

Q1'23 Earnings Supplement Nasdaq: PAYO

May 9, 2023





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Non-GAAP Financial Measures; Operational Metrics

Some of the financial information and data contained in this press release, such as adjusted EBITDA, have not been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). Payoneer uses these non-GAAP measures to compare Payoneer's performance to that of prior periods for budgeting and planning purposes. Payoneer believes these non-GAAP measures of financial results provide useful information to management and investors regarding certain financial and business trends relating to Payoneer's results of operations. Payoneer's method of determining these non-GAAP measures may be different from other companies' methods and, therefore, may not be comparable to those used by other companies and Payoneer does not recommend the sole use of these non-GAAP measures to assess its financial performance. Payoneer management does not consider these non-GAAP measures in isolation or as an alternative to financial measures determined in accordance with GAAP. The principal limitation of these non-GAAP financial measures is that they exclude significant expenses and income that are required by GAAP to be recorded in Payoneer's financial statements. In addition, they are subject to inherent limitations as they reflect the exercise of judgments by management about which expense and income are excluded or included in determining these non-GAAP financial measures. In order to compensate for these limitations, management presents non-GAAP financial measures in connection with GAAP results. You should review Payoneer's financial statements, which are included in Payoneer's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 and its subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, and not rely on any single financial measure to evaluate



Payoneer's business.

Non-GAAP measures include the following item:

Adjusted EBITDA: We provide adjusted EBITDA, a non-GAAP financial measure that represents our net income (loss) adjusted to exclude: M&A related income, stock-based compensation expenses, reorganization related expenses, share in losses (gain) of associated company, gain from change in fair value of warrants, other financial expense (income), net, taxes on income, and depreciation and amortization.

Other companies may calculate the above measure differently, and therefore Payoneer's measures may not be directly comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies.

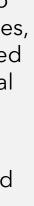
See the Appendix for a reconciliation of the historic measures to Payoneer's most comparable GAAP financial measures.

In addition, guidance for fiscal year, where adjusted, is provided on a non-GAAP basis, which Payoneer will continue to identify as it reports its future financial results. The Company cannot reconcile its expected adjusted EBITDA to expected net income under "2023 Guidance" without unreasonable effort because certain items that impact net income and other reconciling metrics are out of the Company's control and/or cannot be reasonably predicted at this time, which unavailable information could have a significant impact on the Company's GAAP financial results.

Industry and Market Data

In this presentation, Payoneer relies on and refers to certain information and statistics obtained from third-party sources which it believes to be reliable, including reports by market research firms. Payoneer has not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of any such third-party information.

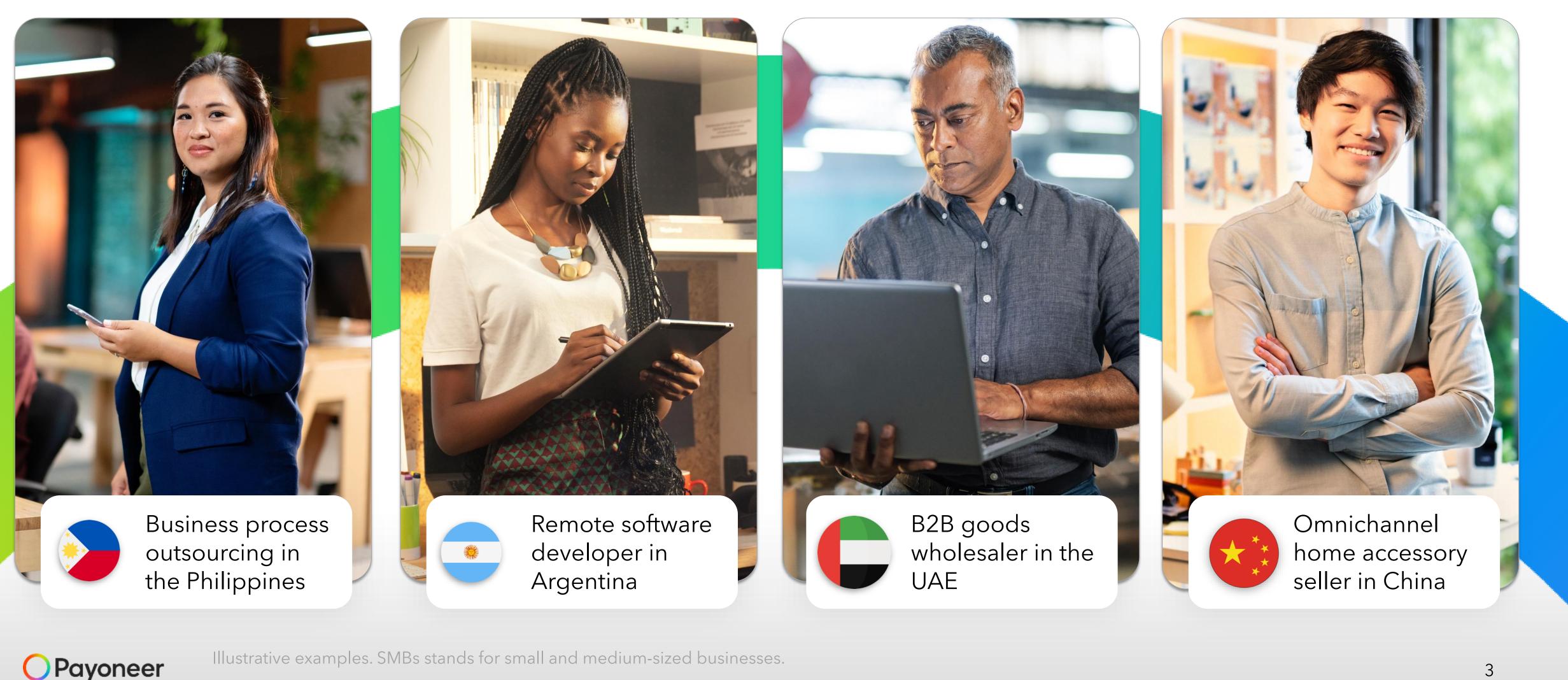
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Payoneer makes it easy for cross-border SMBs to manage their global financial operations



Illustrative examples. SMBs stands for small and medium-sized businesses.

() Payoneer



Delivering strong growth and increasing profitability

Note: Data as of 3/31/23 unless noted otherwise. LTM represents the last twelve months (4/1/22-3/31/23). 1. Active ICPs are defined today as customers with a Payoneer Account that have on average over \$500 a month in volume and were active over the trailing twelve-month period.

