, Swingline Lender, and Issuing Bank, Wells Fargo Commercial Distribution Finance, LLC, as Floor Plan Agent, and the lenders party thereto (the “New Credit Facility”). The New Credit Facility provides the Company short-term borrowing in the form of a line of credit with asset-based borrowing availability (the “Floor Plan”) of up to $950 million and establishes a revolving credit facility in the maximum amount of $150 million (including a $20 million swingline facility and a $20 million letter of credit sublimit). The New Credit Facility also continues $302.5 million of term loans outstanding under the prior credit facility and provides an $85 million delayed draw mortgage loan facility. The maturity of each of the facilities is June 2031. As of September 30,

2026, our available borrowings under the delayed draw mortgage loan facility were approximately $54 million, and our available borrowings under the revolving credit facility were approximately $136 million.

The interest rate is (a) for amounts outstanding under the Floor Plan, 3.25% above the one month secured term rate as administered by the CME Group Benchmark Administration Limited (CBA) ("SOFR"), (b) for amounts outstanding under the revolving credit facility or the term loan facility, a range of 1.50% to 2.0%, depending on the total net leverage ratio, above the one month, three month, or six month term SOFR rate, and (c) for amounts outstanding under the mortgage loan facility, 2.20% above the one month, three month, or six month term SOFR rate. The alternate base rate with a margin is available for amounts outstanding under the revolving credit, term, and mortgage loan facilities, and the Euro Interbank Offered Rate plus a margin is available for borrowings in Euro under the revolving credit facility. Borrowings, if any, in other currencies approved as alternative currencies under the revolving credit facility bear interest at a separately designated benchmark rate plus a margin, as approved by the administrative agent and the lenders in connection with the approval of such currency. As of September 30, 2026 and 2025, the interest rate on the outstanding short-term borrowings, which solely consisted of the current Floor Plan, was approximately 6.9% and 7.7%, respectively.

The New Credit Facility has certain financial covenants as specified in the agreement. The covenants include provisions that our total net leverage ratio must not exceed 3.50 to 1.00 and that our consolidated fixed charge coverage ratio must not be less than 1.10 to 1.00. As of September 30, 2026, we were in compliance with all covenants under the New Credit Facility. The New Credit Facility is secured by the Company's personal property assets, including, but not limited to, inventory and related accounts receivable. The mortgage loans are also secured by the real estate pledged as collateral for such loans.

As of September 30, 2026, our outstanding short term borrowings under the Floor Plan associated with financing our inventory and working capital needs totaled approximately $613.7 million. As of September 30, 2026, our short-term borrowings, which solely consisted of the Floor Plan, included unamortized debt issuance costs of approximately $2.1 million. As of September 30, 2025, our indebtedness associated with financing our inventory and working capital needs totaled approximately $715.7 million under the Floor Plan, and included unamortized debt issuance costs of approximately $0.8 million.

As of September 30, 2026, our additional Floor Plan available borrowings under our New Credit Facility were approximately $1.3 million based upon the outstanding borrowing base availability (Floor Plan). As of September 30, 2026, no amounts were withdrawn on the revolving credit facility and $31.0 million was outstanding on the delayed draw mortgage loan facility. As of September 30, 2026, our available borrowings under the delayed draw mortgage loan facility were approximately $54 million, and our available borrowings under the revolving credit facility were approximately $136 million. As of September 30, 2026, we had approximately $14.4 million in letters of credit that reduced the available borrowings under the revolving credit facility.

As is common in our industry, we receive interest assistance directly from boat manufacturers, including Brunswick. The interest assistance programs vary by manufacturer, but generally include periods of free financing or reduced interest rate programs. The interest assistance may be paid directly to us or our lender depending on the arrangements the manufacturer has established. We classify interest assistance received from manufacturers as a reduction of inventory cost and related cost of sales.

The availability and costs of borrowed funds can adversely affect our ability to obtain adequate boat inventory and the holding costs of that inventory as well as the ability and willingness of our customers to finance boat purchases. However, we rely on our New Credit Facility to purchase our inventory of boats. The aging of our inventory limits our borrowing capacity as defined curtailments reduce the allowable advance rate as our inventory ages. Our access to funds under our New Credit Facility also depends upon the ability of our lenders to meet their funding commitments, particularly if they experience shortages of capital, experience excessive volumes of borrowing requests from others during a short period of time or otherwise experience liquidity issues of their own. Unfavorable economic conditions, weak consumer spending, turmoil in the credit markets, and lender difficulties, among other potential reasons, could interfere with our ability to utilize our New Credit Facility to fund our operations. Any inability to utilize our New Credit Facility could require us to seek other sources of funding to repay amounts outstanding under the credit agreements or replace or supplement our credit agreements, which may not be possible at all or under commercially reasonable terms.

Similarly, decreases in the availability of credit and increases in the cost of credit adversely affect the ability of our customers to purchase boats from us and thereby adversely affect our ability to sell our products and impact the profitability of our finance and insurance activities.

Long-term Debt

The below table summarizes the Company's long-term debt.

	September 30, 2026 (Amounts in thousands)
Mortgage facility payable to Flagship Bank bearing interest at 6.00% (prime minus 100 basis points with a floor of 2.00%). Requires monthly principal and interest payments with a balloon payment of approximately $4.0 million due August 2027.	$ 4,419
Mortgage facility payable to Seacoast National Bank bearing interest at 6.07% (SOFR plus 225 basis points). Requires monthly interest payments for the first year and then monthly principal and interest payments with a balloon payment of approximately $10.0 million due September 2031.	12,663
Mortgage facility payable to Hancock Whitney Bank bearing interest at 6.38% (prime minus 62.5 basis points with a floor of 2.25%). Requires monthly principal and interest payments with a balloon payment of approximately $15.5 million due November 2027. 50% of the outstanding borrowings are hedged with an interest rate swap contract with a fixed rate of 3.20%.	17,539
Mortgage facility payable to M&T Bank bearing interest at 6.10% (SOFR plus 220 basis points). Requires quarterly principal and interest payments. Facility matures in June 2031.	30,132
Term loan payable to M&T Bank bearing interest at 5.26%. Requires quarterly principal and interest payments. Facility matures in June 2031.	291,534
Loan payable to TRANSPORT S.a.s di Taula Vittorio & C. bearing interest at 5.82%. Requires quarterly principal and interest payments. Facility matures in December 2030.	1,144
Total long-term debt	357,431
Less: current portion	(31,448)
Less: unamortized portion of debt issuance costs	(1,632)
Long-term debt, net current portion and unamortized debt issuance costs	$ 324,351

	September 30, 2025 (Amounts in thousands)
Mortgage facility payable to Flagship Bank bearing interest at 6.25% (prime minus 100 basis points with a floor of 2.00%). Requires monthly principal and interest payments with a balloon payment of approximately $4.0 million due August 2027.	$ 4,915
Mortgage facility payable to Seacoast National Bank bearing interest at 6.40% (SOFR plus 225 basis points). Requires monthly interest payments for the first year and then monthly principal and interest payments with a balloon payment of approximately $10.0 million due September 2031.	14,020
Mortgage facility payable to Hancock Whitney Bank bearing interest at 6.63% (prime minus 62.5 basis points with a floor of 2.25%). Requires monthly principal and interest payments with a balloon payment of approximately $15.5 million due November 2027. 50% of the outstanding borrowings are hedged with an interest rate swap contract with a fixed rate of 3.20%.	19,452
Mortgage facility payable to M&T Bank bearing interest at 6.37% (SOFR plus 220 basis points). Requires quarterly principal and interest payments. Facility matures in August 2027.	36,083
Term loan payable to M&T Bank bearing interest at 6.0%. Requires quarterly principal and interest payments. Facility matures in August 2027.	317,500
Loan payable to TRANSPORT S.a.s di Taula Vittorio & C. bearing interest at 5.44%. Requires quarterly principal and interest payments. Facility matures in December 2030.	1,226
Total long-term debt	393,196
Less: current portion	(35,593)
Less: unamortized portion of debt issuance costs	(1,368)
Long-term debt, net current portion and unamortized debt issuance costs	$ 356,235

As of September 30, 2026, the aggregate maturities of long-term debt by fiscal year are summarized as follows:

	(Amounts in thousands)
2027	$ 31,448
2028	40,741
2029	25,115
2030	32,350
2031	226,633
Thereafter	1,144
Total long-term debt	$ 357,431

12. INCOME TAXES:

For the year ended September 30, 2026, the Company adopted the annual disclosures of ASU No. 2023-09, Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures, on a prospective basis. Comparative financial information for prior periods has not been restated and continues to be reported under the accounting standards in effect for those periods.

Income before income tax provision consisted of the following components for the fiscal years ended September 30,

	2026	2025	2024
		(Amounts in thousands)	
(Loss) income before income tax provision:			
United States	$ (28,408)	$ (52,357)	$ 42,218
Other	21,633	15,216	12,113
Total	$ (6,775)	$ (37,141)	$ 54,331

The components of our provision from income taxes consisted of the following for the fiscal years ended September 30,

	2026	2025	2024
		(Amounts in thousands)	
Current provision:			
Federal	$ 3,121	$ 2,301	$ 6,074
Foreign	5,386	2,777	2,888
State	70	1,638	2,644
Total current provision	$ 8,577	$ 6,716	$ 11,606
Deferred (benefit) provision:			
Federal	$ (8,434)	$ (9,472)	$ 5,733
Foreign	(168)	367	(3,238)
State	703	(3,986)	1,492
Total deferred (benefit) provision	(7,899)	(13,091)	3,987
Total income tax provision (benefit)	$ 678	$ (6,375)	$ 15,593

Below is a reconciliation of the statutory federal income tax rate to our effective tax rate for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026, after the adoption of ASU 2023-09:

	2026	
	(Amounts in thousands)	%
Federal tax provision	$ (1,422)	21.0%
State taxes, net of federal benefit	(1)	0.0%
Foreign tax effects:		
Foreign rate differential	947	(14.0)%
Effects of cross-border tax laws:		
Saudi Arabia withholding tax	487	(7.2)%
Mexico withholding tax	179	(2.6)%
US tax on foreign earnings	495	(7.3)%
Nontaxable or nondeductible items:		
Stock-based compensation	798	(11.8)%
Officer compensation	129	(1.9)%
Non-deductible expenses	207	(3.1)%
Transaction costs	590	(8.7)%
R&D Credits	(450)	6.6%
Unrecognized tax benefits	(938)	13.9%
Other	(343)	5.1%
Effective tax rate	$ 678	(10.0)%

The impact of stock-based compensation on the effective tax rate is driven by changes in our stock price from when equity awards are granted as compared to when the awards vest and non-deductible awards. The state of Florida makes up more than 50% of the effects of state income taxes.

Below is a reconciliation of the statutory federal income tax rate to our effective tax rate for the fiscal years ended September 30,

	2025	2024
Federal tax provision	21.0%	21.0%
State taxes, net of federal benefit	0.2%	3.0%
Stock-based compensation	(4.9)%	4.2%
Foreign rate differential	(2.6)%	(2.0)%
US tax on foreign earnings	4.1%	1.5%
Equity investment	—	—
Entity classification change	13.2%	—
Goodwill impairment	(16.3)%	—
R&D Credits	1.5%	—
Other	1.0%	1.0%
Effective tax rate	17.2%	28.7%

We elected to change the tax status of certain foreign subsidiaries which required approval from the taxing jurisdiction. The benefit of the tax status change was included in our financial statements upon the receipt of such approvals which occurred during fiscal year 2025. The impact of the goodwill impairment charge on the effective tax rate represents the portion of the goodwill impairment that does not have a corresponding tax basis.

Deferred income taxes reflect the impact of temporary differences between the amount of assets and liabilities recognized for financial reporting purposes and such amounts recognized for income tax purposes. The tax effects of these temporary differences representing the components of deferred tax assets and liabilities as of September 30,

	2026	2025
	(Amounts in thousands)	
Deferred tax assets:		
Inventories	$ 2,794	$ 2,233
Operating lease liabilities	35,907	32,741
Accrued expenses	1,634	1,140
Stock-based compensation	4,245	4,660
Interest deductions	9,872	8,490
US tax effect of foreign taxes	4,980	5,298
Tax loss carryforwards	18,692	4,135
Other	6,940	4,725
Valuation allowance	—	—
Total long-term deferred tax assets	$ 85,064	$ 63,422
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Depreciation and amortization	(81,784)	(73,348)
Operating lease right-of-use assets	(33,390)	(31,182)
Equity method investments	(2,581)	(3,159)
Investment in partnerships	(3,698)	—
Other	(2,696)	(3,180)
Total long-term deferred tax liabilities	$ (124,149)	$ (110,869)
Net deferred tax liabilities	$ (39,085)	$ (47,447)

Pursuant to ASC 740, we must consider all positive and negative evidence regarding the realization of deferred tax assets. ASC 740 provides four possible sources of taxable income to realize deferred tax assets: 1) taxable income in prior carryback years, 2) reversals of existing deferred tax liabilities, 3) tax planning strategies and 4) projected future taxable income. As of September 30, 2026, we have no available taxable income in prior carryback years and have not identified prudent and feasible tax planning strategies. Therefore, the recoverability of our deferred tax assets is dependent upon the reversal of existing deferred tax liabilities and generating future taxable income. It is more likely than not that we will generate sufficient taxable income to realize the deferred tax asset not offset by reversing deferred tax liabilities.

As of September 30, 2026, the Company has NOL carryforwards of approximately $65.9 million, $75.2 million and $4.2 million for federal, state and foreign income tax purposes, respectively, which resulted in a deferred tax asset of $18.7 million, and expire at various dates beginning in 2026.

