# Enfusion 1Q 2023. Shareholder Letter

May 2023



## Disclaimer

## Forward-Looking Statements

Statements we make in this presentation may include statements which are not historical facts and are considered forward-looking within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 (Securities Act) and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Exchange Act), including expectations regarding future financial performance. These forward-looking statements are usually identified by the use of words such as "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "expects," "intends," "may," "plans," "projects," "seeks," "should," "could," "will," and variations of such words or similar expressions. We intend these forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act and are making this statement for purposes of complying with those safe harbor provisions.

These forward-looking statements reflect our current views about our plans, intentions, expectations, strategies and prospects, which are based on the information currently available to us and on assumptions we have made. Although we believe that our plans, intentions, expectations, strategies and prospects as reflected in or suggested by those forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that the plans, intentions, expectations or strategies will be attained or achieved. Furthermore, actual results may differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements and will be affected by a variety of risks and factors that are beyond our control, such as those set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10–K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 that was filed with the SEC on March 30, 2023 and our subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10–Q. We assume no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.



### Dear Shareholders,

Since Enfusion's founding, navigating challenging environments has been a part of our journey. From the Global Financial Crisis to the COVID pandemic, following each instance of macroeconomic uncertainty, we have emerged a stronger company. I expect the impact of this current environment to be no different. As it always has, Enfusion creates compelling and unique value for our clients and, in doing so, allows us to maintain our leading position in cloud-native, end-to-end investment management software.

1Q23 Highlights: During the first quarter, Enfusion continued to grow revenue at double-digit rates and further established itself as the partner of choice for investment managers.

Two key areas that I am particularly proud of are:

- Our first quarter client wins demonstrate our ongoing strength in conversions and further our global expansion. We signed a multi-billion-dollar venture capital fund that was looking to replace its outdated technology with a cloud-native, end-to-end platform. I am also particularly proud that we signed a credit hedge fund through our relationship with a dedicated managed-account platform, Innocap Global Investment Management. Further, we signed a multi-billion dollar Chinese hedge fund based in Singapore that chose Enfusion to consolidate its incumbent providers onto one platform.
- We delivered healthy growth and profitability in the face of macro challenges. For the first quarter, we delivered double-digit revenue growth, which was driven by new sales across our products and services. Our focused expense discipline allowed us to maintain a solid margin profile. Further, our strong cash conversion translated to another quarter of positive adjusted free cash flow.

Enfusion continues to disrupt the investment management solutions space by creating unparalleled value for all of its clients, which include new hedge fund launches, large complex multi-manager platforms, institutional investment managers, wealth managers, and family offices.

Our compelling value proposition centers around our cloud-native, multi-tenant SaaS model, which allows us to grow and scale with our clients, drive efficiencies, lower the total cost of ownership, and empower investment managers and asset owners to make better decisions. As one of the few SaaS-based companies with the unique combination of high growth and proven profitability, I am confident that Enfusion remains well-positioned to create long-term shareholder value.

Sincerely,

**Oleg Movchan** 

**Chief Executive Officer** 



## Our mission

To help solve investment managers' evolving business and operational challenges through next generation technology





# We simplify and unify the

# investment management lifecycle

We manage complex workflows...