Payoneer helps SMBs in the highest growth emerging markets do business globally



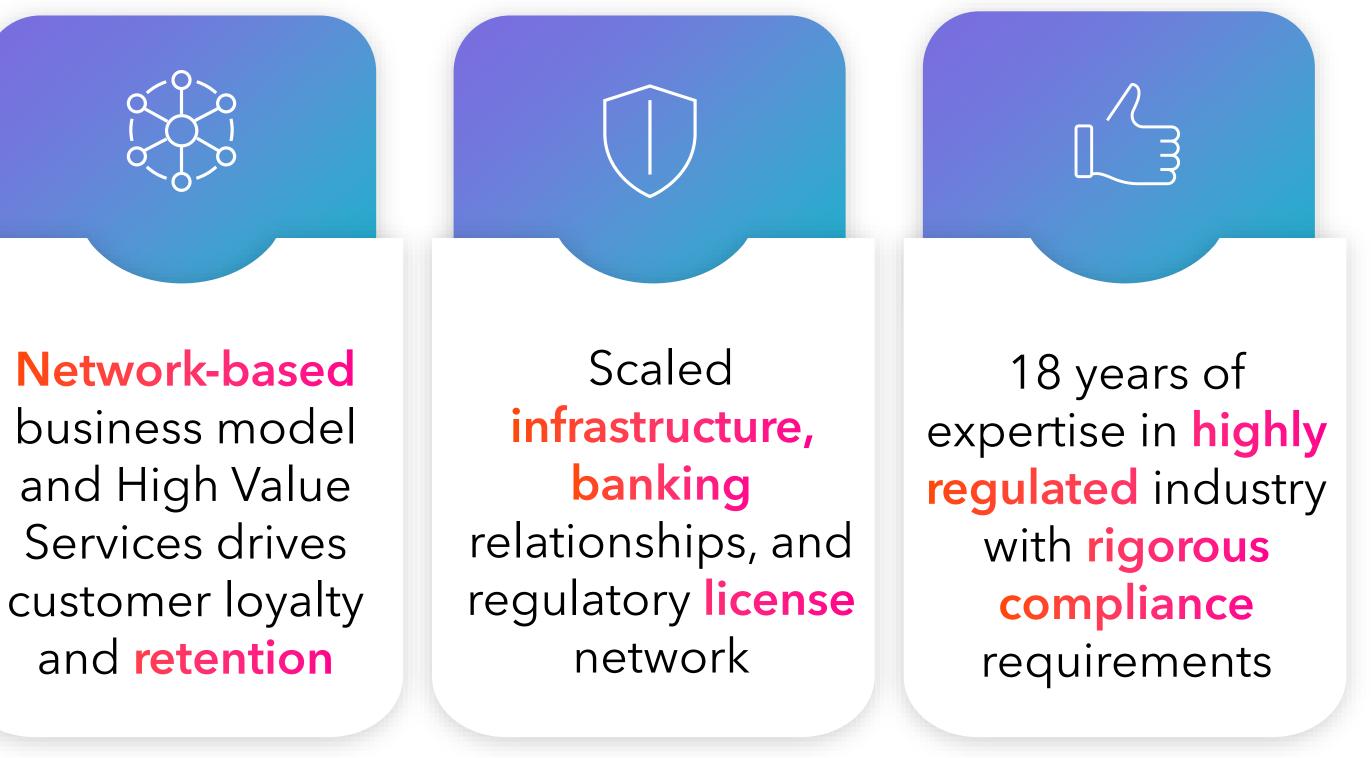


Payoneer's competitive advantages

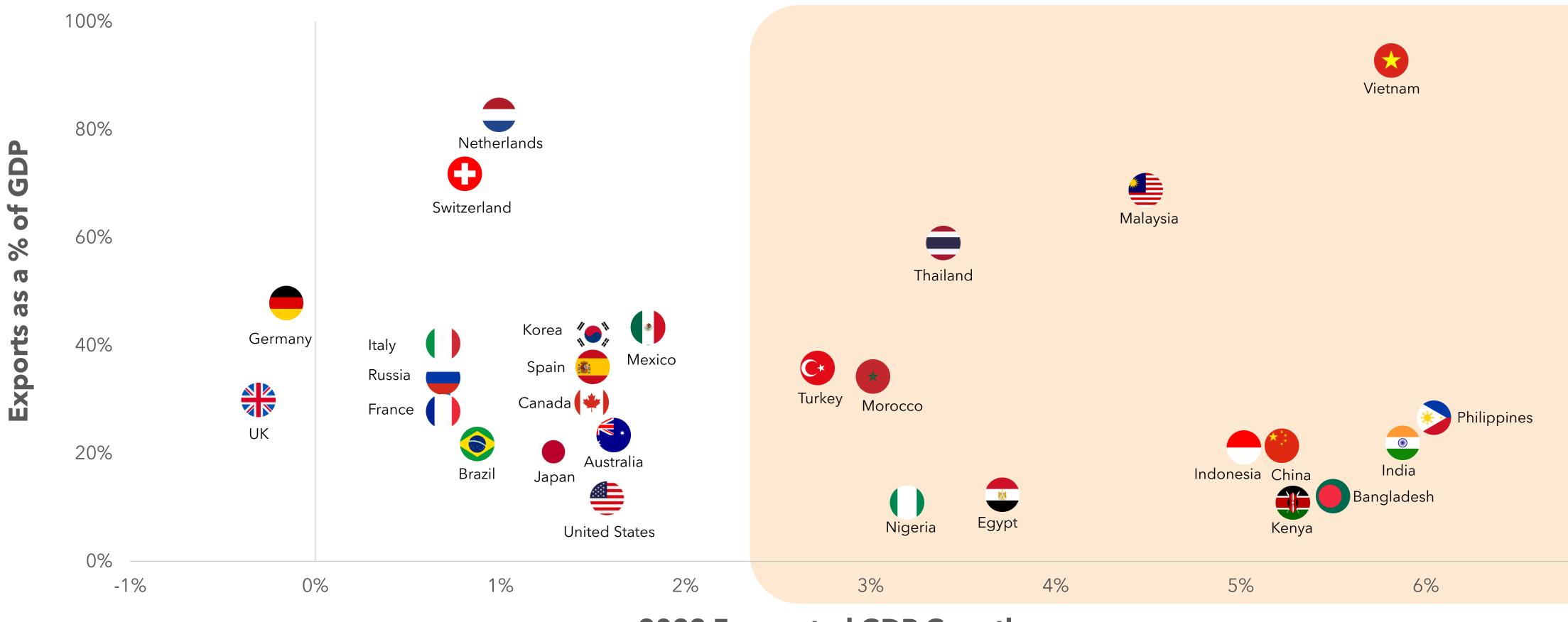
Strong trusted brand drives penetration with SMBs, particularly in **emerging** markets

Broad **global** footprint with localized go-tomarket approach and presence





Positioned to win in the fastest growing economies around the world



Payoneer

Source: IMF and World Bank.