Significant judgment is required in evaluating our uncertain tax positions. Although we believe our tax return positions are sustainable, we recognize tax benefits from uncertain tax positions in the consolidated financial statements only when it is more likely than not that the positions will be sustained upon examination, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits and a consideration of the relevant taxing authority's administrative practices and precedents. To the extent that the final tax outcome of these matters is different than the amounts recorded, such differences will impact the provision for income taxes in the period in which such determination is made. The provision for income taxes includes the impact of reserve provisions and changes to reserves that are considered appropriate, as well as the related net interest and penalties.

As of September 30, 2026 and 2025, we had approximately $2.1 million and $3.1 million, respectively of gross unrecognized tax benefits. The reconciliation of the total amount recorded for unrecognized tax benefits at the beginning and end of the fiscal years ended September 30, 2026 and 2025 is as follows:

	2026	2025
	(Amounts in thousands)	
Unrecognized tax benefits at the beginning of the year	$ 3,056	$ 4,085
Increases in tax positions for prior years	191	—
Decreases in tax positions for prior years	(1,129)	(1,029)
Unrecognized tax benefits at the end of the year	$ 2,118	$ 3,056

Consistent with our prior practices, we recognize interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions as a component of income tax expense. As of September 30, 2026 and 2025, interest and penalties represented approximately $0.6 million and $1.2 million, respectively, of the gross unrecognized tax benefits.

We are subject to tax by federal, state, and foreign taxing authorities. Until the respective statutes of limitations expire, we are subject to income tax audits in the jurisdictions in which we operate. We are no longer subject to U.S. federal tax assessments for fiscal years prior to 2023, we are not subject to assessments prior to the 2020 fiscal year for the majority of the State jurisdictions and we are not subject to assessments prior to the 2021 calendar year for the majority of the foreign jurisdictions.

For the year ended September 30, 2026, the components of cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds received were as follows:

	2026 (Amounts in thousands)
Cash taxes paid (refunds received)	
Federal taxes	$ (5,977)
Foreign taxes	
Mexico	2,610
St. Lucia	704
Saudi Arabia	590
Other foreign	1,991
State taxes	
Florida	(3,924)
Minnesota	(550)
Other states	(529)
Total cash refunds received, net	(5,085)

Cash paid for taxes, net, prior to the adoption of ASU 2023-09, was $9.2 million and $9.8 million, respectively, for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2025 and 2024.

13. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:

The Company maintains a stock repurchase plan authorizing the Company to purchase up to $100 million of its common stock through March 2028. Under the plan, we may buy back common stock from time to time in the open market or in privately negotiated blocks, dependent upon various factors, including price and availability of the shares, and general market conditions. Through September 30, 2026 we had purchased an aggregate of 8,675,055 shares of common stock under the current and historical share repurchase plans for an aggregate purchase price of approximately $178.3 million. Based on our closing stock price of $52.30 as of September 30, 2026, approximately 1.9 million shares remained available for future purchases under the current share repurchase program.

14. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION:

We account for our stock-based compensation plans following the provisions of FASB ASC 718, "Compensation — Stock Compensation" ("ASC 718"). In accordance with ASC 718, we use the Black-Scholes valuation model for valuing all options granted (Note 15) and shares purchased under our Amended 2008 Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("Stock Purchase Plan"). We measure compensation for restricted stock awards and restricted stock units (Note 17) at fair value on the grant date based on the number of shares expected to vest and the quoted market price of our common stock. We recognize compensation cost for all awards in operations on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for each separately vesting portion of the award.

Stock-based compensation expense recorded in selling, general, and administrative expenses was approximately $15.2 million, $19.4 million, and $24.0 million, for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

Cash received from option exercises under all share-based compensation arrangements for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024 was approximately $2.6 million in each year. We currently expect to satisfy share-based awards with registered shares available to be issued from the Stock Purchase Plan.

15. THE INCENTIVE STOCK PLANS:

In February 2025, our shareholders approved a proposal to amend our 2021 Plan (as defined below), to increase the total number of available shares by 495,000. In February 2023, our shareholders approved a proposal to amend our 2021 Plan, to increase the total

number of available shares by 1,300,000. In February 2022, our shareholders approved a proposal to authorize our 2021 Stock-Based Compensation Plan ("2021 Plan"), which replaced our 2011 Stock-Based Compensation Plan ("2011 Plan"). Our 2021 Plan provides for the grant of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, stock units, bonus stock, dividend equivalents, other stock related awards, and performance awards (collectively "awards"), that may be settled in cash, stock, or other property. Our 2021 Plan is designed to attract, motivate, retain, and reward our executives, employees, officers, directors, and independent contractors by providing such persons with annual and long-term performance incentives to expend their maximum efforts in the creation of shareholder value. The total number of shares of our common stock that may be subject to awards under the 2021 Plan is equal to 2,795,000 shares, plus: (i) any shares available for issuance and not subject to an award under our 2007 Stock-Based Compensation Plan (the "2007 Plan") or the 2011 Plan, which was 545,729 in aggregate at the time of the approval of the 2021 Plan; (ii) the number of shares with respect to which awards granted under the 2021 Plan, the 2011 Plan or the 2007 Plan terminate without the issuance of the shares or where the shares are forfeited or repurchased; (iii) with respect to awards granted under the 2021 Plan, the 2011 Plan and the 2007 Plan, the number of shares that are not issued as a result of the award being settled for cash or otherwise not issued in connection with the exercise or payment of the award; and (iv) the number of shares that are surrendered or withheld in payment of the exercise price of any award or any tax withholding requirements in connection with any award granted under the 2021 Plan, the 2011 Plan or the 2007 Plan. The 2021 Plan terminates in February 2032, and awards may be granted at any time during the life of the 2021 Plan. The dates on which awards vest are determined by the Board of Directors or the Plan Administrator. The Board of Directors has appointed the Compensation Committee as the Plan Administrator. The exercise prices of options are determined by the Board of Directors or the Plan Administrator and are at least equal to the fair market value of shares of common stock on the date of grant. The term of options under the 2021 Plan may not exceed ten years. The options granted have varying vesting periods. To date, we have not settled or been under any obligation to settle any awards in cash.

The following table summarizes activity from our incentive stock plans from September 30, 2025 through September 30, 2026:

	Shares Available for Grant	Options Outstanding	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (Amounts in thousands)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life
Balance as of September 30, 2025	1,387,813	35,000	$ 87	$ 28.80	6.5
Shares authorized	415,000	—		—	
Options exercised	—	(5,000)		16.97	
Restricted stock awards granted	(732,335)	—		—	
Restricted stock awards forfeited or unearned	58,424	—		—	
Additional shares of stock issued	(2,355)	—		—	
Balance as of September 30, 2026	1,126,547	30,000	$ 644	$ 30.77	6.5
Exercisable as of September 30, 2026		26,666	$ 554	$ 31.45	6.2

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026 no options were granted. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025, 10,000 options were granted.

We used the Black-Scholes model to estimate the fair value of options granted. The expected term of options granted is estimated based on historical experience. Volatility is based on the historical volatility of our common stock. The risk-free rate for periods within the contractual term of the options is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant.

16. EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLAN:

Our shareholders approved proposals to amend our Stock Purchase Plan to increase the number of shares available under that plan by 500,000 shares in each of February 2019 and February 2025. The Stock Purchase Plan as amended provides for up to 2,000,000 shares of common stock to be available for purchase by our regular employees who have completed at least one year of continuous service. In addition, there were 52,837 shares of common stock available under our 1998 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, which have been made available for issuance under our Stock Purchase Plan. The Stock Purchase Plan provides for implementation of annual offerings beginning on the first day of October in each of the years 2008 through 2027, with each offering terminating on September 30 of the following year. Each annual offering may be divided into two six-month offerings. For each offering, the purchase price per share will be the lower of: (i) 85% of the closing price of the common stock on the first day of the offering or (ii) 85% of the closing price of the common stock on the last day of the offering. The purchase price is paid through periodic payroll deductions not to exceed 10% of the participant's earnings during each offering period. However, no participant may purchase more than $25,000 worth of common stock annually.

We used the Black-Scholes model to estimate the fair value of options granted to purchase shares issued pursuant to the Stock Purchase Plan. Volatility is based on the historical volatility of our common stock. The risk-free rate for periods within the contractual term of the options is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant.

The following are the weighted-average assumptions used for the fiscal years ended September 30,

	2026	2025	2024
Dividend yield	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Risk-free interest rate	3.8%	4.3%	5.4%
Volatility	54.7%	58.1%	45.3%
Expected life	Six months	Six months	Six months

As of September 30, 2026, we had issued 1,673,389 shares of common stock under our Stock Purchase Plan.

17. RESTRICTED STOCK AWARDS:

We have granted non-vested (restricted) stock awards ("restricted stock") and restricted stock units ("RSUs") to employees, directors, and officers pursuant to the 2021 Plan, 2011 Plan, and the 2007 Plan. The restricted stock awards and RSUs have varying vesting periods, but generally become fully vested between two and four years after the grant date, depending on the specific award, performance targets met for performance-based awards granted to officers, and vesting period for time-based awards. Officer performance-based awards are granted at the target amount of shares that may be earned and the actual amount of the award earned generally could range from 0% to 210% of the target number of shares based on the actual specified performance target met. We accounted for the restricted stock awards granted using the measurement and recognition provisions of ASC 718. Accordingly, the fair value of the restricted stock awards, including performance-based awards, is measured on the grant date and recognized in earnings over the requisite service period for each separately vesting portion of the award.

The following table summarizes restricted stock award activity from September 30, 2025 through September 30, 2026. Performance-based awards outstanding are shown below at the targeted amount of shares granted.

	Shares/ Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Non-vested balance as of September 30, 2025	1,189,153	$ 31.45
Changes during the period:		
Awards granted	732,335	$ 22.37
Awards vested	(566,282)	$ 32.93
Awards forfeited	(58,424)	$ 30.57
Non-vested balance as of September 30, 2026	1,296,782	$ 25.72

As of September 30, 2026, we had approximately $14.9 million of total unrecognized compensation cost, assuming applicable performance conditions are met, related to non-vested restricted stock awards. We expect to recognize that cost over a weighted-average period of 2.1 years.

18. NET INCOME PER SHARE:

The following table presents shares used in the calculation of basic and diluted net income per share for the fiscal years ended September 30,

	2026	2025	2024
Weighted average common shares outstanding used in calculating basic net income per share	22,032,133	22,052,177	22,271,580
Effect of dilutive options and non-vested restricted stock awards	—	—	742,628
Weighted average common and common equivalent shares used in calculating diluted net income per share	22,032,133	22,052,177	23,014,208

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024, there were 0.01 million, 1.2 million and 0.01 million weighted average shares of options outstanding and non-vested restricted stock outstanding, respectively, that were not included in the computation of diluted net income per share because the options' exercise prices or non-vested restricted stock prices were greater than the average market price of our common stock, and therefore, their effect would be anti-dilutive.

19. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

We are party to various legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. While it is not feasible to determine the actual outcome of these actions as of September 30, 2026, we believe that these matters should not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

In connection with certain of our workers' compensation insurance policies, we maintain standby letters of credit and surety bonds for our insurance carriers in the amount of $1.8 million relating primarily to retained risk on our workers compensation claims. In connection with our equity investment in Cannes, France, we maintain standby letters of credit of approximately $12.5 million.

We are subject to federal and state environmental regulations, including rules relating to air and water pollution and the storage and disposal of gasoline, oil, other chemicals and waste. We believe that we are in compliance with such regulations.

On February 20, 2026, the United States Supreme Court issued a decision invalidating tariffs imposed under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act ("IEEPA"). In March 2026, the U.S. Court of International Trade issued an additional ruling stating that importers that have paid tariffs under IEEPA are due refunds. We began to receive tariff refunds in the third quarter of fiscal 2026, and as of September 30, 2026, have received refunds of approximately $17.2 million, inclusive of amounts we previously have agreed to return to manufacturers and an immaterial amount of interest. Through the twelve months ended September 30, 2026, $8.1 million of the tariff refund related to sold boats was recognized as a reduction in cost of sales of which $6.4 million related to sales of boats in this fiscal year. No material refunds remain pending as of September 30, 2026. The Company continues to monitor developments and assess the potential impact on its consolidated financial statements and results of operations.

20. EMPLOYEE 401(k) PROFIT SHARING PLANS:

Employees are eligible to participate in our 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan (the "Plan") following their 90-day introductory period starting either April 1 or October 1, provided that they are 18 years of age. Under the Plan, we matched 50% of participants' contributions, up to a maximum of 6% of each participant's compensation. We contributed, under the Plan, or pursuant to previous similar plans, approximately $9.0 million, $8.1 million, and $7.6 million for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2026, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

21. SEGMENT INFORMATION:

Reportable Segments

The Company's reportable segments are defined by management's reporting structure and operating activities. Our chief operating decision maker ("CODM") is our Chief Executive Officer. Our CODM reviews income from operations by segment for purposes of making operating decisions, assessing financial performance, and deciding how to allocate resources (including team members, property, and financial or capital resources). The CODM considers forecast-to-actual variances when making decisions about allocating resources to the segments. The CODM does not evaluate segments using asset or liability information, and therefore, such information is not presented. The Company's reportable segments are the following:

Retail Operations. The Retail Operations segment includes the sale of new and used recreational boats, including pleasure and fishing boats, with a focus on premium brands in each segment. We also sell related marine products, including engines, trailers, parts, and accessories. In addition, we provide repair, maintenance, and slip and storage rentals; we arrange related boat financing, insurance, and extended service contracts; we offer boat and yacht brokerage sales; and we offer yacht charter services. In the British Virgin Islands, we offer the charter of catamarans through MarineMax Vacations. Fraser Yachts Group and Northrop & Johnson, leading superyacht brokerage and luxury yacht services companies with operations in multiple countries, are also included in this segment. We also maintain a network of strategically positioned luxury marinas situated in yachting and sport fishing destinations around the world through IGY Marinas, which is also included in this segment. The Retail Operations segment includes the majority of all corporate costs.