Fills

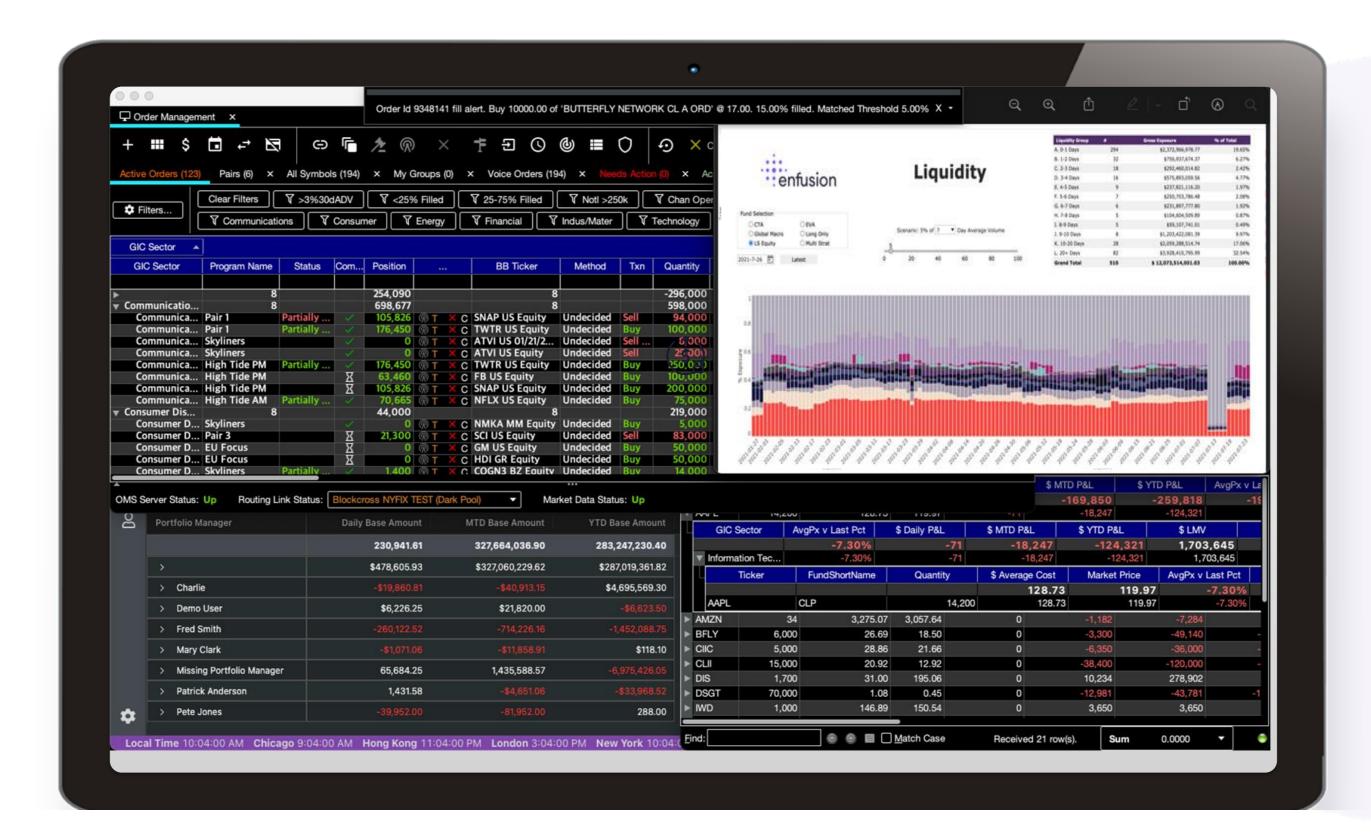
Orders

Reconciliations

Allocated Trades

Reporting

Statements







# Serving clients across the investment management industry

Alternative Investment Managers						
Hedge Funds	Private Equity					
Private Credit	Family Offices					