Payoneer is in the highest growth emerging markets

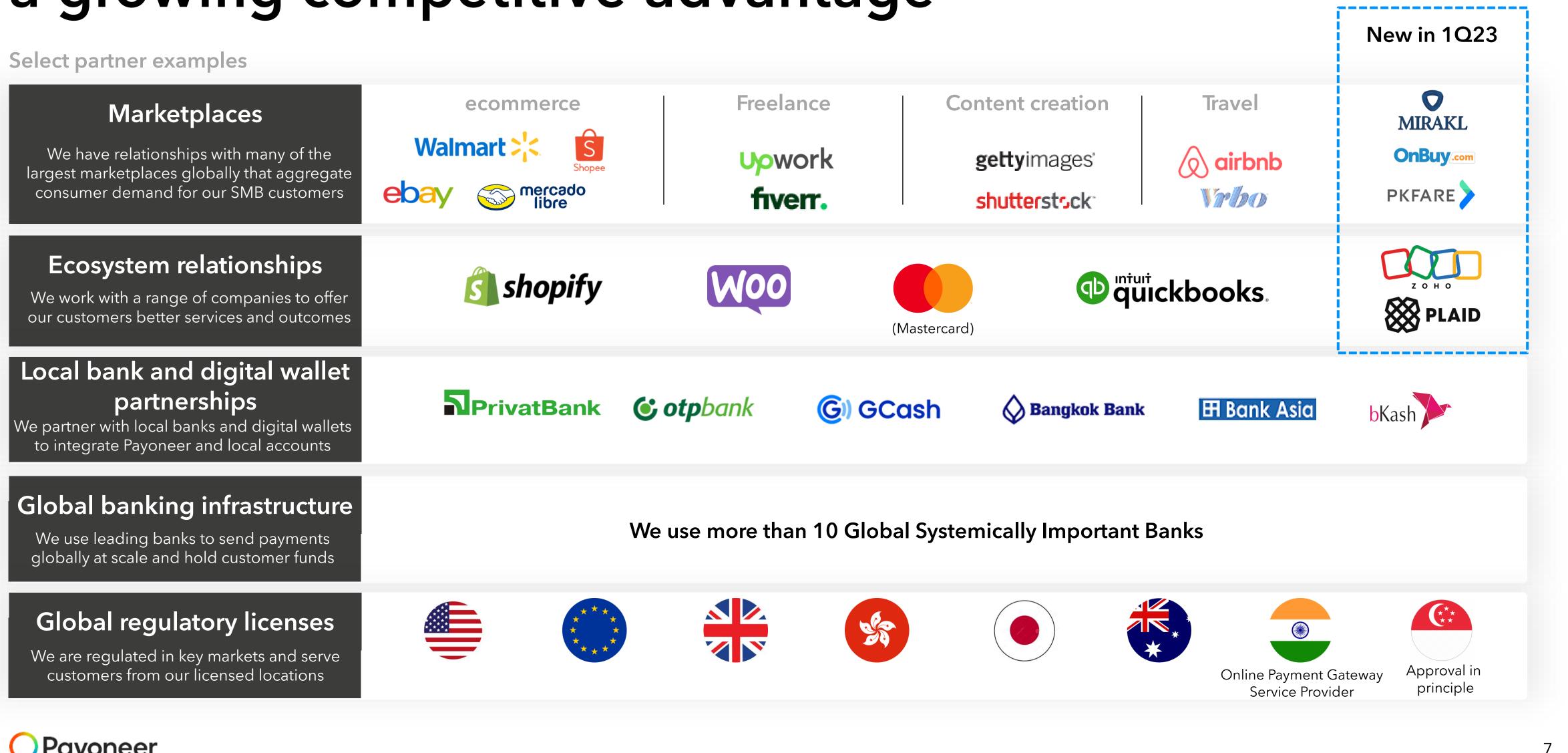
2023 Forecasted GDP Growth





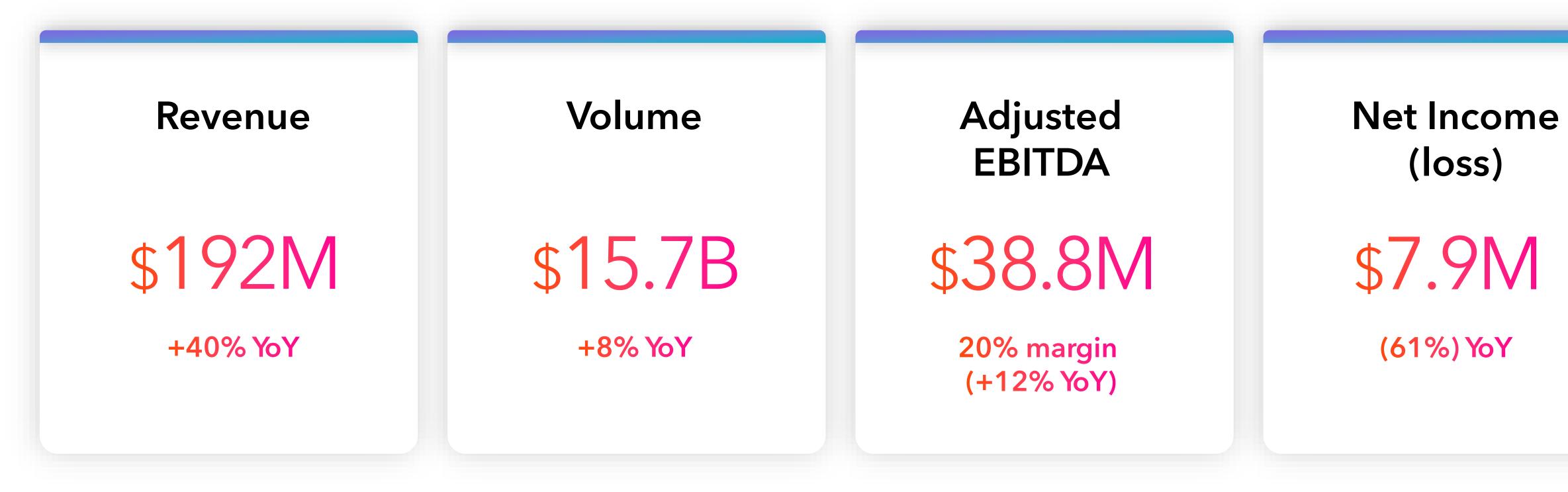


Payoneer's ecosystem and infrastructure: a growing competitive advantage



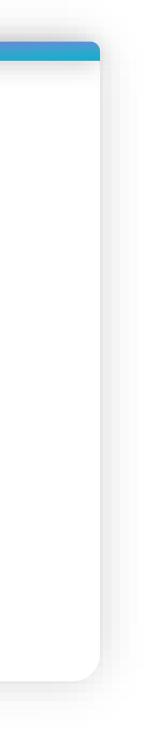


1Q'23 financial results



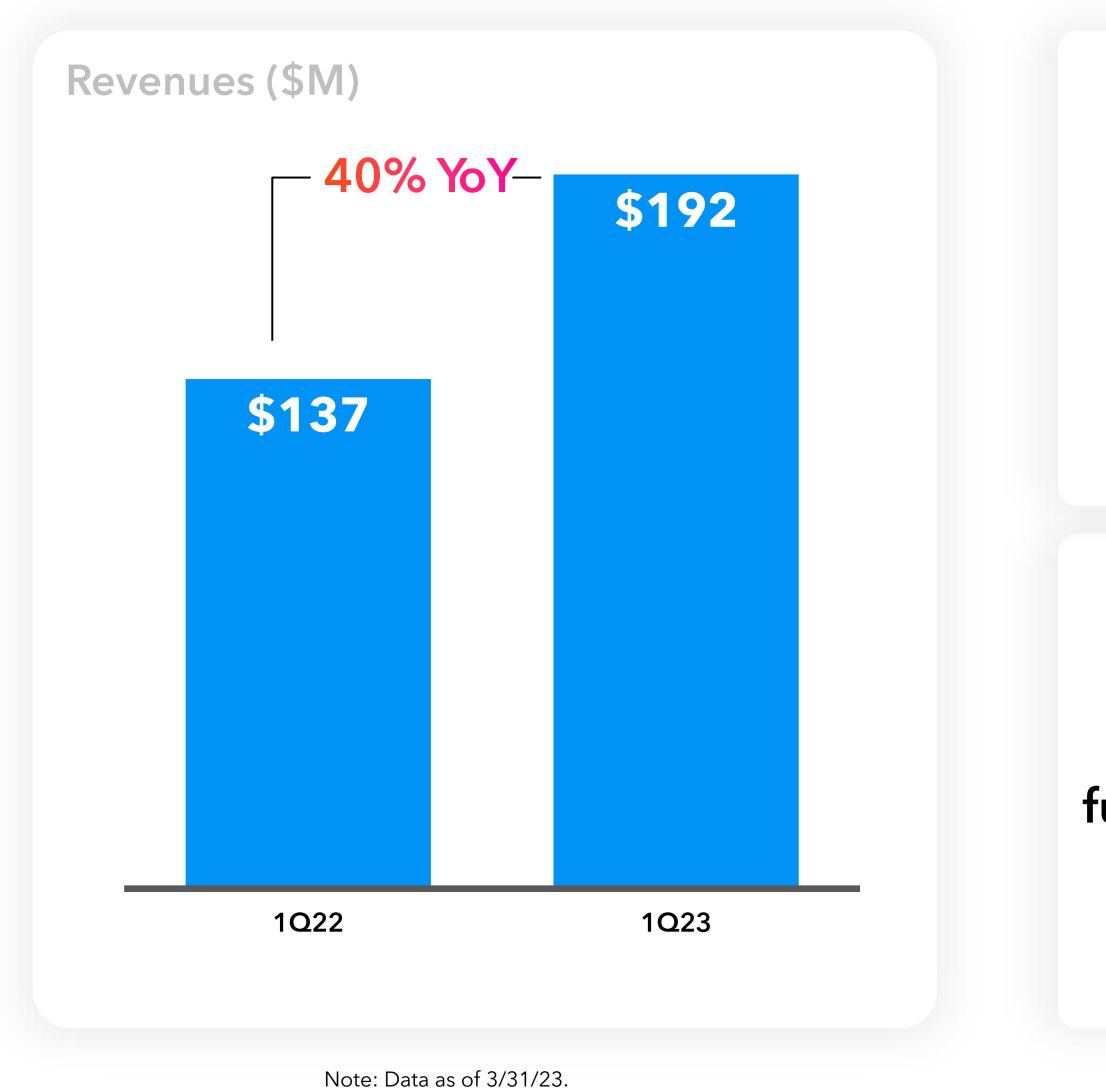
Data as of 3/31/23. Please refer to the appendix of this presentation for the reconciliation from net income (loss) to adjusted EBITDA.







Strong revenue growth



Payoneer

1. Active ICPs are defined today as customers with a Payoneer Account that have on average over \$500 a month in volume and were active over the trailing twelve-month period.