Product Manufacturing. The Product Manufacturing segment includes activity of Cruisers Yachts and Intrepid Powerboats. Cruisers Yachts, a wholly-owned MarineMax subsidiary, manufacturing sport yacht and yachts, including Aviara luxury dayboats, with sales through our select retail dealership locations and through independent dealers. Cruisers Yachts is recognized as one of the world's premier manufacturers of premium sport yacht and yachts, producing models from 33' to 60' feet. Intrepid Powerboats, also a

wholly-owned MarineMax subsidiary, is recognized as a world class producer of customized boats, carefully reflecting the unique desires of each individual owner. Intrepid Powerboats sells through our retail dealership locations and through independent dealers and has received many awards and accolades for its innovations and high-quality craftsmanship that create industry leading products in their categories.

Intersegment revenue represents boats and yachts that were manufactured in our Product Manufacturing segment and were sold to our Retail Operations segment. The Product Manufacturing segment supplies our Retail Operations segment along with various independent dealers. Intersegment adjustments represent eliminations of intersegment income from sales of boats from Product Manufacturing to Retail Operations and additional income recognized when manufactured boats are sold to the customer through the Retail Operations segment.

The following table sets forth revenue, income from operations, and significant expenses for each of the Company's reportable segments for the fiscal years ended September 30,

	2026			
	Retail Operations	Product Manufacturing	Intersegment Adjustments & Eliminations	Total
	(Amounts in thousands)			
Revenue	$ 2,158,767	$ 108,632	$ (103,410)	$ 2,163,989
Less:				
Cost of sales	1,419,096	100,132	(109,411)	1,409,817
Selling, general and administrative expenses	680,759	22,153	-	702,912
Income (loss) from operations	$ 58,912	$ (13,653)	$ 6,001	$ 51,260
Interest Expense				58,035
(Loss) before income tax provision				$ (6,775)

	2025			
	Retail Operations	Product Manufacturing	Intersegment Adjustments & Eliminations	Total
	(Amounts in thousands)			
Revenue	$ 2,299,555	$ 138,947	$ (129,214)	$ 2,309,288
Less:				
Cost of sales	1,567,829	129,046	(137,815)	1,559,060
Selling, general and administrative expenses	627,217	19,939	-	647,156
Goodwill impairment (1)	-	69,055	-	69,055
Income (loss) from operations	$ 104,509	$ (79,093)	$ 8,601	$ 34,017
Interest Expense				71,158
(Loss) before income tax provision				$ (37,141)

(1) The Company recognized a non-cash, pre-tax goodwill impairment charge of $69.1 million related to the product manufacturing reporting unit and segment during fiscal 2025.

	2024			
	Retail Operations	Product Manufacturing	Intersegment Adjustments & Eliminations	Total
	(Amounts in thousands)			
Revenue	$ 2,417,941	$ 154,753	$ (141,686)	$ 2,431,008
Less:				
Cost of sales	1,642,936	133,494	(146,618)	1,629,812
Selling, general and administrative expenses	652,142	20,828	-	672,970
Income from operations	$ 122,863	$ 431	$ 4,932	$ 128,226
Interest Expense				73,895
Income before income tax provision				$ 54,331

See Note 2 for a description of expenses included in cost of sales and selling, general and administrative expenses.

The following table sets forth depreciation and amortization for each of the Company's reportable segments for the fiscal years ended September 30,

	2026	2025	2024
	(Amounts in thousands)		
Depreciation:			
Retail Operations	$ 34,099	$ 32,435	$ 30,952
Product Manufacturing	6,916	6,678	4,748
Depreciation	$ 41,015	$ 39,113	$ 35,700
Amortization:			
Retail Operations	$ 9,322	$ 10,207	$ 8,494
Product Manufacturing	-	-	293
Amortization	$ 9,322	$ 10,207	$ 8,787

The following tables set forth revenue and long-lived assets by geographical location for the Company for the fiscal years ended September 30,

	2026	2025	2024
	(Amounts in thousands)		
Revenue:			
United States	$ 1,994,995	$ 2,165,557	$ 2,309,895
International	168,994	143,731	121,113
Total	$ 2,163,989	$ 2,309,288	$ 2,431,008

	2026	2025
	(Amounts in thousands)	
Long-lived assets, net:		
United States	$ 570,489	$ 586,784
International	97,863	103,677
Total	$ 668,352	$ 690,461

Long-lived assets include Property and equipment, net and Operating lease right-of-use assets, net.

22. RELATED PARTIES:

Through one of the subsidiaries that it acquired in the IGY Marinas acquisition, the Company has an investment in certain entities that own a marina asset in Cannes, France, which is accounted for under the equity method, as well as a series of notes receivable due from these entities, with a total notes receivable balance of approximately $11.3 million as of September 30, 2026.

In October 2020 we acquired Skipper Marine Holdings, Inc. and certain affiliates (collectively, "SkipperBud's") and retained the previous management of SkipperBud's. As a result of the acquisition, certain SkipperBud's locations were leased by MarineMax from the SkipperBud's sellers and management. Total lease payments to the management of SkipperBud's were approximately $6.4 million and $5.9 million for fiscal years 2026 and 2025, respectively.

Exhibit 10.1(g)

KEY EXECUTIVE RETENTION AGREEMENT

This Key Executive Retention Agreement (this "Agreement"), dated as of June 2, 2023 is by and between MarineMax, Inc., a Florida corporation (the "Company"), and Kyle Langbehn (the "Executive").

Background

The Company is in the business of selling and servicing new and used recreational boats and marine products and services; it also provides yacht brokerage, yacht management, crew placement, financing and insurance services and charter services. The geographical scope of its services is, as of the date of this Agreement, throughout North America, the Caribbean, Europe and parts of Asia. The Executive desires either: (a) to continue employment with the Company or (b) to become employed by the Company and has represented to the Company that the Executive does not have any agreements or obligations with any entity (including any prior employer) that would limit the Executive's ability to provide services to the Company. The Company desires to employ (or continue to employ) the Executive provided that, as an express condition of such employment, the Executive enters into this Agreement with the Company.

The Executive acknowledges that the Company's confidential information, its relationships with its customers and vendors and, in particular, its trade secrets (including, without limitation, its sales procedures, arrangements with vendors and marketing strategies), have significant economic value to the Company, whether actual or potential, and should be protected from disclosure to or use by the Company's competitors. The Executive further acknowledges that the Company has provided, or will provide, specialized training of significant value to the Executive. In the course of this training, the Executive has been, or will be, exposed to a great deal of confidential information about the Company, including its trade secrets.

The parties agree that: (a) this Agreement is supported by valuable consideration, receipt of which is acknowledged; (b) mutual promises and obligations are being made and undertaken by them; and (c) the Agreement is entered into voluntarily by them.

Accordingly, in consideration of the above and the mutual covenants and agreements set forth below, the parties agree as follows:

Terms

1. Consideration. In exchange for the promises made by the Executive in this Agreement, the Company will provide to the Executive valuable consideration, including: (a) employment or continued employment, in an at-will capacity and (b) eligibility for severance in the event of the termination of the Executive's employment.

2. Duty of Loyalty; Best Efforts. The Executive agrees to provide services to the Company using reasonable care and with loyalty and honesty. During employment, the Executive agrees to devote the Executive's best efforts, energies and skill in the performance of services to the Company and to devote full working time and attention exclusively to the business and affairs of the Company. The Executive agrees not to engage in any activity to the Company's detriment

(whether reputational or otherwise), such as but not limited to working for (or providing any consulting services to) a Company competitor in any capacity during employment.

3. Company Documents and Property. The Executive agrees that all memoranda, books, papers, letters, documents and data (including all duplicates and electronic versions of those materials as well as other electronically created, generated, stored or transmitted information), as well as all computer hardware and software, credit cards, keys, telephones/mobile devices and similar items/property provided to the Executive by the Company, used by the Executive in providing services to the Company, or relating to the Company's business and affairs (the "Company Documents/Property") belong to the Company. The Executive agrees that all Company Documents/Property will be used by the Executive only in the course of providing services to the Company and only in its best interests. The Executive agrees to return to the Company all Documents/Property (including all duplicates and electronic versions), in an unaltered form, either at its request or at the end of the Executive's employment (irrespective of the reason(s) for its end), with all Documents/Property being returned in good condition (ordinary wear and tear excepted), unencrypted and not password protected.

4. Confidential Information. The Company will provide the Executive, or permit the Executive to acquire, be exposed to, and/or have access to, documents, data, and information of the Company and/or its customers or vendors which is sensitive, confidential, proprietary and/or a trade secret ("Confidential Information"). The Executive acknowledges that the Company has a unique method of doing business consisting of a variety of trade secrets and other Confidential Information and that the Executive has had, or will have, access to these valuable trade secrets. Such Confidential Information will include specialized training delivered or provided to the Executive. At all times, both during and after employment, the Executive shall retain all Confidential Information in confidence and not disclose it or use it other than in the Company's best interests and only when such disclosure or use is required for the Executive's performance of services for the Company (subject at all times to the Executive's compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations, including, without limitation, the United States securities laws, rules and regulations). As used in this Agreement, Confidential Information includes but is not limited to:

(a) The Company's standard operating and sales/marketing procedures, training materials, computer software and/or programs, forms, processes, know-how, scientific, technical, or product information, whether patentable or not, which is of value to the Company and not generally known outside the Company;

(b) Confidential information about or obtained from third parties, including the Company's customers and vendors concerning their products, business, business needs, equipment specifications, terms of supply or service contracts;

(c) Personnel information, including information about the Company's Executive's personal or medical histories, compensation, benefits, terms and conditions of employment, evaluations, actual/proposed promotions and personnel actions, Executive training methods and materials;

(d) Confidential business information of the Company, including financial information, marketing and business plans, strategies, projections, business opportunities,

customer identities or lists or contact information (including, without limitation, the identity of any past, present and prospective customers), sales techniques, sales and cost information, internal financial statements or reports, profit, loss, or margin information, and customer and vendor pricing information;

(e) Trade secrets of the Company; and

(f) Other information designated by the Company as Confidential Information, or that would otherwise appear to a reasonable person to be Confidential Information in the context and circumstances in which the information is disclosed or used, or that is deemed by law to be Confidential Information.

"Confidential Information" does not include information which has become generally known to the public through no act or omission of the Executive.

5. Noncompetition and Nonsolicitation.

(a) The Executive agrees that, during employment by the Company (or by any Company parent, affiliate or subsidiary), and for a period of 24 months after the termination of such employment (irrespective of the reason(s) for the end of employment), the Executive will not engage in a business, directly or indirectly, that sells, rents, brokers, provides storage for, or leases boating products or services or finance and insurance products or services anywhere in the United States and any other country in which the Company is doing business at the time of the termination of employment. The Executive acknowledges that the Company has operations throughout the United States and other countries and that his duties will involve, from time to time, interactions with customers, supplies and other employees throughout the United States and other countries. The term "engage in" shall include, but shall not be limited to, activities, whether direct or indirect, as proprietor, partner, shareholder, member, officer, director, landlord, principal, agent, Executive, employee, consultant, independent contractor, joint venturer, investor or lender; provided, however, that the ownership of not more than one percent (1%) in the aggregate by the Executive of the stock of a publicly held corporation shall not be included in such term.

(b) In furtherance of, and without in any way limiting the restriction in Section 5(a) above, for the period specified in Section 5(a) above, the Executive shall not, directly or indirectly:

(i) Request any past, present, or future customers, suppliers or vendors of the Company (or any Company parent, affiliate or subsidiary), directly or indirectly, to curtail or cancel their business with the Company (or any Company parent, affiliate or subsidiary);

(ii) Solicit, canvas, or accept, or assist or authorize any other person to solicit, canvas, or accept, from any past, present, or future customers, suppliers or vendors of the Company (or any Company parent, affiliate or subsidiary), any business for any other person, firm or entity engaged in a business the same as, similar to, or in general competition with the business of the Company (or any Company parent, affiliate or subsidiary) being conducted within the territorial limits described in Section 5(a) above;

(iii) solicit for employment, employ or agree to employ any Executive, employee, contractor or consultant of the Company (or of any Company parent, affiliate or subsidiary);

(iv) Induce or attempt to influence any Executive, employee, contractor or consultant of the Company (or of any Company parent, affiliate or subsidiary) to terminate or change the nature of such Executive, employee, contractor or consultant's employment or arrangement with the Company; or

(v) make material preparations to engage in the activities prohibited by Section 5(a)(i)-(iv) above.

As used in this Section 5(b), "future customer" shall mean a customer with whom business will have been transacted between the date of this Agreement and the end of the term specified in Section 5(a) above.

6. Severance.

(a) Definitions. The following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

(i) "Change in Control" shall mean the occurrence of any of the following:

(i) A merger, consolidation, sale of stock or assets, or other corporate transaction or disposition (in one transaction or a series of transactions) to any person or group (as defined in Rule 13d-5 under the Securities Exchange Act) other than an affiliate of the Company, but excluding any assignment as security for indebtedness, after which the stockholders of the Company immediately prior to the consummation of such transaction would not own more than 50% of the combined voting power of the surviving or resulting entity immediately following the consummation of such transaction;

(ii) the sale, liquidation, distribution, or other disposition of 50% or more of the consolidated assets of the Company to any person or group (as defined in Rule 13d-5 under the Securities Exchange Act) other than an affiliate of the Company;

(iii) a majority of the members of Company's board of directors is replaced during any 12-month period by directors whose appointment is not endorsed by a majority of the members of the Company's board of directors prior to the date of appointment or election; or

(iv) approval by the Company's shareholders of a definitive agreement or plan to liquidate or dissolve the Company.