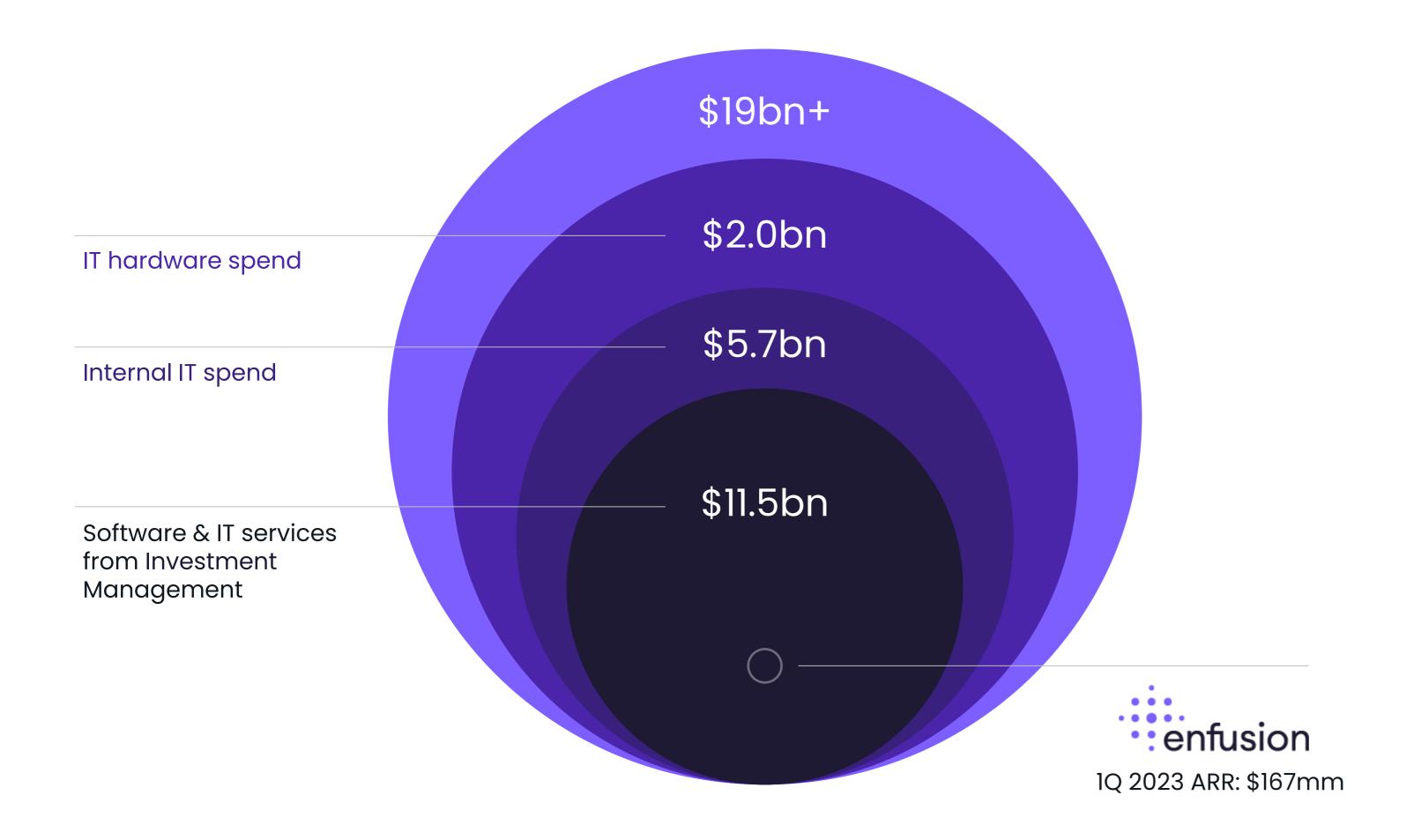
# Purpose-built end-to-end solution

### Mission critical systems integrated with a suite of technology-powered services

#### Portfolio Management System **Analytics** • Live details of portfolio positions OEMS Connected in real-time Real-time Investment with our PMS and OEMS Book of Record ("IBOR") Investment • Comprehensive client **Decision** data insights to analyze portfolios through time **Order Execution** horizons and automate **Management System** Order Visual customized visualized reports Generation **Analytics** • Electronically communicate and manage trade orders One single • Systemically enforce trading regulations and dataset and Accounting / internal guidelines **General Ledger** source of truth Order/Trade Reporting Double-entry ledger that & Analytics Routing automates the posting of Technology-Powered general ledger journal enfusion entries directly from PMS Services Phalytics • Complete, real-time • Expert teams empowered Accounting Book of by technology Admin. & Settlement Allocations Trade Affirmation Record ("ABOR") • Front-, middle- and backoffice time consuming, administrative tasks Accounting \ enlang \ Powered services | Accounting \ Powered