Drivers of Q1'23 revenue

growth YoY

- **\$49M** increase in interest income driven by an \$837M increase in customer funds and rising interest rates
- 9% increase in active ICPs¹
- 8% volume growth driven by recovery in travel and stability in ecommerce
- **25%+** revenue growth in every region
- Priority initiatives
- undorway to
- underway to accelerate
- future revenue
 - growth

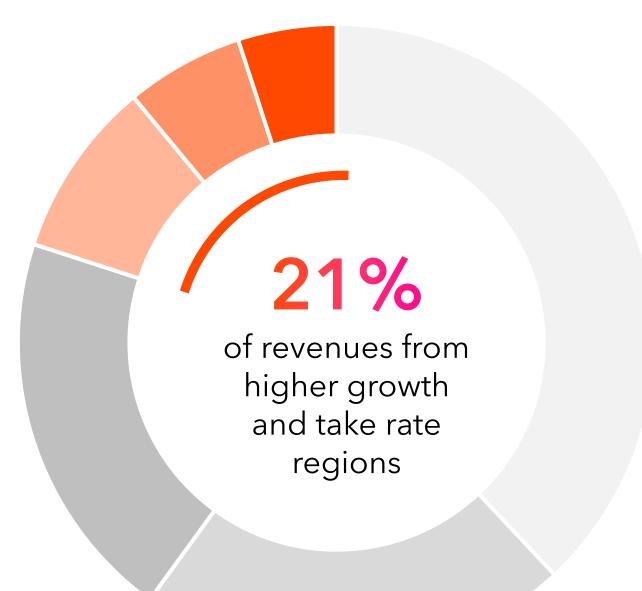
- **Re-align GTM** to priority countries and customer segments
- **Upsell** and **cross-sell** product suite
- Expand B2B AP/AR product offering
- Improve monetization of low volume customers
- **Expand ecosystem** of partnerships