(ii) "Good Cause," as it applies to the determination by the Company to terminate the employment of the Executive, shall mean any one or more of the following: (A) the Executive's breach of the Executive's duties to the Company to the extent not cured within 10 days after notice of such breach is delivered to the Executive, if such breach is curable, otherwise termination shall be immediate; (B) the Executive's negligence in the performance or intentional

nonperformance of any of the Executive's material duties and responsibilities to the Company (including acts of insubordination); (C) the Executive's dishonesty, fraud, or misconduct with respect to the business or affairs of the Company, which materially and adversely affects the operations or reputation of the Company (including acts of insubordination); (D) the Executive's commission of any act constituting a felony crime or the commission of any act involving moral turpitude or material dishonesty (including theft of Company property); (E) the Executive's act or omission which causes or potentially could cause material harm to the Company's reputation; (F) a confirmed positive illegal drug test result or (G) abuse of alcohol or prescription drugs on Company business. In the event of a termination by the Company for Good Cause, the Executive shall have no right to any severance under this Section 6.

(iii)"Good Reason," as it applies to the determination by the Executive to terminate the Executive's employment with the Company shall mean that: (A) without the Executive's prior written approval, the Executive's annual base salary for a fiscal year is reduced to a level that is less than 80% of the base salary paid to the Executive during the prior fiscal year unless such reduction does not exceed the average of the reductions for all other persons designated by the Company as the executive officers or (B) a material breach of this Agreement by the Company. In order for an event to justify termination for Good Reason, the Executive must give written notice to the Company of such event within 30 days of its first occurrence and the Company must have 60 days to cure, if possible.

(iv)"Employment Termination" shall mean the Executive no longer being an executive or employee of the Company as a result of a termination by: (A) the Company without Good Cause or (B) by the Executive with Good Reason.

(v) "Securities Exchange Act" shall mean the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

(b) The following provisions shall apply should: (A) the Company terminate the Executive's employment without Good Cause or (B) the Executive terminate the Executive's employment with Good Reason:

(i) The Company shall pay to the Executive a bi-weekly payment (less applicable withholdings and deductions) for **eighteen (18)** consecutive months following the Employment Termination each payment equal to the average of the base salary and cash bonus paid to the Executive for the two prior full fiscal years divided by 26 yearly payments, and payable on such dates as would otherwise be paid by the Company.

(ii) All options to purchase Common Stock of the Company held by the Executive shall continue to vest and shall be exercisable for **eighteen (18)** months following Employment Termination, up to their full term, to the extent that such vesting or exercise will not cause the Executive with respect to such options to be subject to any excise tax under Section 409A notwithstanding the Employment Termination.

(iii)All time-based restricted stock and/or restricted stock units (or comparable forms of equity compensation, if any) held by the Executive that, as of Employment Termination, are not then subject to any performance conditions for vesting, shall vest and shall not be subject to any risk of forfeiture or repurchase.

(iv)The Executive shall be entitled to receive all other accrued but unpaid benefits relating to vacations and other Executive perquisites through the date of Employment Termination, except that the Executive shall not continue to accrue vacation benefits or other Executive perquisites after the date of Employment Termination.

(c) In the event that the Executive suffers an Employment Termination within **twelve (12)** months following a Change of Control, the Company shall pay to the Executive a bi-weekly payment (less applicable withholdings and deductions) for eighteen (18) consecutive months following the Employment Termination, each payment equal to the average of the base salary and cash bonus paid to the Executive for the three prior full fiscal years divided by 26 yearly payments, and payable on such dates as would otherwise be paid by the Company. Additionally, all time-based restricted stock and/or restricted stock units (or comparable forms of equity compensation, if any) held by the Executive that, as of Employment Termination, are not then subject to any performance conditions for vesting, shall vest and shall not be subject to any risk of forfeiture or repurchase.

(d) The Company may terminate Executive's employment in the event the Executive is disabled. The Executive shall be disabled if the Executive is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of a medically determined physical or mental impairment expected to last at least twelve consecutive months or result in death, or if applicable, for at least three months the Executive is receiving income replacement benefits under a Company sponsored plan by reason of any medically determined physical or mental impairment expected to last at least twelve consecutive months or result in death, or if the Executive is determined to be disabled under a Company disability plan with a similar definition of disability. In the event Executive's employment under this Agreement is terminated as a result of Executive's disability, Executive shall receive from the Company, in a lump-sum payment due within ten (10) days of the effective date of termination, an amount equal to the average of the base salary and cash bonus paid to Executive for the two (2) prior full fiscal years, for one (1) year. In the event of such termination, all options to purchase Common Stock of the Company held by Executive shall thereupon vest and shall be exercisable for the maximum period of time, up to their full term, that will not cause Executive with respect to such options to be subject to any excise tax under Section 409A notwithstanding the termination of employment. All restricted stock and/or restricted stock units (or comparable forms of equity compensation, if any) held by the Executive which, as of the date of the disability of Executive, are not then subject to any performance conditions for vesting, shall be fully vested and shall not be subject to any risk of forfeiture or repurchase as of the date of Executive's termination due to disability (as defined in this paragraph).

(e) The employment of Executive shall terminate immediately upon Executive's death provided that the Company shall pay to the estate of Executive an amount equal one and a half times (1.5x) the Executive's base salary at that time. In the event of such termination, all options to purchase Common Stock of the Company held by Executive shall thereupon vest and shall be exercisable for the maximum period of time, up to their full term, that will not cause Executive with respect to such options to be subject to any excise tax under Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended ("Section 409A") notwithstanding the termination of employment. All restricted stock and/or restricted stock units (or comparable forms of equity compensation, if any) held by the Executive which, as of the date of the death of Executive, are not then subject to any performance conditions for vesting, shall be fully vested and shall not be subject to any risk of forfeiture or repurchase as of the date of Executive's death. The payment described in this Section, if payable, will be paid within ten (10) days after the Executive's death.

(f) The Company's obligations under this Section 6 are contingent upon the Executive's executing (and not revoking during any applicable revocation period) a valid, enforceable, full and unconditional release of all claims the Executive may have against the Company (whether known or unknown) as of the date of Employment Termination in the form (with any blanks in Exhibit A being appropriately filled in) as provided by the Company no later than 60 days after the date of Employment Termination. If the above release is executed and delivered and no longer subject to revocation within 60 days after the date of Employment Termination, then the following shall apply:

(i) To the extent any payments due to the Executive under this Section 6 are not "deferred compensation" for purposes of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, then such payments shall commence upon the first scheduled payment date immediately after the date the release is executed and no longer subject to revocation (the "Release Effective Date"). The first such cash payment shall include payment of all amounts that otherwise would have been due prior to the Release Effective Date under the terms of this Section 6 had such payments commenced after the date of Employment Termination, and any payments to be made thereafter shall continue as provided in this Agreement. The delayed payments shall in any event expire at the time such payments would have expired had such payments commenced after the date of Employment Termination.

(ii) To the extent any payments due to the Executive under this Section 6 above are "deferred compensation" for purposes of Section 409A, then such payments shall commence upon the 60th day following the date of Employment Termination. The first such cash payment shall include payment of all amounts that otherwise would have been due prior to such date under the terms of this Section 6 had such payments commenced after the date of Employment Termination, and any payments to be made thereafter shall continue as provided in this Agreement. The delayed payments shall in any event expire at the time such payments would have expired had such payments commenced immediately following the date of Employment Termination.

(g) Notwithstanding any provisions in this Section 6 to the contrary, if at the time of the Employment Termination the Executive is a "specified employee" as defined in Section 409A and the deferral of the commencement of any payments or benefits otherwise payable as a result of such Employment Termination is necessary to avoid the additional tax under Section 409A, the Company will defer the payment or commencement of the payment of any such payments or benefits (without any reduction in such payments or benefits ultimately paid or provided to the Executive) until the date that is six months following the Employment Termination. Any monthly payment amounts deferred will be accumulated and paid to the Executive (without interest) six months after the date of Employment Termination in a lump sum, and the balance of payments due to the Executive will be paid as otherwise provided in this Section 6. Each monthly payment described in this Section 6 is designated as a "separate payment" for purposes of Section 409A and, subject to the six month delay, if applicable, and the first monthly payment shall commence on the payroll date as in effect on termination following the termination. For purposes of this Section 6, a termination of employment means a separation from service as defined in Section 409A. No reimbursement payable to the Executive pursuant to any provisions of this Section 6 or pursuant to any plan or arrangement of the Company shall be paid later than the last day of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the related expense was incurred, and no such reimbursement during any calendar year shall affect the amounts eligible for reimbursement in any other calendar year, except, in each case, to the extent that the right to reimbursement does not provide for a "deferral of compensation" within the meaning of Section 409A. This Section 6 will be interpreted, administered and operated in accordance with Section 409A, although nothing in this Agreement will be construed as an entitlement to or guarantee of any particular tax treatment to the Executive.

(h) This Agreement is intended to comply with Section 409A or an exemption under Section 409A. Any payments under this Agreement that may be excluded from Section 409A either as separation pay due to an involuntary separation from service or as a short-term deferral shall be excluded from Section 409A to the maximum extent possible. This Section 6 will be interpreted, administered and operated in accordance with Section 409A, although nothing in this Agreement will be construed as an entitlement to or guarantee of any particular tax treatment to the Executive. The Company makes no representations that the payments and benefits provided under this Agreement comply with Section 409A, and in no event shall the Company be liable for all or any portion of any taxes, penalties, interest, or other expenses that may be incurred by the Executive on account of non-compliance with Section 409A.

(i) For the avoidance of doubt, no severance shall be payable under this Agreement or otherwise if the Company terminates the Executive for Good Cause or the Executive resigns without Good Reason.

7. Enforcement and Severability. The Executive agrees that the restrictions on the Executive's activities contained in this Agreement, particularly those in Section 5 above, are reasonable and necessary to protect the Company, including its property, rights and goodwill. If any of the restrictions on the Executive's activities are deemed to be invalid or unenforceable based upon their duration or extent or otherwise, the parties agree that such provisions shall be modified to make them enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law (in recognition of the parties' intention that the restrictions are intended to provide the Company with the maximum protections permitted by law). Whenever possible, each term and covenant of this Agreement shall be

interpreted in such a manner as to be effective and valid under applicable law, but if any term or covenant of this Agreement shall be prohibited by or be invalid under applicable law, such term or covenant shall be ineffective to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity, without invalidating the remainder of such term or covenant or the remaining terms or covenants of this Agreement. The parties expressly agree that this Agreement if and as modified in accordance with this paragraph shall be binding and enforceable against each of them. The parties also acknowledge that the "Background" section is true and accurate in all respects and is an integral part of this Agreement.

8. Successors and Assigns. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Company, its subsidiaries, affiliates, successors, and assigns. The Company may assign this Agreement to a successor without further notice to or consent of the Executive.

9. Injunctive Relief in Event of Breach. The Executive agrees that the Executive's breach of this Agreement would irreparably harm the Company, that damages from such breach would be difficult or impossible to estimate, and that monetary damages would be an insufficient remedy to the Company. Therefore, the Executive consents to the enforcement of this Agreement by means of a temporary or permanent injunction which may be issued without notice to the Executive and without the posting of bond, and other appropriate equitable relief in any competent court, in addition to any other remedies the Company may have under this Agreement or otherwise, as well as an equitable accounting of all earnings, profits and other benefits arising from such violation, which rights shall be cumulative and in addition to any other rights or remedies to which the Company may be entitled. If it is determined that the Executive breached the non-competition or non-solicitation provisions set forth in Section 5 of this Agreement, the Executive agrees that the applicable period of the Executive's restricted activities under the breached provision shall be extended by one day for each day the Executive is found to have violated the restriction.

10. Applicable Law. This Agreement shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of Florida without giving effect to its conflicts of law provisions.

11. Subject to cure opportunities or processes set forth in Section 6 above, all disputes arising out of this Agreement shall be resolved as set forth in this Section 11. If any party hereto desires to make any claim arising out of this Agreement ("Claimant"), then such party shall first deliver to the other party ("Respondent") written notice ("Claim Notice") of Claimant's intent to make such claim explaining Claimant's reasons for such claim in sufficient detail for Respondent to respond. Respondent shall have ten (10) business days from the date the Claim Notice was given to Respondent to object in writing to the claim ("Notice of Objection"), or otherwise cureany breach hereof alleged in the Claim Notice. Any Notice of Objection shall specify with particularity the reasons for such objection. Following receipt of the Notice of Objection, if any, Claimant and Respondent shall immediately seek to resolve by good faith negotiations the dispute alleged in the Claim Notice, and may at the request of either party, utilize the services of an independent mediator. If Claimant and Respondent are unable to resolve the dispute in writing within ten (10) business days from the date negotiations began, then without the necessity of further agreement of Claimant or Respondent, the dispute set forth in the Claim Notice shall be submitted to binding arbitration (except for claims arising out of Sections 3 or 7 hereof), initiated by either Claimant or Respondent pursuant to this Section. Such arbitration shall be conducted before a panel of three (3) arbitrators in Tampa, Florida, in accordance with the National Rules for the Resolution of

Employment Disputes of the American Arbitration Association ("AAA") then in effect provided that the parties may agree to use arbitrators other than those provided by the AAA. The arbitrators shall not have the authority to add to, detract from, or modify any provision hereof nor to award punitive damages to any injured party. The arbitrators shall have the authority to award damages available under applicable law, including back-pay, severance compensation, vesting of options (or cash compensation in lieu of vesting of options), vesting and the removal of restrictions on restricted stock and/or restricted stock units (or comparable forms of equity compensation, if any) that, as of the effective date of the termination of Executive, are not then subject to any performance conditions for vesting, reimbursement of costs, including those incurred to enforce this Agreement, and interest thereon in the event the arbitrators determine that Executive was terminated without disability or without Good Cause, as defined above, respectively, or that the Company has otherwise materially breached this Agreement. A decision by a majority of the arbitration panel shall be final and binding. Judgment may be entered on the arbitrators' award in any court having jurisdiction. The direct expense of any mediation or arbitration proceeding shall be borne by the Company. The arbitrators shall have authority to award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs to the prevailing party pursuant to applicable law.