# Addressing a large and growing market



## Robust growth in Underlying industry

40% total growth

in global AUM 2015-2020

8% annual growth

of alternatives AUM projected

6% annual growth

of total AUM projected

\$145 trillion

in global AUM by 2025



# Why we win





One end-to-end solution, one single dataset and source of truth



Rapid pace of delivery and evolution



Open, flexible and tailored



Cloud-native, multi-tenant SaaS



Drive efficiencies and lower total cost of ownership

Unique ability to lead with a single solution – and then adjust to a client's growing complexity, scale with its size, evolve with its operational workflows, and continuously adapt to customer business dynamics



## Q1 2023 key financial highlights

\$ in millions

Highly attractive
SaaS model with
combination of
scale, growth and
profitability

Total Revenue	\$41.0	20.0% YoY Growth
Gross Profit	\$27.7	67.5% Gross Margin
Adjusted Gross Profit <sup>(1)</sup>	\$27.9	68.2% Adjusted Gross Margin
Net Income	\$4.7	11.5% Net Income Margin
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	\$5.7	13.9% Adjusted EBITDA Margin
Operating Cash Flow	\$0.9	<b>2.3%</b> OCF Margin
Adjusted Free Cash Flow	\$4.5	79.7% FCF Conversion

(1) See appendix for definition and non-GAAP reconciliations.



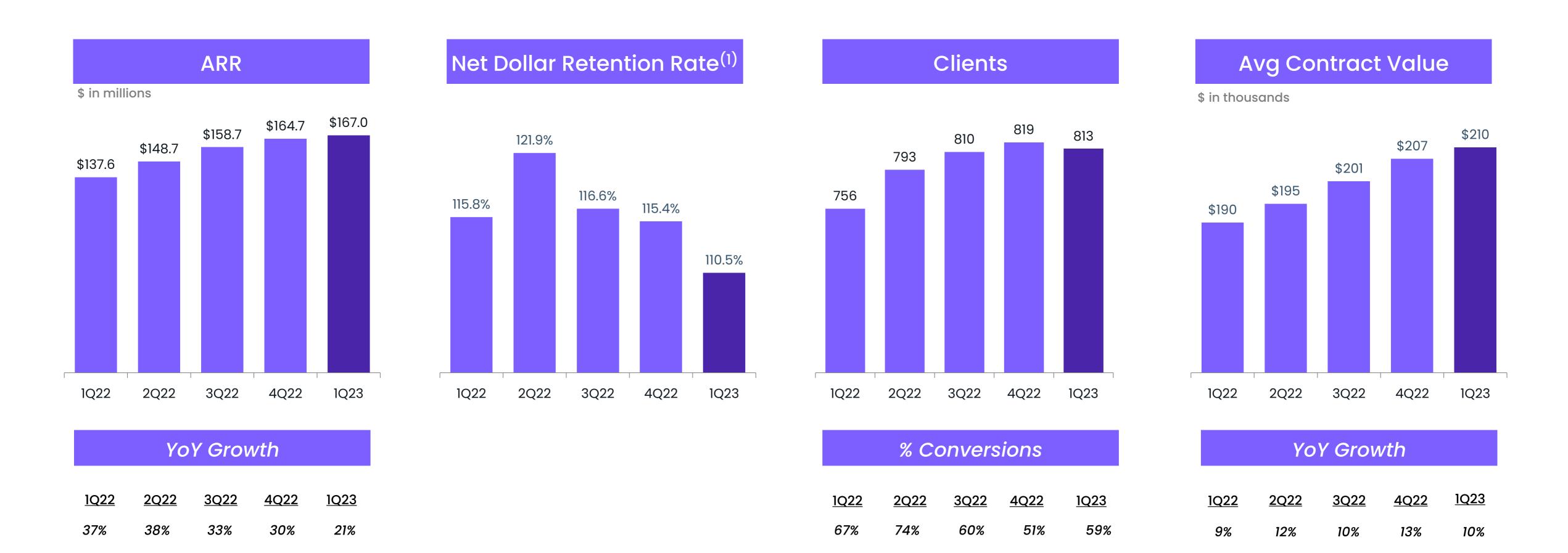
# Strong growth trends with ongoing profitability