Continued geographic diversification

Revenues by geography

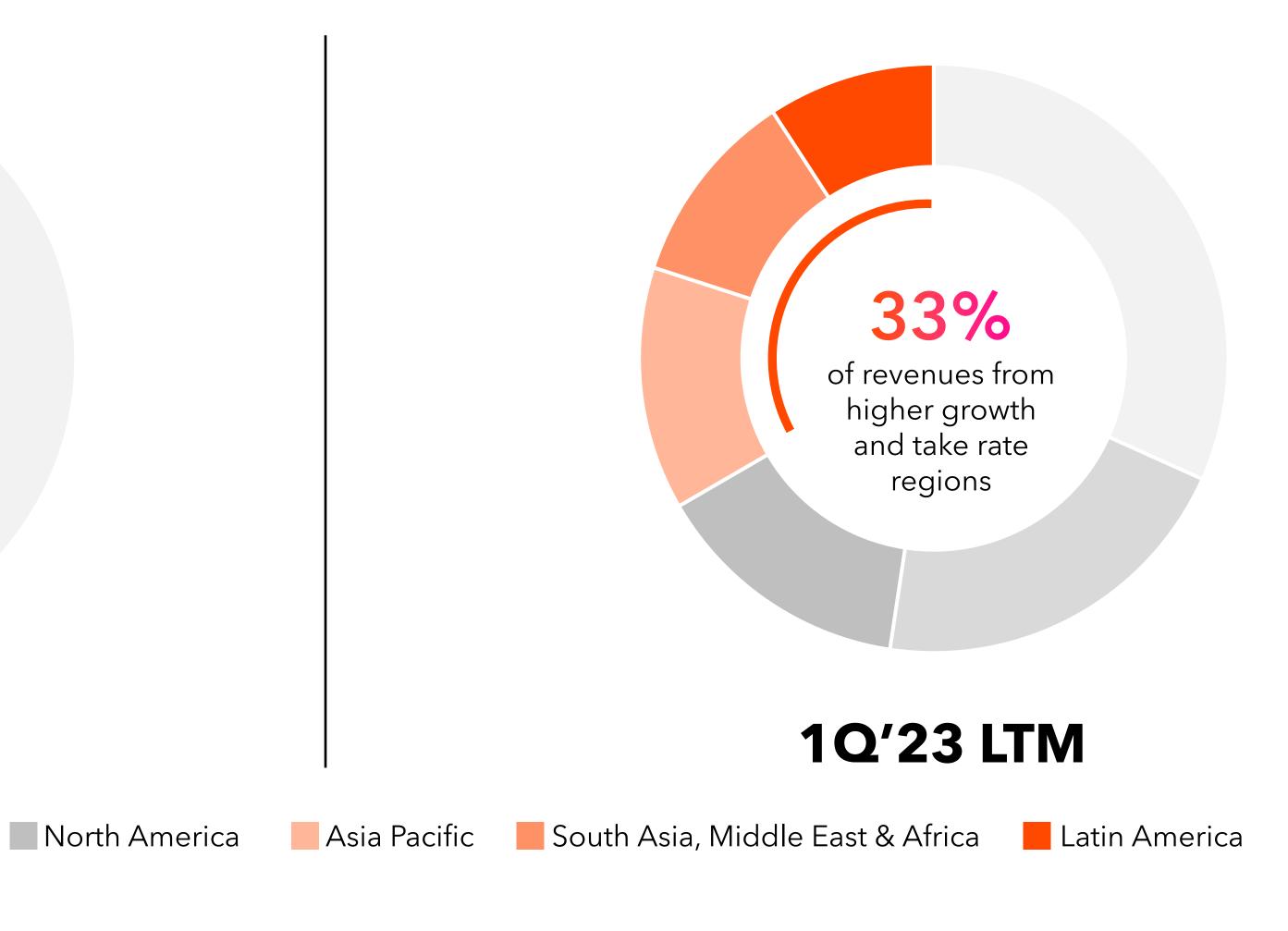


2018

Greater China Europe

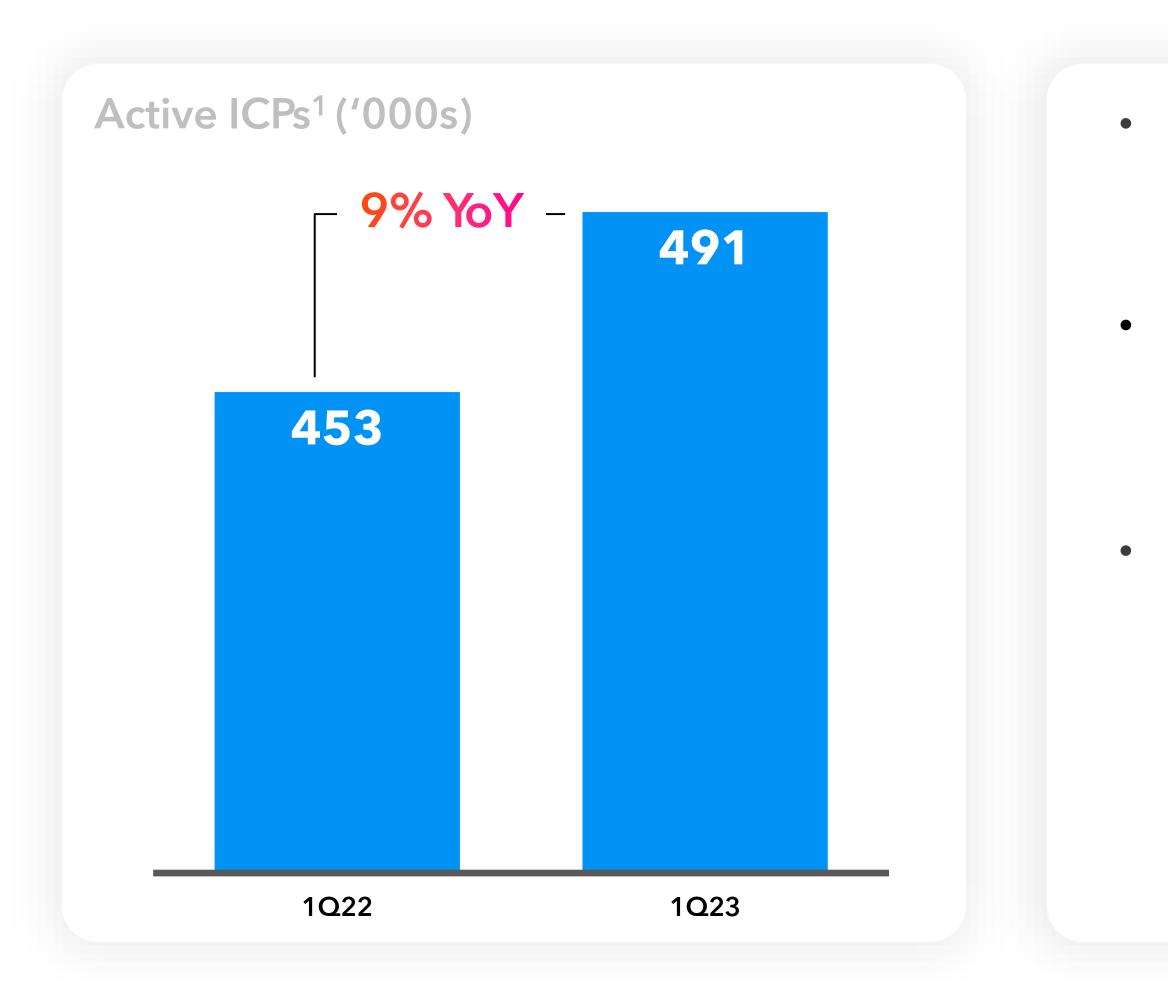


Note: Disaggregation based on \$260M of revenue in 2018 and \$683M of revenue over the last twelve months (4/1/22-3/31/23).