12. Waiver. The waiver or acceptance by the Company of any Executive breach of any term or condition in this Agreement shall not be deemed to be a waiver of any other term or condition, or any prior or subsequent breach of the same term or condition.

13. Entire Agreement. The Executive may be asked, during employment, to sign additional or updated agreements. This Agreement, and any such subsequent agreements, represent the entire agreement between the Company and the Executive as to their subject matters and supersede all prior and contemporaneous employment agreements between the Company (or its parent, subsidiaries or affiliates) and the Executive. This Agreement may not be modified other than by a writing signed by both parties.

14. Protected Rights of the Executive. Nothing in this Agreement is intended to nor does it, in any way, restrict or impede the Executive from exercising protected rights to the extent such rights cannot be waived by agreement, or from complying with any applicable law or regulation or valid order of a court of competent jurisdiction or an authorized government agency, provided that such Executive compliance does not exceed that required by the law, regulation or order.

The Executive acknowledges having read this Agreement in its entirety. The Executive agrees that the Executive fully understands the terms, conditions and obligations of the Agreement, that in deciding to sign the Agreement the Executive has not relied on any representation or statement not set forth in this Agreement, that the Executive is competent to execute this Agreement, that the Executive's decision to sign the Agreement was not been obtained by any duress, that the Executive freely and voluntarily enters this Agreement with the Company, and that the Executive is being employed by the Company at-will. The Executive either has retained counsel in connection with this Agreement or has voluntarily declined to retain counsel.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement on the date set forth under their respective signatures.

MARINEMAX, INC.

By:

Its:

Date:

EXECUTIVE:

Date: June 2, 2023

EXHIBIT A

DATE

NAME
ADDRESS

Dear **NAME**:

This letter agreement and release (this "Agreement") contains all understandings between us with respect to your separation from employment with MarineMax Inc., MarineMax Services, Inc. and any subsidiaries or affiliates(referred to throughout this Agreement as the "Employer" or the "Company"). You may be referred to throughout this Agreement as "you" or the "Employee". By signing this Agreement you are resolving any and all issues and claims related to your employment at the Employer and your separation from such employment. This Agreement has already been signed on behalf of the Employer. There are no other written or oral agreements regarding your separation from employment at the Employer aside from what is written in this letter agreement and release.

Your last day of employment with the Employer was _____. In consideration for your signing this Agreement and being bound by its terms, the Employer agrees to pay as contemplated in the Key Executive Retention Agreement dated _____, 20___, in the amount of $_____, $_____ (per month over the next ___ months) minus all applicable customary withholdings and deductions, starting within ten (10) days from the date you sign and return this Agreement. As provided in the Policy, all existing stock **[options and RSUs]** not otherwise subject to performance requirements, will continue to vest over the same ____-month period. Any unused vacation days through your last day of employment will also be paid to you. You will also receive information regarding your alternatives for a lump sum distribution or direct rollover of your 401(k) account, if applicable. You agree that no other benefits or monies are owed to you or will be paid to you arising out of your employment at the Employer.

In consideration for the above, you agree to release and discharge the Employer, its shareholders, any related companies, affiliates, successors and assigns, and their respective directors, officers, employees and agents, insurers, benefit plans (including any pension or profit-sharing, savings, health, trusts or other benefit plans of any nature) as well as the plans respective trustees and administrators (the "Releasees") from any and all causes of action, suits, claims, obligations, promises, administrative actions, complaints and demands, whatsoever, whether known or unknown, in law or in equity, that you or any other person on your behalf ever had, has, or may have as of the date you sign this Agreement (the "Released Claims"). The Released Claims include, but are not limited to, any rights or claims you may have under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the American with Disabilities Act, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act, the Family and Medical Leave Act, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, the Older Workers Benefit Protection Act (the "OWBPA"), and any other federal, state or local laws, ordinances or regulations pertaining to employment (including laws relating to harassment, discrimination or retaliation/whistleblowing), employee benefits or compensation; and any common law claims for wrongful discharge, breach of contract

or implied contract, or bad faith/unfair dealings. However, the Released Claims do not include: (i) any claims arising out of or related to events occurring after you sign this Agreement; (ii) any claims for vested benefits under any Employer benefit plan; (iii) any claims which by law cannot be released by you and (iv) any claims related to the Employer's performance under this Agreement.

You understand and acknowledge that various federal, state and local laws, provide you with the right to bring actions against the Employer if, among other things, you believe you have been discriminated against or harassed on the basis of race, ancestry, color, age, religion, sex, national origin, disability, sexual orientation, veterans status or benefit eligibility or if you have been subject to retaliation for complaining of discrimination/harassment. With full understanding of the rights afforded under those laws, you state that you have not filed any such claims against the Employer, you agree that you will not file any action in the future against the Releasees based upon any alleged violation of these Acts or based on any other theory of law. Further, you waive any rights to assert a claim for relief available under those laws or under any other theory of law or statute, including, but not limited to, back pay, front pay, attorneys' fees, damages, interest, waiting time penalties, reinstatement, or injunctive relief. This Agreement will not preclude you from filing a lawsuit to enforce this Agreement or to file a charge of discrimination with a federal, state or local civil agency (but you agree to waive any right to any monetary recovery if such an agency successfully pursues any claim on your behalf). If, contrary to this Agreement, you initiate any type of legal action, except as provided herein, this Agreement shall serve as a complete bar to any such action, and you agree to pay any and all costs involved, including attorneys' fees and expenses, for both yourself and the Employer, at all levels of proceedings.

By signing below, you acknowledge that this Agreement provides you with severance benefits in addition to those to which you would otherwise be entitled if you do not sign this Agreement.

The Employer, by entering into this Agreement, does not admit and expressly denies any liability to you except for the obligations set forth in this Agreement.

You acknowledge and agree that you will continue to be bound by the Confidentiality and Non-solicitation Agreement (the "Confidentiality Agreement") executed by you on _____, in accordance with the terms and time period stated in the Confidentiality Agreement. Further, you agree not to disclose any confidential or proprietary information and you will immediately return, in unaltered form, all such information along with any Employer materials you obtained in the course of your employment, including originals and any copies, along with any other items of the Employer property in your possession, including but not limited to, access cards, cellular telephones, beepers, computers, and keys. For purposes of this Agreement, "confidential or proprietary information" means the identity of the Employer's customers, information regarding the Employer's customers, including but not limited to customer lists, methods of doing business, marketing and promotion of the Employer's business, and any information disclosed to you or known by you as a consequence of or through your employment by the Employer (including information conceived, originated, discovered or developed by you or the Employer) during your employment with the Employer or its business or predecessor business. To the extent that there is any conflict between the terms of this Agreement and the Confidentiality Agreement, the conflict will be resolved so as to provide the greatest protection to the Employer.

You agree that you have not and will not at any time disparage or make false comments about, the Employer, its current and former directors, officers or employees in any manner. You agree that you have not, directly or indirectly, made false, negative statements or comments in any form, manner or medium about the Employer or its current or former officers, directors or employees orally, in writing or in any other manner (such as through the use of emails, blogs, photographs, social media (e.g., Facebook or Twitter), or any other electronic or web-based media) and that in the future you will not engage in such conduct. If you identify the Employer as the reference for your potential future employers, persons who contact the Employer will be given only your dates of employment and last job title.

You agree that you shall not disclose the terms of this Agreement other than as required by law. However, it will not be a violation of this paragraph for you to show this Agreement to a lawyer in the course of obtaining legal advice about it, to report on your tax returns the monies being paid by the Employer pursuant to this Agreement or to inform any spouse or professional legal or tax advisor of the amount/nature of those payments if you take reasonable steps to ensure that the information will not be further disclosed, including you informing any lawyer, spouse or professional advisor that such information is confidential and must not be disclosed to others except as required by law.

You agree that you have had a full and fair opportunity to review, consider and understand this Agreement and that you are signing it freely and voluntarily and not as a result of any coercion, duress or undue influence. You also understand that you have at least twenty-one (21) days to consider this letter agreement prior to signing it. You agree that the Employer is hereby advising you in writing that you have the opportunity to consult with an attorney at your own expense prior to signing this Agreement and that the Employer is recommending that you do so. You also understand that you must sign this Agreement and deliver it to the Employer no later than 5:00 pm eastern time on (the "Policy") _____ **[21 days]**, or the offer of severance benefits in this Agreement is withdrawn.

You understand that, pursuant to the OWBPA: (i) this Agreement will be revocable by you for seven (7) days following you signing it and (ii) this Agreement is not effective or enforceable until that seven-day period expires and you have not revoked it. If you decide to revoke it, you shall not be entitled to the severance benefits provided by this Agreement. If you wish to revoke, you must provide the Employer with timely written notice of revocation of this Agreement by sending it to the Employer's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer at 2600 McCormick Drive, Suite 200, Clearwater, Florida 33759, so that it is received by the close of business on the seventh day after you have signed the Agreement.

You agree that no statements or representations other than those contained in writing in this Agreement have been made to you to induce you to sign the Agreement, that the Agreement supersedes any other agreement or representation as to the terms of your separation whether in writing or oral (but that the Confidentiality Agreement survives your signing of this Agreement), and that this Agreement may not be changed except upon the express, prior written consent of both you and the Employer.

The terms of this Agreement shall remain confidential, as permitted by applicable law. Notwithstanding the above, the Confidentiality Agreement executed by you shall remain in full

force and effect in accordance with its terms for the time periods prescribed in the Confidentiality Agreement.

The Employer's execution and performance of its obligations under this Agreement are specifically conditioned on: (a) you signing, delivering to the Employer and not revoking this Agreement within the required time period described above; (b) you keeping confidential (other than as expressly provided in this Agreement) the existence and terms of this Agreement from the time you first learns of its terms until you sign this Agreement; (c) your satisfactory performance of your duties until the Separation Date and (d) your compliance with the terms of this Agreement.

You agree that this Agreement shall be governed by and interpreted in accord with the laws of the State of Florida and that any claims arising out of this Agreement must be brought in either the relevant court having jurisdiction in Pinellas County, Florida, or the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida (Tampa Division).

You agree that, in the event that any one or more provisions of this Agreement shall be deemed illegal or unenforceable for any reason, such provision shall be modified or deleted in such manner as to make this Agreement and/or the Release, as modified, legal and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted under applicable law.

Please indicate your agreement with all of the terms and conditions of this Agreement by signing both the original and copy of this Agreement, having them notarized, and then returning the original to me. The copy is for your files.

I wish you well in your future endeavors.
Very truly yours,

By

Title:

I acknowledge that I have read and understand the above Agreement, that I freely and voluntarily enter into it, and that I accept and agree to all terms and conditions.

NAME Date

Witnessed this day of , 20__.

My commission expires , .

Signature of Notary Public:

Exhibit 10.1(h)

KEY EXECUTIVE RETENTION AGREEMENT

This Key Executive Retention Agreement (this "Agreement"), dated as of June 2, 2023 is by and between MarineMax, Inc., a Florida corporation (the "Company"), and Shawn Berg (the "Executive").

Background

The Company is in the business of selling and servicing new and used recreational boats and marine products and services; it also provides yacht brokerage, yacht management, crew placement, financing and insurance services and charter services. The geographical scope of its services is, as of the date of this Agreement, throughout North America, the Caribbean, Europe and parts of Asia. The Executive desires either: (a) to continue employment with the Company or (b) to become employed by the Company and has represented to the Company that the Executive does not have any agreements or obligations with any entity (including any prior employer) that would limit the Executive's ability to provide services to the Company. The Company desires to employ (or continue to employ) the Executive provided that, as an express condition of such employment, the Executive enters into this Agreement with the Company.

The Executive acknowledges that the Company's confidential information, its relationships with its customers and vendors and, in particular, its trade secrets (including, without limitation, its sales procedures, arrangements with vendors and marketing strategies), have significant economic value to the Company, whether actual or potential, and should be protected from disclosure to or use by the Company's competitors. The Executive further acknowledges that the Company has provided, or will provide, specialized training of significant value to the Executive. In the course of this training, the Executive has been, or will be, exposed to a great deal of confidential information about the Company, including its trade secrets.

The parties agree that: (a) this Agreement is supported by valuable consideration, receipt of which is acknowledged; (b) mutual promises and obligations are being made and undertaken by them; and (c) the Agreement is entered into voluntarily by them.

Accordingly, in consideration of the above and the mutual covenants and agreements set forth below, the parties agree as follows:

Terms

1. Consideration. In exchange for the promises made by the Executive in this Agreement, the Company will provide to the Executive valuable consideration, including: (a) employment or continued employment, in an at-will capacity and (b) eligibility for severance in the event of the termination of the Executive's employment.

2. Duty of Loyalty; Best Efforts. The Executive agrees to provide services to the Company using reasonable care and with loyalty and honesty. During employment, the Executive agrees to devote the Executive's best efforts, energies and skill in the performance of services to the Company and to devote full working time and attention exclusively to the business and affairs of the Company. The Executive agrees not to engage in any activity to the Company's detriment

(whether reputational or otherwise), such as but not limited to working for (or providing any consulting services to) a Company competitor in any capacity during employment.

3. Company Documents and Property. The Executive agrees that all memoranda, books, papers, letters, documents and data (including all duplicates and electronic versions of those materials as well as other electronically created, generated, stored or transmitted information), as well as all computer hardware and software, credit cards, keys, telephones/mobile devices and similar items/property provided to the Executive by the Company, used by the Executive in providing services to the Company, or relating to the Company's business and affairs (the "Company Documents/Property") belong to the Company. The Executive agrees that all Company Documents/Property will be used by the Executive only in the course of providing services to the Company and only in its best interests. The Executive agrees to return to the Company all Documents/Property (including all duplicates and electronic versions), in an unaltered form, either at its request or at the end of the Executive's employment (irrespective of the reason(s) for its end), with all Documents/Property being returned in good condition (ordinary wear and tear excepted), unencrypted and not password protected.