\$ in millions





# Organic, sticky expansion at scale

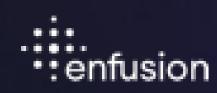




12

# Appendix

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## ENFUSION, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (dollars in thousands, except shares and unit amounts and par value)

	As of March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)		As of December 31, 2022	
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	54,598	\$	62,545
Accounts receivable, net		24,356		25,855
Prepaid expenses		5,600		6,105
Other current assets		2,093		2,303
Total current assets		86,647		96,808
Property and equipment, net		16,879		15,759
Right-of-use-assets, net		13,438		6,732
Other assets		4,529		4,484
Total assets	\$	121,493	\$	123,783
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	1,290	\$	1,685
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		7,403		11,665
Current portion of lease liabilities		5,013		4,030
Total current liabilities		13,706		17,380
Lease liabilities, net of current portion		8,642		2,959
Total liabilities		22,348		20,339
Stockholders' Equity:				
Class A common stock, \$0.001 par value; 1,000,000,000 shares authorized, 74,081,623 and 70,859,711 shares				
issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively		74		71
Class B common stock, \$0.001 par value; 150,000,000 shares authorized, 41,198,767 and 43,198,767 shares issued				
and outstanding as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively		41		43
Additional paid-in capital		240,075		244,260
Accumulated deficit		(176,012)		(178,863)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(473)		(504)
Total stockholders' equity attributable to Enfusion, Inc.		63,705		65,007
Non-controlling interests		35,440		38,437
Total stockholders' equity		99,145		103,444
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	121,493	\$	123,783



# ENFUSION. INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Three Mon	Three Months Ended March 31		
	2023		2022	
REVENUES:				
Platform subscriptions	\$ 37,9	98 \$	31,551	
Managed services	2,7	44	2,230	
Other	2	29	360	
Total revenues	40,9	71	34,141	
COST OF REVENUES:				
Platform subscriptions	11,6	75	9,311	
Managed services	1,5	64	1,615	
Other		63	57	
Total cost of revenues	13,3	02	10,983	
Gross profit	27,6	69	23,158	
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
General and administrative	14,4	73	22,295	
Sales and marketing	4,0	86	8,432	
Technology and development	4,4	31	4,802	
Total operating expenses	22,9	90	35,529	
Income (loss) from operations	4,6	79	(12,371)	
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):				
Other income (expense)	4	11	(3)	
Total non-operating income (expense)	4	11	(3)	
Income (loss) before income taxes	5,0	90	(12,374)	
Income taxes	3	96	150	
Net income (loss)	4,6	94	(12,524)	
Net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	1,7	49	(5,259)	
Net income (loss) attributable to Enfusion, Inc.	\$ 2,9	<u>\$</u>	(7,265)	
Net income (loss) per Class A common shares attributable to Enfusion, Inc.:				
Basic	\$ 0.	04 \$	(0.10)	
Diluted		04 \$	(0.10)	
Weighted Average number of Class A common shares outstanding:	Ψ	σ. Ψ	(0,120)	
Basic	88,8	63	83,384	
Diluted	132,3		83,384	