Focusing on Ideal Customer Profiles



Note: Data as of 3/31/23.

1. Active ICPs are defined today as customers with a Payoneer Account that have on average over \$500 a month in volume and were active over the trailing twelve-month period.



Announced in February 2023 shifting acquisition and service model towards active **Ideal Customer Profiles (ICPs)**¹

Growing LATAM & SAMEA fastest

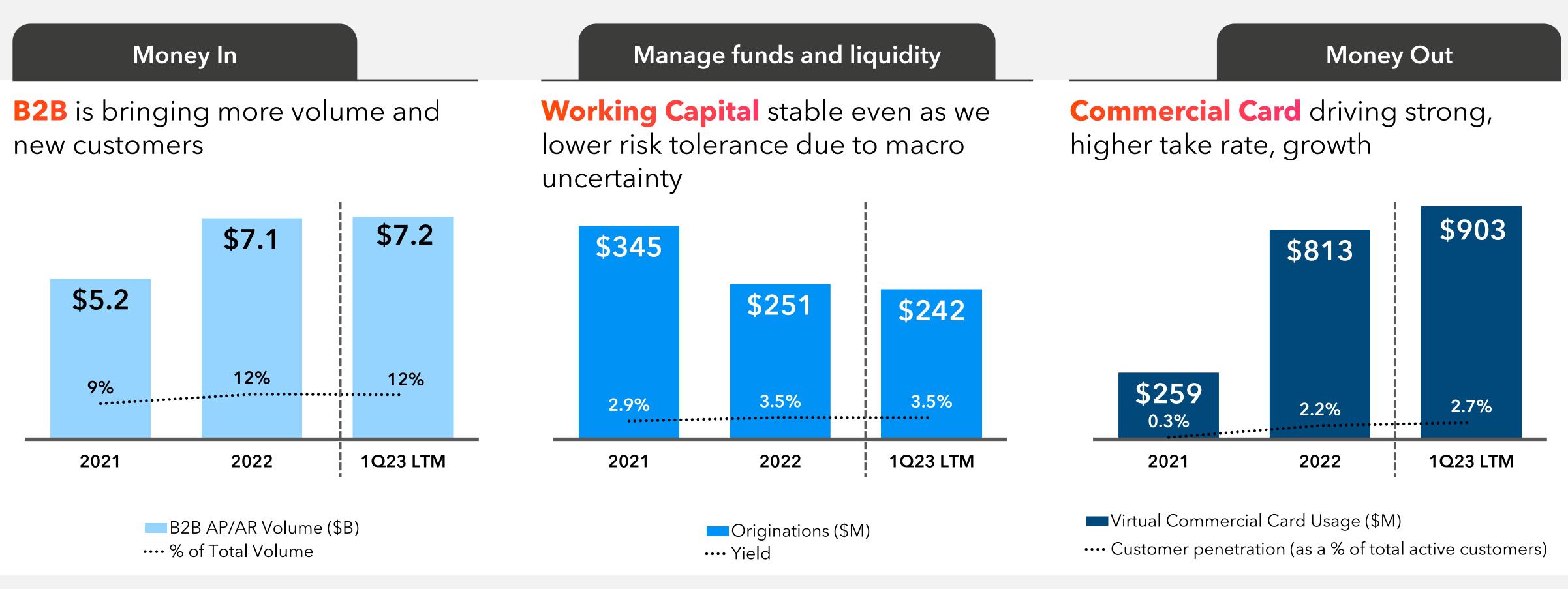
• ~20% growth in active ICPs in Latin America and SAMEA