4. Confidential Information. The Company will provide the Executive, or permit the Executive to acquire, be exposed to, and/or have access to, documents, data, and information of the Company and/or its customers or vendors which is sensitive, confidential, proprietary and/or a trade secret ("Confidential Information"). The Executive acknowledges that the Company has a unique method of doing business consisting of a variety of trade secrets and other Confidential Information and that the Executive has had, or will have, access to these valuable trade secrets. Such Confidential Information will include specialized training delivered or provided to the Executive. At all times, both during and after employment, the Executive shall retain all Confidential Information in confidence and not disclose it or use it other than in the Company's best interests and only when such disclosure or use is required for the Executive's performance of services for the Company (subject at all times to the Executive's compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations, including, without limitation, the United States securities laws, rules and regulations). As used in this Agreement, Confidential Information includes but is not limited to:

(a) The Company's standard operating and sales/marketing procedures, training materials, computer software and/or programs, forms, processes, know-how, scientific, technical, or product information, whether patentable or not, which is of value to the Company and not generally known outside the Company;

(b) Confidential information about or obtained from third parties, including the Company's customers and vendors concerning their products, business, business needs, equipment specifications, terms of supply or service contracts;

(c) Personnel information, including information about the Company's Executive's personal or medical histories, compensation, benefits, terms and conditions of employment, evaluations, actual/proposed promotions and personnel actions, Executive training methods and materials;

(d) Confidential business information of the Company, including financial information, marketing and business plans, strategies, projections, business opportunities,

customer identities or lists or contact information (including, without limitation, the identity of any past, present and prospective customers), sales techniques, sales and cost information, internal financial statements or reports, profit, loss, or margin information, and customer and vendor pricing information;

(e) Trade secrets of the Company; and

(f) Other information designated by the Company as Confidential Information, or that would otherwise appear to a reasonable person to be Confidential Information in the context and circumstances in which the information is disclosed or used, or that is deemed by law to be Confidential Information.

"Confidential Information" does not include information which has become generally known to the public through no act or omission of the Executive.

5. Noncompetition and Nonsolicitation.

(a) The Executive agrees that, during employment by the Company (or by any Company parent, affiliate or subsidiary), and for a period of 24 months after the termination of such employment (irrespective of the reason(s) for the end of employment), the Executive will not engage in a business, directly or indirectly, that sells, rents, brokers, provides storage for, or leases boating products or services or finance and insurance products or services anywhere in the United States and any other country in which the Company is doing business at the time of the termination of employment. The Executive acknowledges that the Company has operations throughout the United States and other countries and that his duties will involve, from time to time, interactions with customers, supplies and other employees throughout the United States and other countries. The term "engage in" shall include, but shall not be limited to, activities, whether direct or indirect, as proprietor, partner, shareholder, member, officer, director, landlord, principal, agent, Executive, employee, consultant, independent contractor, joint venturer, investor or lender; provided, however, that the ownership of not more than one percent (1%) in the aggregate by the Executive of the stock of a publicly held corporation shall not be included in such term.

(b) In furtherance of, and without in any way limiting the restriction in Section 5(a) above, for the period specified in Section 5(a) above, the Executive shall not, directly or indirectly:

(i) Request any past, present, or future customers, suppliers or vendors of the Company (or any Company parent, affiliate or subsidiary), directly or indirectly, to curtail or cancel their business with the Company (or any Company parent, affiliate or subsidiary);

(ii) Solicit, canvas, or accept, or assist or authorize any other person to solicit, canvas, or accept, from any past, present, or future customers, suppliers or vendors of the Company (or any Company parent, affiliate or subsidiary), any business for any other person, firm or entity engaged in a business the same as, similar to, or in general competition with the business of the Company (or any Company parent, affiliate or subsidiary) being conducted within the territorial limits described in Section 5(a) above;

(iii) solicit for employment, employ or agree to employ any Executive, employee, contractor or consultant of the Company (or of any Company parent, affiliate or subsidiary);

(iv) Induce or attempt to influence any Executive, employee, contractor or consultant of the Company (or of any Company parent, affiliate or subsidiary) to terminate or change the nature of such Executive, employee, contractor or consultant's employment or arrangement with the Company; or

(v) make material preparations to engage in the activities prohibited by Section 5(a)(i)-(iv) above.

As used in this Section 5(b), "future customer" shall mean a customer with whom business will have been transacted between the date of this Agreement and the end of the term specified in Section 5(a) above.

6. Severance.

(a) Definitions. The following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

(i) "Change in Control" shall mean the occurrence of any of the following:

(i) A merger, consolidation, sale of stock or assets, or other corporate transaction or disposition (in one transaction or a series of transactions) to any person or group (as defined in Rule 13d-5 under the Securities Exchange Act) other than an affiliate of the Company, but excluding any assignment as security for indebtedness, after which the stockholders of the Company immediately prior to the consummation of such transaction would not own more than 50% of the combined voting power of the surviving or resulting entity immediately following the consummation of such transaction;

(ii) the sale, liquidation, distribution, or other disposition of 50% or more of the consolidated assets of the Company to any person or group (as defined in Rule 13d-5 under the Securities Exchange Act) other than an affiliate of the Company;

(iii) a majority of the members of Company's board of directors is replaced during any 12-month period by directors whose appointment is not endorsed by a majority of the members of the Company's board of directors prior to the date of appointment or election; or

(iv) approval by the Company's shareholders of a definitive agreement or plan to liquidate or dissolve the Company.

(ii) "Good Cause," as it applies to the determination by the Company to terminate the employment of the Executive, shall mean any one or more of the following: (A) the Executive's breach of the Executive's duties to the Company to the extent not cured within 10 days after notice of such breach is delivered to the Executive, if such breach is curable, otherwise termination shall be immediate; (B) the Executive's negligence in the performance or intentional

nonperformance of any of the Executive's material duties and responsibilities to the Company (including acts of insubordination); (C) the Executive's dishonesty, fraud, or misconduct with respect to the business or affairs of the Company, which materially and adversely affects the operations or reputation of the Company (including acts of insubordination); (D) the Executive's commission of any act constituting a felony crime or the commission of any act involving moral turpitude or material dishonesty (including theft of Company property); (E) the Executive's act or omission which causes or potentially could cause material harm to the Company's reputation; (F) a confirmed positive illegal drug test result or (G) abuse of alcohol or prescription drugs on Company business. In the event of a termination by the Company for Good Cause, the Executive shall have no right to any severance under this Section 6.

(iii)"Good Reason," as it applies to the determination by the Executive to terminate the Executive's employment with the Company shall mean that: (A) without the Executive's prior written approval, the Executive's annual base salary for a fiscal year is reduced to a level that is less than 80% of the base salary paid to the Executive during the prior fiscal year unless such reduction does not exceed the average of the reductions for all other persons designated by the Company as the executive officers or (B) a material breach of this Agreement by the Company. In order for an event to justify termination for Good Reason, the Executive must give written notice to the Company of such event within 30 days of its first occurrence and the Company must have 60 days to cure, if possible.

(iv)"Employment Termination" shall mean the Executive no longer being an executive or employee of the Company as a result of a termination by: (A) the Company without Good Cause or (B) by the Executive with Good Reason.

(v) "Securities Exchange Act" shall mean the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

(b) The following provisions shall apply should: (A) the Company terminate the Executive's employment without Good Cause or (B) the Executive terminate the Executive's employment with Good Reason:

(i) The Company shall pay to the Executive a bi-weekly payment (less applicable withholdings and deductions) for **eighteen (18)** consecutive months following the Employment Termination each payment equal to the average of the base salary and cash bonus paid to the Executive for the two prior full fiscal years divided by 26 yearly payments, and payable on such dates as would otherwise be paid by the Company.

(ii) All options to purchase Common Stock of the Company held by the Executive shall continue to vest and shall be exercisable for **eighteen (18)** months following Employment Termination, up to their full term, to the extent that such vesting or exercise will not cause the Executive with respect to such options to be subject to any excise tax under Section 409A notwithstanding the Employment Termination.

(iii)All time-based restricted stock and/or restricted stock units (or comparable forms of equity compensation, if any) held by the Executive that, as of Employment Termination, are not then subject to any performance conditions for vesting, shall vest and shall not be subject to any risk of forfeiture or repurchase.

(iv)The Executive shall be entitled to receive all other accrued but unpaid benefits relating to vacations and other Executive perquisites through the date of Employment Termination, except that the Executive shall not continue to accrue vacation benefits or other Executive perquisites after the date of Employment Termination.

(c) In the event that the Executive suffers an Employment Termination within **twelve (12)** months following a Change of Control, the Company shall pay to the Executive a bi-weekly payment (less applicable withholdings and deductions) for eighteen (18) consecutive months following the Employment Termination, each payment equal to the average of the base salary and cash bonus paid to the Executive for the three prior full fiscal years divided by 26 yearly payments, and payable on such dates as would otherwise be paid by the Company. Additionally, all time-based restricted stock and/or restricted stock units (or comparable forms of equity compensation, if any) held by the Executive that, as of Employment Termination, are not then subject to any performance conditions for vesting, shall vest and shall not be subject to any risk of forfeiture or repurchase.

(d) The Company may terminate Executive's employment in the event the Executive is disabled. The Executive shall be disabled if the Executive is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of a medically determined physical or mental impairment expected to last at least twelve consecutive months or result in death, or if applicable, for at least three months the Executive is receiving income replacement benefits under a Company sponsored plan by reason of any medically determined physical or mental impairment expected to last at least twelve consecutive months or result in death, or if the Executive is determined to be disabled under a Company disability plan with a similar definition of disability. In the event Executive's employment under this Agreement is terminated as a result of Executive's disability, Executive shall receive from the Company, in a lump-sum payment due within ten (10) days of the effective date of termination, an amount equal to the average of the base salary and cash bonus paid to Executive for the two (2) prior full fiscal years, for one (1) year. In the event of such termination, all options to purchase Common Stock of the Company held by Executive shall thereupon vest and shall be exercisable for the maximum period of time, up to their full term, that will not cause Executive with respect to such options to be subject to any excise tax under Section 409A notwithstanding the termination of employment. All restricted stock and/or restricted stock units (or comparable forms of equity compensation, if any) held by the Executive which, as of the date of the disability of Executive, are not then subject to any performance conditions for vesting, shall be fully vested and shall not be subject to any risk of forfeiture or repurchase as of the date of Executive's termination due to disability (as defined in this paragraph).

(e) The employment of Executive shall terminate immediately upon Executive's death provided that the Company shall pay to the estate of Executive an amount equal one and a half times (1.5x) the Executive's base salary at that time. In the event of such termination, all options to purchase Common Stock of the Company held by Executive shall thereupon vest and shall be exercisable for the maximum period of time, up to their full term, that will not cause Executive with respect to such options to be subject to any excise tax under Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended ("Section 409A") notwithstanding the termination of employment. All restricted stock and/or restricted stock units (or comparable forms of equity compensation, if any) held by the Executive which, as of the date of the death of Executive, are not then subject to any performance conditions for vesting, shall be fully vested and shall not be subject to any risk of forfeiture or repurchase as of the date of Executive's death. The payment described in this Section, if payable, will be paid within ten (10) days after the Executive's death.

(f) The Company's obligations under this Section 6 are contingent upon the Executive's executing (and not revoking during any applicable revocation period) a valid, enforceable, full and unconditional release of all claims the Executive may have against the Company (whether known or unknown) as of the date of Employment Termination in the form (with any blanks in Exhibit A being appropriately filled in) as provided by the Company no later than 60 days after the date of Employment Termination. If the above release is executed and delivered and no longer subject to revocation within 60 days after the date of Employment Termination, then the following shall apply:

(i) To the extent any payments due to the Executive under this Section 6 are not "deferred compensation" for purposes of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, then such payments shall commence upon the first scheduled payment date immediately after the date the release is executed and no longer subject to revocation (the "Release Effective Date"). The first such cash payment shall include payment of all amounts that otherwise would have been due prior to the Release Effective Date under the terms of this Section 6 had such payments commenced after the date of Employment Termination, and any payments to be made thereafter shall continue as provided in this Agreement. The delayed payments shall in any event expire at the time such payments would have expired had such payments commenced after the date of Employment Termination.

(ii) To the extent any payments due to the Executive under this Section 6 above are "deferred compensation" for purposes of Section 409A, then such payments shall commence upon the 60th day following the date of Employment Termination. The first such cash payment shall include payment of all amounts that otherwise would have been due prior to such date under the terms of this Section 6 had such payments commenced after the date of Employment Termination, and any payments to be made thereafter shall continue as provided in this Agreement. The delayed payments shall in any event expire at the time such payments would have expired had such payments commenced immediately following the date of Employment Termination.

(g) Notwithstanding any provisions in this Section 6 to the contrary, if at the time of the Employment Termination the Executive is a "specified employee" as defined in Section 409A and the deferral of the commencement of any payments or benefits otherwise payable as a result of such Employment Termination is necessary to avoid the additional tax under Section 409A, the Company will defer the payment or commencement of the payment of any such payments or benefits (without any reduction in such payments or benefits ultimately paid or provided to the Executive) until the date that is six months following the Employment Termination. Any monthly payment amounts deferred will be accumulated and paid to the Executive (without interest) six months after the date of Employment Termination in a lump sum, and the balance of payments due to the Executive will be paid as otherwise provided in this Section 6. Each monthly payment described in this Section 6 is designated as a "separate payment" for purposes of Section 409A and, subject to the six month delay, if applicable, and the first monthly payment shall commence on the payroll date as in effect on termination following the termination. For purposes of this Section 6, a termination of employment means a separation from service as defined in Section 409A. No reimbursement payable to the Executive pursuant to any provisions of this Section 6 or pursuant to any plan or arrangement of the Company shall be paid later than the last day of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the related expense was incurred, and no such reimbursement during any calendar year shall affect the amounts eligible for reimbursement in any other calendar year, except, in each case, to the extent that the right to reimbursement does not provide for a "deferral of compensation" within the meaning of Section 409A. This Section 6 will be interpreted, administered and operated in accordance with Section 409A, although nothing in this Agreement will be construed as an entitlement to or guarantee of any particular tax treatment to the Executive.