# ENFUSION. INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,			arch 31,
	2023 20			2022
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income (loss)	\$	4,694	\$	(12,524)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Non-cash operating lease expense		(40)		
Depreciation and amortization		1,868		1,340
Provision for credit losses		475		123
Amortization of debt-related costs		6		6
Stock-based compensation expense		(1,147)		12,682
Change in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		878		(5,310)
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(1,153)		(13)
Accounts payable		(395)		(1,339)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		(4,262)		938
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		924		(4,097)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchases of property and equipment		(2,550)		(3,171)
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,550)		(3,171)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Settlement of tax receivable acquired in reorganization transaction		1,501		<del></del>
Payment of withholding taxes on stock-based compensation		(7,579)		(805)
Other		(275)		
Net cash used in financing activities		(6,353)		(805)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		32		(86)
Net decrease in cash		(7,947)		(8,159)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		62,545		64,365
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	54,598	\$	56,206



## Reconciliations To Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The following table reconciles gross profit to adjusted gross profit:

		Three Months Ended							
(\$ in thousands)	D	ecember 31, 2021	March 30, 2022	June 30, 2022	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2023		
GAAP Gross profit	\$	21,689	23,158	25,693	27,177	27,221	27,669		
Add back stock based compensation expense		377	354	341	406	321	270		
Adjusted Gross profit	\$	22,066	23,512	26,034	27,583	27,542	27,939		
Adjusted Gross Margin		69.3%	68.9%	71.2%	70.5%	68.0%	68.2%		

The following table reconciles net income to Adjusted EBITDA:

	Three Months Ended						
(\$ in thousands)		December 31, 2021	March 30, 2022	<b>June 30, 2022</b>	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2023
Net income (loss)	\$	(293,894)	(12,524)	(4,125)	2,598	788	4,694
Interest expense (income)		307	6	1	4	(424)	(492)
Income taxes		(125)	150	219	287	418	396
Depreciation and amortization		1,316	1,340	1,615	1,699	1,690	1,868
EBITDA	\$	(292,396)	(11,028)	(2,290)	4,588	2,472	6,466
Adjustments:		_					
Stock-based compensation expense		289,803	12,432	7,523	833	4,205	(1,147)
Loss on debt extinguishment		1,215					
Tax payment on stock-based compensation		4,570	434	50	14	87	163
Effects of foreign currency		_	_	<del></del>		_	82
Other non-recurring items <sup>1</sup>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	139
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	3,192	1,838	5,283	5,435	6,764	5,703
Adjusted EBITDA margin		10.0%	5.4%	14.5%	13.9%	16.7%	13.9%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Represents severance charges for restructured executives in the quarter



## Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The following table reconciles operating cash flow to unlevered free cash flow and adjusted free cash flow:

	Three Months Ended						
(\$ in thousands)	Dec	ember 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2022	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2023
Net Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(5,812)	(4,097)	2,890	7,842	7,521	924
Purchase of property and equipment		(1,641)	(3,171)	(2,092)	(922)	(1,746)	(2,550)
Unlevered Free Cashflow		(7,453)	(7,268)	798	6,920	5,775	(1,626)
Adjustments:							
Bonus timing and related employer taxes		4,389	(2,160)	(2,160)	(2,160)	(2,160)	6,173
Adjusted Free Cash Flow	\$	(3,064)	(9,428)	(1,362)	4,760	3,615	4,547

The Company's stock compensation expense was recognized in the following captions within the consolidated statements of operations:

(\$ in thousands)	7	Three Months Ended March 31, 2023
(\$ in thousands)		1 mi cii 31, 2023
Cost of revenues	\$	270
General and administrative		(230)
Sales and marketing		(1,581)
Technology and development		394
Total stock compensation expense	\$	(1,147)



## Definitions

#### Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP, this presentation and the accompanying tables include Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin, Adjusted Gross Profit, Adjusted Gross Margin, Unlevered Free Cash Flow, and Adjusted Free Cash Flow, which are non-GAAP financial measures. The presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures is not intended to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for, or superior to, financial information prepared and presented in accordance with GAAP.

Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin, Adjusted Gross Profit, Adjusted Gross Margin, Unlevered Free Cash Flow, and Adjusted Free Cash Flow are supplemental measures of our operating performance and liquidity that are neither required by, nor presented in accordance with, U.S. GAAP, and our calculations thereof may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

These measures are presented because they are the primary measures used by management to evaluate our financial performance and liquidity, and for forecasting purposes. This non-GAAP financial information is useful to investors because it eliminates certain items that affect period-over-period comparability and provides consistency with past financial performance or liquidity and additional information about underlying results and trends by excluding certain items that may not be indicative of our business, results of operations or outlook. Additionally, we believe that these and similar measures are often used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties as a means of evaluating a company's operating performance.

Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin, Adjusted Gross Profit, Adjusted Gross Margin, Unlevered Free Cash Flow, and Adjusted Free Cash Flow are non-GAAP financial measures, are not measurements of our financial performance or liquidity under U.S. GAAP and should not be considered as alternatives to net income, income from operations, gross profit, gross margin, or any other performance measures determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. These non-GAAP financial measures have limitations as analytical tools and you should not consider them in isolation or as substitutes for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP, but rather as supplemental information to our business results. In addition, these non-GAAP financial measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies due to potential differences in methods of calculation and items or events being adjusted. Furthermore, other companies may use different measures to evaluate their performance, all of which could reduce the usefulness of these non-GAAP financial measures as tools for comparison.

#### Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin

Adjusted EBITDA represents earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, adjusted to exclude stock-based compensation expense, the effect of foreign currency fluctuations, and certain non-recurring items. Adjusted EBITDA Margin represents Adjusted EBITDA divided by total net revenues.

#### **Unlevered Free Cash Flow**

Unlevered Free Cash Flow represents net cash provided from operating activities less purchases of property and equipment and other assets, plus cash interest expense. However, given our non-discretionary expenditures, Unlevered Free Cash Flow does not represent residual cash flow available for discretionary expenditures.

#### **Adjusted Free Cash Flow**

Adjusted Free Cash Flow represents Unlevered Free Cash Flow adjusted to exclude certain annual employee bonuses that are accrued on a quarterly basis and paid in the following year.

### Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Margin

Adjusted Gross Profit represents gross profit, excluding the impact of stock-based compensation. Adjusted Gross Margin represents Adjusted Gross Profit divided by total net revenues.



## **Definitions Continued**

#### **Key Metrics:**

In connection with the management of our business, we identify, measure and assess a variety of key metrics. The key metrics we use in managing our business are set forth below.

#### **Annual Recurring Revenue**

We calculate Annual Recurring Revenue, or ARR, by annualizing platform subscriptions and managed services revenues recognized in the last month of the measurement period. We believe ARR provides important information about our future revenue potential, our ability to acquire new clients and our ability to maintain and expand our relationship with existing clients. ARR is included in a set of metrics we calculate monthly to review with management as well as periodically with our board of directors.

#### **Net Dollar Retention Rate**

We calculate Net Dollar Retention Rate as of a period end by starting with the ARR for all clients as of twelve months prior to such period end, or Prior Period ARR. We then calculate the ARR from those same clients as of the current period end, or Current Period ARR. Current Period ARR includes expansion within existing clients inclusive of contraction and voluntary attrition, but excludes involuntary cancellations. We define involuntary cancellations as accounts that were cancelled due to the client no longer being in business. We identify involuntary cancellations to be excluded from our Net Dollar Retention Rate calculation based on representations made by the client at the time of cancellation.

Our Net Dollar Retention Rate is equal to the Current Period ARR divided by the Prior Period ARR. We believe Net Dollar Retention Rate is an important metric because, in addition to providing a measure of retention, it indicates our ability to grow revenues within existing client accounts.

### **Average Contract Value**

We calculate Average Contract Value, or ACV, by dividing ARR by the number of clients that are billed at the end of the measurement period. We believe ACV is an important metric because it provides important information about the growth of our clients' accounts.

Investors should not place undue reliance on ARR or Net Dollar Retention Rate or Average Contract Value as an indicator of future or expected results. Our presentation of these metrics may differ from similarly titled metrics presented by other companies and therefore comparability may be limited.