Growing larger ICPs faster than overall active ICPs

• ~18% y/y growth in \$120,000+ annual volume cohort



Scaling High Value Services

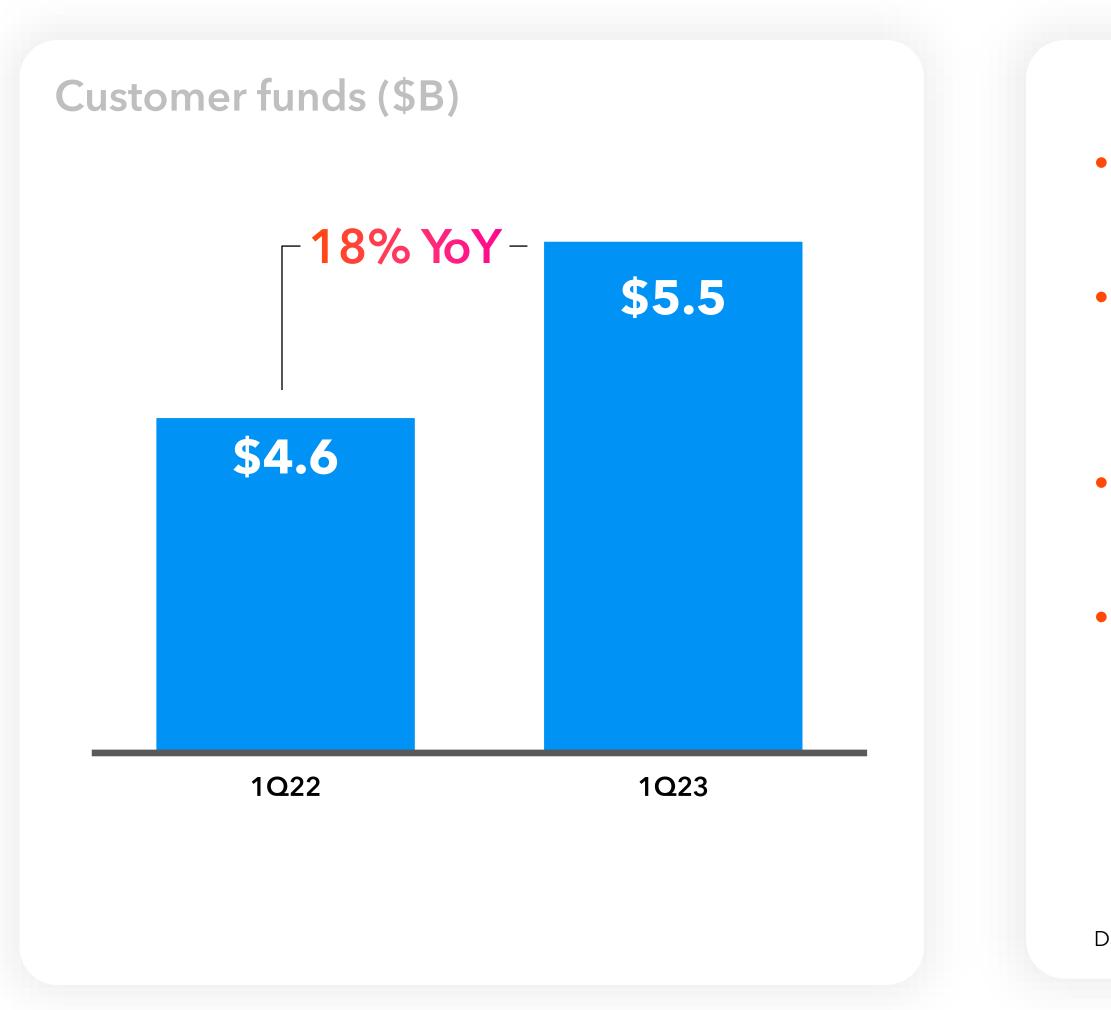


¹Q23 LTM represents the last twelve months (4/1/22-3/31/23).





Customers trust Payoneer





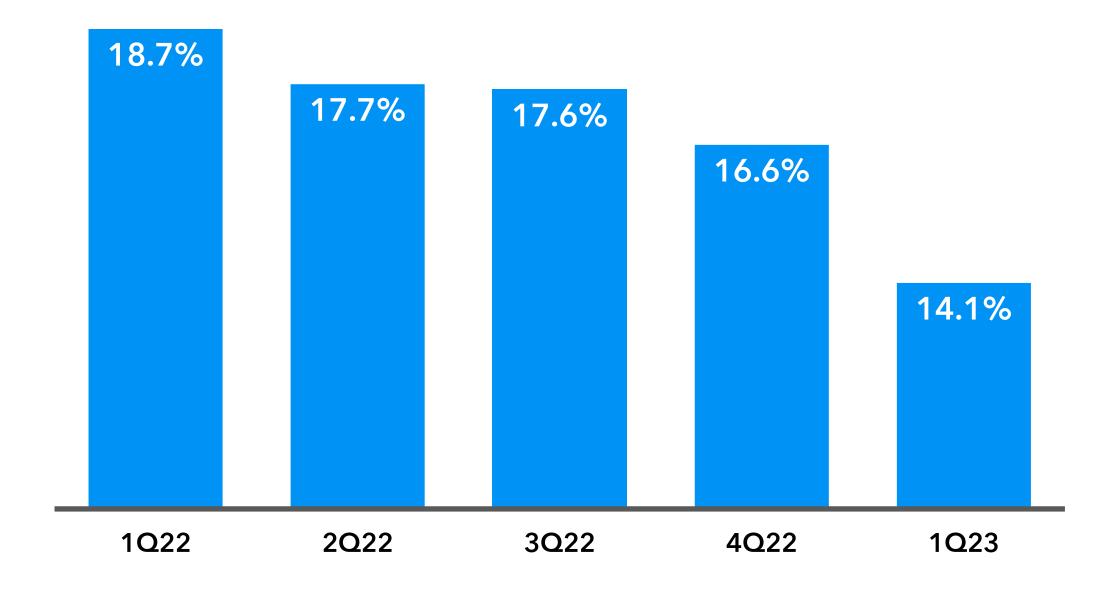
- 80%+ of customer funds are interest-bearing
- 75% of customer funds are concentrated with U.S. domestic financial institutions
- 77% of customer funds are denominated in U.S. dollars
- 100% of balances are currently held in cash deposits

Data as of 3/31/23.



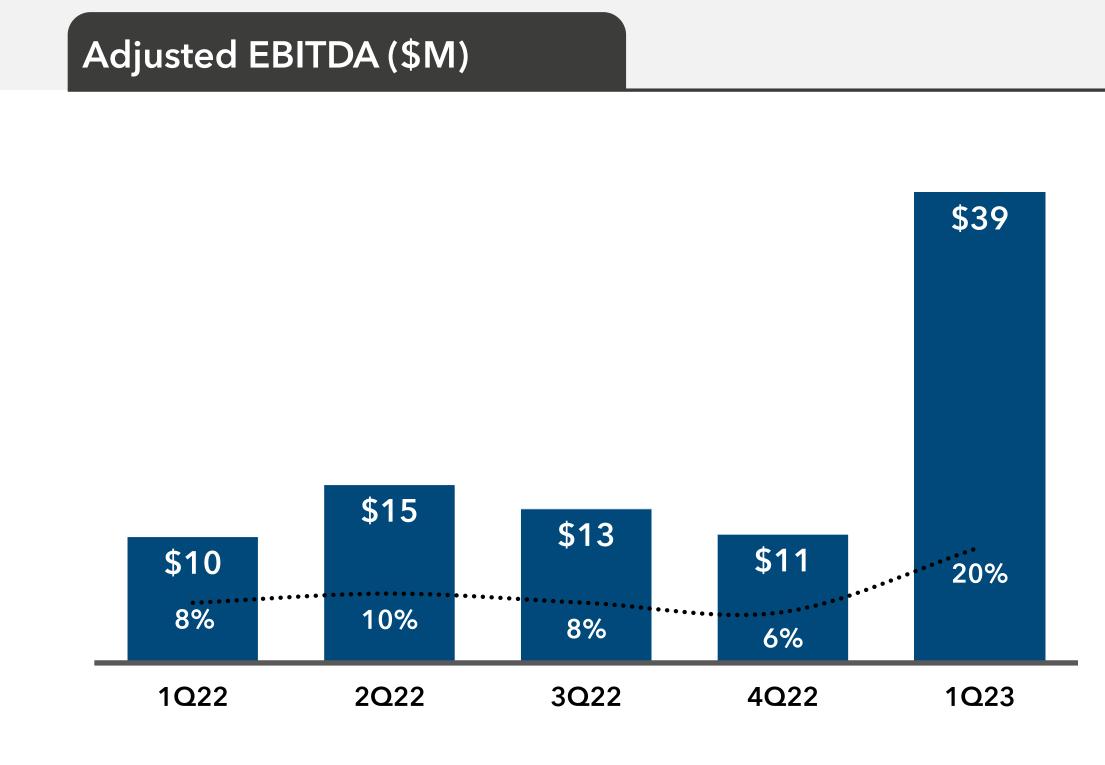
Increasing profitability and focus on driving further operating efficiencies

Transaction cost as a percentage of revenue



Note: Please refer to the appendix of this presentation for the reconciliation from net income (loss) to adjusted EBITDA.