(h) This Agreement is intended to comply with Section 409A or an exemption under Section 409A. Any payments under this Agreement that may be excluded from Section 409A either as separation pay due to an involuntary separation from service or as a short-term deferral shall be excluded from Section 409A to the maximum extent possible. This Section 6 will be interpreted, administered and operated in accordance with Section 409A, although nothing in this Agreement will be construed as an entitlement to or guarantee of any particular tax treatment to the Executive. The Company makes no representations that the payments and benefits provided under this Agreement comply with Section 409A, and in no event shall the Company be liable for all or any portion of any taxes, penalties, interest, or other expenses that may be incurred by the Executive on account of non-compliance with Section 409A.

(i) For the avoidance of doubt, no severance shall be payable under this Agreement or otherwise if the Company terminates the Executive for Good Cause or the Executive resigns without Good Reason.

7. Enforcement and Severability. The Executive agrees that the restrictions on the Executive's activities contained in this Agreement, particularly those in Section 5 above, are reasonable and necessary to protect the Company, including its property, rights and goodwill. If any of the restrictions on the Executive's activities are deemed to be invalid or unenforceable based upon their duration or extent or otherwise, the parties agree that such provisions shall be modified to make them enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law (in recognition of the parties' intention that the restrictions are intended to provide the Company with the maximum protections permitted by law). Whenever possible, each term and covenant of this Agreement shall be

interpreted in such a manner as to be effective and valid under applicable law, but if any term or covenant of this Agreement shall be prohibited by or be invalid under applicable law, such term or covenant shall be ineffective to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity, without invalidating the remainder of such term or covenant or the remaining terms or covenants of this Agreement. The parties expressly agree that this Agreement if and as modified in accordance with this paragraph shall be binding and enforceable against each of them. The parties also acknowledge that the "Background" section is true and accurate in all respects and is an integral part of this Agreement.

8. Successors and Assigns. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Company, its subsidiaries, affiliates, successors, and assigns. The Company may assign this Agreement to a successor without further notice to or consent of the Executive.

9. Injunctive Relief in Event of Breach. The Executive agrees that the Executive's breach of this Agreement would irreparably harm the Company, that damages from such breach would be difficult or impossible to estimate, and that monetary damages would be an insufficient remedy to the Company. Therefore, the Executive consents to the enforcement of this Agreement by means of a temporary or permanent injunction which may be issued without notice to the Executive and without the posting of bond, and other appropriate equitable relief in any competent court, in addition to any other remedies the Company may have under this Agreement or otherwise, as well as an equitable accounting of all earnings, profits and other benefits arising from such violation, which rights shall be cumulative and in addition to any other rights or remedies to which the Company may be entitled. If it is determined that the Executive breached the non-competition or non-solicitation provisions set forth in Section 5 of this Agreement, the Executive agrees that the applicable period of the Executive's restricted activities under the breached provision shall be extended by one day for each day the Executive is found to have violated the restriction.

10. Applicable Law. This Agreement shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of Florida without giving effect to its conflicts of law provisions.

11. Subject to cure opportunities or processes set forth in Section 6 above, all disputes arising out of this Agreement shall be resolved as set forth in this Section 11. If any party hereto desires to make any claim arising out of this Agreement ("Claimant"), then such party shall first deliver to the other party ("Respondent") written notice ("Claim Notice") of Claimant's intent to make such claim explaining Claimant's reasons for such claim in sufficient detail for Respondent to respond. Respondent shall have ten (10) business days from the date the Claim Notice was given to Respondent to object in writing to the claim ("Notice of Objection"), or otherwise cureany breach hereof alleged in the Claim Notice. Any Notice of Objection shall specify with particularity the reasons for such objection. Following receipt of the Notice of Objection, if any, Claimant and Respondent shall immediately seek to resolve by good faith negotiations the dispute alleged in the Claim Notice, and may at the request of either party, utilize the services of an independent mediator. If Claimant and Respondent are unable to resolve the dispute in writing within ten (10) business days from the date negotiations began, then without the necessity of further agreement of Claimant or Respondent, the dispute set forth in the Claim Notice shall be submitted to binding arbitration (except for claims arising out of Sections 3 or 7 hereof), initiated by either Claimant or Respondent pursuant to this Section. Such arbitration shall be conducted before a panel of three (3) arbitrators in Tampa, Florida, in accordance with the National Rules for the Resolution of

Employment Disputes of the American Arbitration Association ("AAA") then in effect provided that the parties may agree to use arbitrators other than those provided by the AAA. The arbitrators shall not have the authority to add to, detract from, or modify any provision hereof nor to award punitive damages to any injured party. The arbitrators shall have the authority to award damages available under applicable law, including back-pay, severance compensation, vesting of options (or cash compensation in lieu of vesting of options), vesting and the removal of restrictions on restricted stock and/or restricted stock units (or comparable forms of equity compensation, if any) that, as of the effective date of the termination of Executive, are not then subject to any performance conditions for vesting, reimbursement of costs, including those incurred to enforce this Agreement, and interest thereon in the event the arbitrators determine that Executive was terminated without disability or without Good Cause, as defined above, respectively, or that the Company has otherwise materially breached this Agreement. A decision by a majority of the arbitration panel shall be final and binding. Judgment may be entered on the arbitrators' award in any court having jurisdiction. The direct expense of any mediation or arbitration proceeding shall be borne by the Company. The arbitrators shall have authority to award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs to the prevailing party pursuant to applicable law.

12. Waiver. The waiver or acceptance by the Company of any Executive breach of any term or condition in this Agreement shall not be deemed to be a waiver of any other term or condition, or any prior or subsequent breach of the same term or condition.

13. Entire Agreement. The Executive may be asked, during employment, to sign additional or updated agreements. This Agreement, and any such subsequent agreements, represent the entire agreement between the Company and the Executive as to their subject matters and supersede all prior and contemporaneous employment agreements between the Company (or its parent, subsidiaries or affiliates) and the Executive. This Agreement may not be modified other than by a writing signed by both parties.

14. Protected Rights of the Executive. Nothing in this Agreement is intended to nor does it, in any way, restrict or impede the Executive from exercising protected rights to the extent such rights cannot be waived by agreement, or from complying with any applicable law or regulation or valid order of a court of competent jurisdiction or an authorized government agency, provided that such Executive compliance does not exceed that required by the law, regulation or order.

The Executive acknowledges having read this Agreement in its entirety. The Executive agrees that the Executive fully understands the terms, conditions and obligations of the Agreement, that in deciding to sign the Agreement the Executive has not relied on any representation or statement not set forth in this Agreement, that the Executive is competent to execute this Agreement, that the Executive's decision to sign the Agreement was not been obtained by any duress, that the Executive freely and voluntarily enters this Agreement with the Company, and that the Executive is being employed by the Company at-will. The Executive either has retained counsel in connection with this Agreement or has voluntarily declined to retain counsel.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement on the date set forth under their respective signatures.

MARINEMAX, INC.

By:

Its:

Date:

EXECUTIVE:

Date:

EXHIBIT A

DATE

NAME
ADDRESS

Dear **NAME**:

This letter agreement and release (this "Agreement") contains all understandings between us with respect to your separation from employment with MarineMax Inc., MarineMax Services, Inc. and any subsidiaries or affiliates(referred to throughout this Agreement as the "Employer" or the "Company"). You may be referred to throughout this Agreement as "you" or the "Employee". By signing this Agreement you are resolving any and all issues and claims related to your employment at the Employer and your separation from such employment. This Agreement has already been signed on behalf of the Employer. There are no other written or oral agreements regarding your separation from employment at the Employer aside from what is written in this letter agreement and release.

Your last day of employment with the Employer was _____. In consideration for your signing this Agreement and being bound by its terms, the Employer agrees to pay as contemplated in the Key Executive Retention Agreement dated _____, 20___, in the amount of $_____, $_____ (per month over the next ___ months) minus all applicable customary withholdings and deductions, starting within ten (10) days from the date you sign and return this Agreement. As provided in the Policy, all existing stock **[options and RSUs]** not otherwise subject to performance requirements, will continue to vest over the same ____-month period. Any unused vacation days through your last day of employment will also be paid to you. You will also receive information regarding your alternatives for a lump sum distribution or direct rollover of your 401(k) account, if applicable. You agree that no other benefits or monies are owed to you or will be paid to you arising out of your employment at the Employer.

In consideration for the above, you agree to release and discharge the Employer, its shareholders, any related companies, affiliates, successors and assigns, and their respective directors, officers, employees and agents, insurers, benefit plans (including any pension or profit-sharing, savings, health, trusts or other benefit plans of any nature) as well as the plans respective trustees and administrators (the "Releasees") from any and all causes of action, suits, claims, obligations, promises, administrative actions, complaints and demands, whatsoever, whether known or unknown, in law or in equity, that you or any other person on your behalf ever had, has, or may have as of the date you sign this Agreement (the "Released Claims"). The Released Claims include, but are not limited to, any rights or claims you may have under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the American with Disabilities Act, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act, the Family and Medical Leave Act, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, the Older Workers Benefit Protection Act (the "OWBPA"), and any other federal, state or local laws, ordinances or regulations pertaining to employment (including laws relating to harassment, discrimination or retaliation/whistleblowing), employee benefits or compensation; and any common law claims for wrongful discharge, breach of contract

or implied contract, or bad faith/unfair dealings. However, the Released Claims do not include: (i) any claims arising out of or related to events occurring after you sign this Agreement; (ii) any claims for vested benefits under any Employer benefit plan; (iii) any claims which by law cannot be released by you and (iv) any claims related to the Employer's performance under this Agreement.

You understand and acknowledge that various federal, state and local laws, provide you with the right to bring actions against the Employer if, among other things, you believe you have been discriminated against or harassed on the basis of race, ancestry, color, age, religion, sex, national origin, disability, sexual orientation, veterans status or benefit eligibility or if you have been subject to retaliation for complaining of discrimination/harassment. With full understanding of the rights afforded under those laws, you state that you have not filed any such claims against the Employer, you agree that you will not file any action in the future against the Releasees based upon any alleged violation of these Acts or based on any other theory of law. Further, you waive any rights to assert a claim for relief available under those laws or under any other theory of law or statute, including, but not limited to, back pay, front pay, attorneys' fees, damages, interest, waiting time penalties, reinstatement, or injunctive relief. This Agreement will not preclude you from filing a lawsuit to enforce this Agreement or to file a charge of discrimination with a federal, state or local civil agency (but you agree to waive any right to any monetary recovery if such an agency successfully pursues any claim on your behalf). If, contrary to this Agreement, you initiate any type of legal action, except as provided herein, this Agreement shall serve as a complete bar to any such action, and you agree to pay any and all costs involved, including attorneys' fees and expenses, for both yourself and the Employer, at all levels of proceedings.

By signing below, you acknowledge that this Agreement provides you with severance benefits in addition to those to which you would otherwise be entitled if you do not sign this Agreement.

The Employer, by entering into this Agreement, does not admit and expressly denies any liability to you except for the obligations set forth in this Agreement.

You acknowledge and agree that you will continue to be bound by the Confidentiality and Non-solicitation Agreement (the "Confidentiality Agreement") executed by you on _____, in accordance with the terms and time period stated in the Confidentiality Agreement. Further, you agree not to disclose any confidential or proprietary information and you will immediately return, in unaltered form, all such information along with any Employer materials you obtained in the course of your employment, including originals and any copies, along with any other items of the Employer property in your possession, including but not limited to, access cards, cellular telephones, beepers, computers, and keys. For purposes of this Agreement, "confidential or proprietary information" means the identity of the Employer's customers, information regarding the Employer's customers, including but not limited to customer lists, methods of doing business, marketing and promotion of the Employer's business, and any information disclosed to you or known by you as a consequence of or through your employment by the Employer (including information conceived, originated, discovered or developed by you or the Employer) during your employment with the Employer or its business or predecessor business. To the extent that there is any conflict between the terms of this Agreement and the Confidentiality Agreement, the conflict will be resolved so as to provide the greatest protection to the Employer.

You agree that you have not and will not at any time disparage or make false comments about, the Employer, its current and former directors, officers or employees in any manner. You agree that you have not, directly or indirectly, made false, negative statements or comments in any form, manner or medium about the Employer or its current or former officers, directors or employees orally, in writing or in any other manner (such as through the use of emails, blogs, photographs, social media (e.g., Facebook or Twitter), or any other electronic or web-based media) and that in the future you will not engage in such conduct. If you identify the Employer as the reference for your potential future employers, persons who contact the Employer will be given only your dates of employment and last job title.

You agree that you shall not disclose the terms of this Agreement other than as required by law. However, it will not be a violation of this paragraph for you to show this Agreement to a lawyer in the course of obtaining legal advice about it, to report on your tax returns the monies being paid by the Employer pursuant to this Agreement or to inform any spouse or professional legal or tax advisor of the amount/nature of those payments if you take reasonable steps to ensure that the information will not be further disclosed, including you informing any lawyer, spouse or professional advisor that such information is confidential and must not be disclosed to others except as required by law.

You agree that you have had a full and fair opportunity to review, consider and understand this Agreement and that you are signing it freely and voluntarily and not as a result of any coercion, duress or undue influence. You also understand that you have at least twenty-one (21) days to consider this letter agreement prior to signing it. You agree that the Employer is hereby advising you in writing that you have the opportunity to consult with an attorney at your own expense prior to signing this Agreement and that the Employer is recommending that you do so. You also understand that you must sign this Agreement and deliver it to the Employer no later than 5:00 pm eastern time on (the "Policy") _____ **[21 days]**, or the offer of severance benefits in this Agreement is withdrawn.

You understand that, pursuant to the OWBPA: (i) this Agreement will be revocable by you for seven (7) days following you signing it and (ii) this Agreement is not effective or enforceable until that seven-day period expires and you have not revoked it. If you decide to revoke it, you shall not be entitled to the severance benefits provided by this Agreement. If you wish to revoke, you must provide the Employer with timely written notice of revocation of this Agreement by sending it to the Employer's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer at 2600 McCormick Drive, Suite 200, Clearwater, Florida 33759, so that it is received by the close of business on the seventh day after you have signed the Agreement.

You agree that no statements or representations other than those contained in writing in this Agreement have been made to you to induce you to sign the Agreement, that the Agreement supersedes any other agreement or representation as to the terms of your separation whether in writing or oral (but that the Confidentiality Agreement survives your signing of this Agreement), and that this Agreement may not be changed except upon the express, prior written consent of both you and the Employer.

The terms of this Agreement shall remain confidential, as permitted by applicable law. Notwithstanding the above, the Confidentiality Agreement executed by you shall remain in full

force and effect in accordance with its terms for the time periods prescribed in the Confidentiality Agreement.

The Employer's execution and performance of its obligations under this Agreement are specifically conditioned on: (a) you signing, delivering to the Employer and not revoking this Agreement within the required time period described above; (b) you keeping confidential (other than as expressly provided in this Agreement) the existence and terms of this Agreement from the time you first learns of its terms until you sign this Agreement; (c) your satisfactory performance of your duties until the Separation Date and (d) your compliance with the terms of this Agreement.

You agree that this Agreement shall be governed by and interpreted in accord with the laws of the State of Florida and that any claims arising out of this Agreement must be brought in either the relevant court having jurisdiction in Pinellas County, Florida, or the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida (Tampa Division).

You agree that, in the event that any one or more provisions of this Agreement shall be deemed illegal or unenforceable for any reason, such provision shall be modified or deleted in such manner as to make this Agreement and/or the Release, as modified, legal and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted under applicable law.

Please indicate your agreement with all of the terms and conditions of this Agreement by signing both the original and copy of this Agreement, having them notarized, and then returning the original to me. The copy is for your files.

I wish you well in your future endeavors.
Very truly yours,

By

Title:

I acknowledge that I have read and understand the above Agreement, that I freely and voluntarily enter into it, and that I accept and agree to all terms and conditions.

NAME Date

Witnessed this day of , 20__.

My commission expires , .

Signature of Notary Public:

Exhibit 21

LIST OF SUBSIDIARIES

The following is a list of subsidiaries of which MarineMax, Inc. has a controlling interest, omitting some subsidiaries which, considered in the aggregate, would not constitute a significant subsidiary.

Name	State or Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization
MarineMax East, Inc. (1)	Delaware
MarineMax Services, Inc. (2)	Delaware
MarineMax Northeast, LLC (2)	Delaware
Boating Gear Center, LLC (2)	Delaware
US Liquidators, LLC (1)	Delaware
Newcoast Financial Services, LLC (2)	Delaware
My Web Services, LLC (2)	Delaware
MarineMax Charter Services, LLC (2)	Delaware
MarineMax Vacations, LTD. (2)	British Virgin Islands
Gulfport Marina, LLC (2)	Delaware
MarineMax Superyachts, LLC (2)	Florida
MarineMax Superyachts, UK Limited (3)	United Kingdom
Fraser Yachts Florida, Inc. (3)	Florida
Fraser Yachts France (4)	France
Fraser Yachts Limited (4)	United Kingdom
Fraser Worldwide S.A.M. (4)	Monaco
Fraser Yachts Group S.R.L. (4)	Italy
Fraser Yachts Spain SLU (4)	Spain
Fraser Yachts California, Inc. (5)	California
Newcoast Insurance Services, LLC (1)	Florida
Northrop & Johnson France S.A.R.L. (6)	France
Northrop & Johnson Monaco S.A.M. (7)	Monaco
Skipper Marine of Madison, LLC (1)	Wisconsin
Skipper Marine of Chicago-Land, LLC (1)	Illinois
Skipper Marine of Michigan, LLC (1)	Michigan
Silver Seas Yachts, LLC (1)	Arizona
Silver Seas California, Inc. (8)	California
Skipper Marine, LLC (1)	Wisconsin
Skipper Marine of Fox Valley, LLC (1)	Wisconsin
Skipper Marine of Ohio, LLC (1)	Ohio
Marinemax Products, Inc. (1)	Florida
KCS International, Inc. (9)	Wisconsin
KCS RE Acquisition Company, LLC (10)	Wisconsin
Intrepid Powerboats, Inc. (9)	Florida
Intrepid Southeast, Inc. (13)	Florida
Nisswa Marine, LLC (1)	Minnesota
Marinemax KW, LLC (1)	Florida
Boatyard, LLC (40)	Florida
Wave Aviation, LLC (2)	Florida
Northrop & Johnson California, Inc. (16)	California
Northrop & Johnson Yachts-Ships LLC (5)	Florida
Northrop & Johnson Group Spain, S.L. (4)	Spain
Skipper Bud's of Illinois, LLC (1)	Illinois
Super Yacht Management S.A.S. (11)	France
NVHG, LLC (2)	Florida
Gulfwind Development, LLC (2)	Delaware
New Wave Innovations, LLC (1)	Florida
Pentagon Management N.V. (27)	Netherlands Antilles
Simpson Bay Yacht Club Marina, NV (12)	Netherlands Antilles
Gem Pebbles, N.V. (12)	Netherlands Antilles
Island Global Yachting LLC (2)	Delaware
Island Gardens Deep Harbour LLC (17)	Delaware
IGY Cyprus Holdings Limited (18)	Cyprus
IGY Netherlands Holdings B.V. (19)	Netherlands
Cabo Marina, S. de R.L. de C.V. (20)	Mexico

Operadora Cabo San Lucas, S.A. de C.V. (21)	Mexico
IGY - Rodney Bay Holdings Ltd.(18)	Cayman Islands
Planviron (Caribbean Practice) Limited (22)	St. Lucia
IGY - AYH St. Thomas Holdings, LLC (18)	USVI
RBM IBC Ltd. (18)	St. Lucia
Rodney Bay Marina Limited (23)	St. Lucia
Island Global Yachting Facilities LLC(24)	Delaware
IGY St. Maarten Holdings B.V. (18)	Netherlands Antilles
IGY Red Frog LLC (25)	Delaware
IYH Corp. (26)	USVI
Island Global Yachting Services LLC (27)……..	Delaware
CMMC Corporation B.V. (27)	Netherlands Antilles
Hop-Inn Enterprises N.V. (27)	Netherlands Antilles
Yacht Club at Isle De Sol B.V. (28)	Netherlands Antilles
Isle De Sol Development Corporation B.V. (28)	Netherlands Antilles
Sun Resorts Management Inc. (29)	Texas
IGY Services France SAS (31)	France
IGY Séte Marina SAS (32)	France
YHG Holdings Ltd. (24)	Cayman Islands
YHG Lender LLC (34)	Delaware
YH Equity LLC (35)	Delaware
FTYHG LLC (26)	USVI
Yacht Haven USVI LLC (26)	USVI
YHUSVI Marina, LLC (36)	USVI
YHG Hotel LLC (36)	USVI
Fairport Yacht Support LLC(3)	Delaware
Island Global Yachting Services Holdings LLC (24)	Delaware
IGY-Cabo Marina Management, S. de R.L. de C.V. (29)	Mexico
North Cove Sailing LLC (29)	Delaware
North Cove Services LLC (29)	Delaware
Yacht Haven Services LLC (29)	Delaware
IGY Florida Management Services LLC (29)	Delaware
IGY Savannah LLC (29)	Delaware
IGY Trident Services LLC (29)	Delaware
IGY France Management SAS (29)	France
IGY Yacht Services LLC (29)	Delaware
IGY Services UK Limited (38)	United Kingdom
Marina Di Portisco S.P.A. (39)	Italy
IGY Services Europe Limited (32)	United Kingdom
IGY SKD Management Co. Ltd. (38)	United Kingdom
IGY Management Services Europe Ltd. (38)	United Kingdom
Boatzon Holdings, LLC (40)	Delaware
Midcoast Construction Enterprises (41)	Florida
Midcoast Marine Group LLC (41)	Florida
City Lights Marina Holdings LLC (42)	Delaware
City Lights Marina Owner LLC (43)	Delaware
IGY Gestora Marinas Spain, S.L.U. (30)	Spain
IGY Pampelonne (31)	France
Cannes Marina Invest SAS (33)	France
IGY Management Spain LLC (32)	Spain
IGY Services Spain LLC (32)	Spain
Puerto de Malaga (45)	Spain
Williams Tenders USA, Inc. (2)	Florida
Fraser Yachts Greece, SA (14)	Greece
MarineMax Superyachts Monaco (44)	Monaco
Global Marine Brokerage, LLC (15)	Florida
Marina Du Vieux Port De Cannes (37)	France

(1) Wholly owned subsidiary of MarineMax, Inc.
(2) Wholly owned subsidiary of MarineMax East, Inc.
(3) Wholly owned subsidiary of MarineMax Superyachts, LLC
(4) Wholly owned subsidiary of MarineMax Superyachts UK Limited
(5) Wholly owned subsidiary of Fraser Yachts Florida, Inc.
(6) Wholly owned subsidiary of Fraser Yachts France
(7) Wholly owned subsidiary of Fraser Worldwide S.A.M.
(8) Wholly owned subsidiary of Silver Seas Yachts, LLC
(9) Wholly owned subsidiary of Marinemax Products, Inc.
(10) Wholly owned subsidiary of KCS International, Inc.
(11) Wholly owned subsidiary of Northrop & Johnson France S.A.R.L.
(12) Wholly owned subsidiary of Pentagon Management N.V.
(13) Wholly owned subsidiary of Intrepid Powerboats, Inc.
(14) Partially owned subsidiary of MarineMax Superyachts UK Limited & a third party
(15) Wholly owned subsidiary of My Web Services, LLC
(16) Wholly owned subsidiary of Fraser Yachts California, Inc.
(17) Partially owned subsidiary of Marinemax East, Inc. and Island Global Yachting LLC
(18) Wholly owned subsidiary of Island Global Yachting Facilities LLC
(19) Wholly owned subsidiary of IGY Cyprus Holdings Limited
(20) Wholly owned subsidiary of IGY Netherlands Holdings B.V.
(21) Wholly owned subsidiary of Cabo Marina, S. de R.L. de C.V.
(22) Wholly owned subsidiary of IGY – Rodney Bay Holdings Ltd.
(23) Wholly owned subsidiary of RBM IBC Ltd.
(24) Wholly owned subsidiary of Island Global Yachting LLC
(25) Partially owned subsidiary of Island Global Yachting Facilities LLC & Island Global Yachting LLC
(26) Wholly owned subsidiary of YH Equity LLC
(27) Wholly owned subsidiary of IGY St. Maarten Holdings B.V
(28) Wholly owned subsidiary of Hop-Inn Enterprises N.V.
(29) Wholly owned subsidiary of Island Global Yachting Services Holdings LLC
(30) Partially owned subsidiary of Sun Resorts Management, Inc. & a third party
(31) Wholly owned subsidiary of IGY Séte Marina SAS
(32) Wholly owned subsidiary of Sun Resorts Management, Inc.
(33) Partially owned subsidiary of IGY Séte Marina SAS & a third party
(34) Partially owned subsidiary of YHG Holdings Ltd. & Island Global Yachting LLC
(35) Wholly owned subsidiary of YHG Lender LLC
(36) Wholly owned subsidiary of Yacht Haven USVI LLC
(37) Partially owned subsidiary of Cannes Marina Invest, IGY Séte Marina SAS & a third party
(38) Wholly owned subsidiary of IGY Services Europe Limited
(39) Partially owned subsidiary of IGY Services UK Limited & a third party
(40) Wholly owned subsidiary of New Wave Innovations, LLC
(41) Wholly owned subsidiary of Gulfwind Development, LLC
(42) Partially owned subsidiary of IGY Savannah, LLC & a third party
(43) Wholly owned subsidiary of City Lights Marina Holdings LLC
(44) Partially owned Fraser Worldwide SAM & Northrop and Johnson Monaco, SAM
(45) Partially owned by IGY Yacht Services LLC & a third party

Exhibit 23.1

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statements (Nos. 333-63307, 333-156358, 333-83332, 333-140366, 333-141657, 333-177019, 333-218563, 333-218566, 333-236617, 333-236618, 333-264637, and 333-271471) on Form S-8 of our reports dated November 17, 2025, with respect to the consolidated financial statements of MarineMax, Inc. and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Tampa, Florida
November 16, 2026

Exhibit 31.1

CERTIFICATION

I, W. Brett McGill, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-K of MarineMax, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial information; and

b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ W. BRETT MCGILL
W. Brett McGill
Chief Executive Officer and President
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 16, 2026

Exhibit 31.2

CERTIFICATION

I, Michael H. McLamb, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-K of MarineMax, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial information; and

b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Michael H. McLamb
Michael H. McLamb
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: November 16, 2026

Exhibit 32.1

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-K of MarineMax, Inc. (the "Company") for the year ended September 30, 2026, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, W. Brett McGill, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, to my best knowledge and belief, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a) or 78o(d)); and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ W. BRETT McGILL
W. Brett McGill
Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 16, 2026

Exhibit 32.2

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-K of MarineMax, Inc. (the "Company") for the year ended September 30, 2026, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Michael H. McLamb, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, to my best knowledge and belief, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a) or 78o(d)); and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Michael H. McLamb
Michael H. McLamb
Chief Financial Officer

Date: November 16, 2026