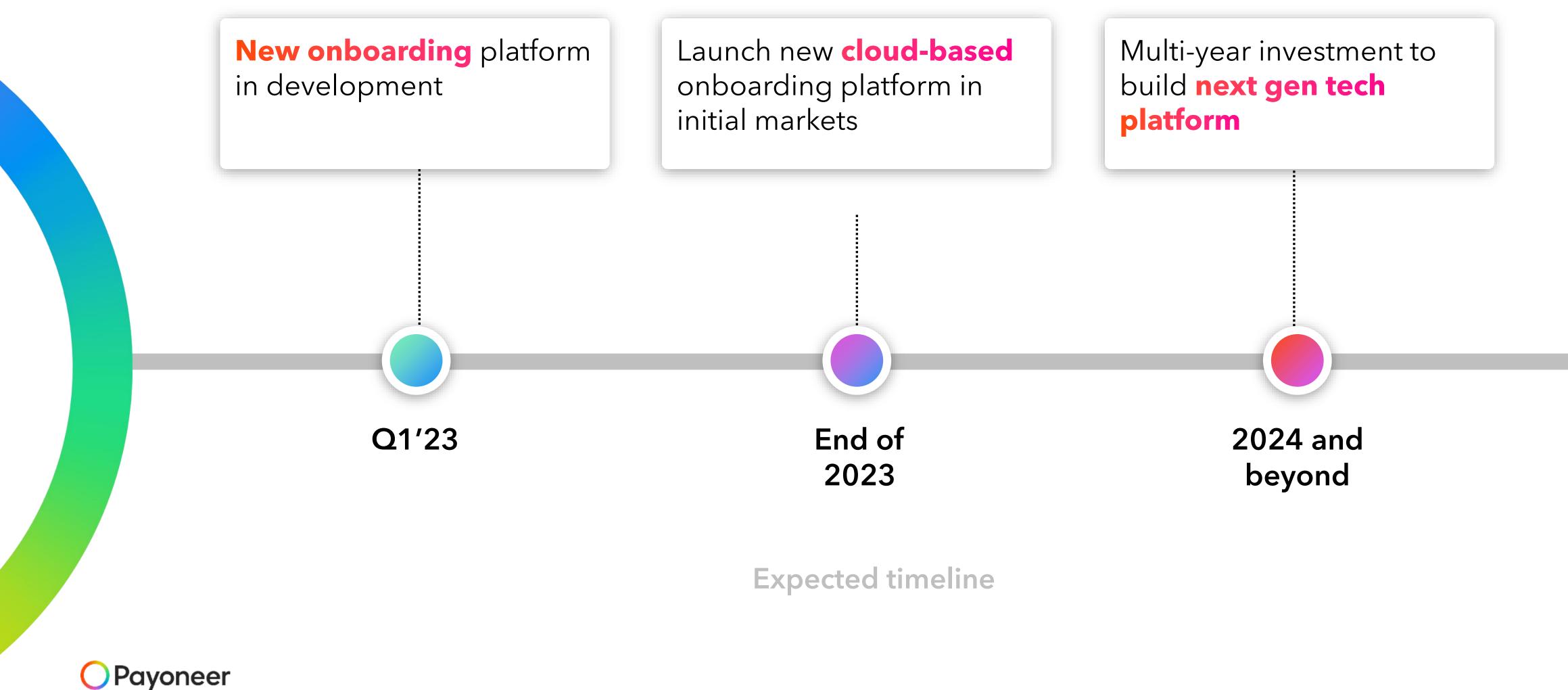




···· Adjusted EBITDA Margin



Investing to build next generation technology platform 2023: Focusing on new customer onboarding





Strong net capital position: Payoneer deploys capital to maximize long-term value

Strong capital position

- **\$545M** of cash and cash equivalents
- Small debt exposure related to working capital solution for customers¹
- Positive **free cash flow** generation²

Note: Data as of 3/31/23.

- 1. \$17M of long-term debt from related party on the balance sheet is related to the Working Capital business.
- 2. For the last twelve months (4/1/22 3/31/23).



Priorities for capital allocation

- **Data driven** approach to capital allocation and efficiency
- Actively building capabilities and team while exploring inorganic opportunities to grow revenues and accelerate our product roadmap



2023 full year guidance

2023 Guidance as of May 9, 2023:

\$810-820M Revenue

% of revenue

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1. Please refer to the appendix of this presentation for the reconciliation from net income (loss) to adjusted EBITDA.



~15.5% Transaction costs as a

\$140-150M Adjusted EBITDA¹



Long-term target business model

Illustrative long-term targets

20%+

Revenue growth



20%+

Adjusted EBITDA margin



Appendix









Reconciliation of net income (loss) to adjusted EBITDA

	Three months ended,									
	Mar. 31, 2022		June 30, 2022		Sept. 30, 2022		Dec. 31, 2022		Mar. 31, 2023	
	<i>.</i>		¢		<i>.</i>		.		.	
Net income (loss)	\$	20,211	\$	4,422	\$	(26,452)	\$	(10,151)	\$	7,938
Depreciation & amortization		4,455		5,171		5,899		5,333		6,039
Taxes on income		1,967		1,374		2,635		7,610		9,172
Other financial expenses (income), net		2,695		4,824		3,617		(1,005)		(2,350)
EBITDA		29,328		15,791		(14,301)		1,787		20,799
Stock based compensation expenses(1)		12,908		11,890		13,525		13,827		16,927
Share in losses (gain) of associated company		(20)		7		2		13		
M&A related expense (income)(2)		(619)		(116)		(1,588)				774
Loss (gain) from change in fair value of Warrants(3)		(31,196)		(12,831)		15,095		(5,031)		252
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	10,401	\$	14,741	\$	12,733	\$	10,596	\$	38,752

Represents non-cash charges associated with stock-based compensation expense, which has been, and will continue to be for the foreseeable future, a significant recurring expense in our business and an important part of our compensation strategy. recurring fair value adjustment of a liability related to our 2020 acquisition of optile. Changes in the estimated fair value of the warrants are recognized as gain or loss on the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income. The impact is removed from EBITDA as it represents market conditions that

(1) (2) Amounts for the three months ended March 31, 2023 relate to M&A-related third-party fees, including related legal, consulting and other expenditures. Amounts for the three months ended March 31, 2022 relates to a non-

(3) are not in control of the Company.







Thank you.

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