

1Q24 Earnings Presentation

April 17, 2024

Forward Looking Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements made pursuant to the Safe Harbor Provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forwardlooking statements include the discussions of our business strategies and expectations concerning future operations, margins, profitability, liquidity and capital resources. In addition, in certain portions included in this press release, the words "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "seeks," "expects," "plans," "intends," "remains," "positions" and similar expressions, as they relate to our company or management, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Although we believe these forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot assure you any forward looking statements will prove to be correct. Forward-looking statements involve a number of risks, uncertainties or other factors beyond the company's control, which may cause material differences in actual results, performance or other expectations. These factors include, but are not limited to: risks relating to our gaming license in Singapore and concession in Macao and amendments to Macao's gaming laws; general economic conditions; disruptions or reductions in travel and our operations due to natural or man-made disasters, pandemics, epidemics, or outbreaks of infectious or contagious diseases; our ability to invest in future growth opportunities, or attempt to expand our business in new markets and new ventures, execute our capital expenditure programs at our existing properties and produce future returns; government regulation; the extent to which the laws and regulations of mainland China become applicable to our operations in Macao and Hong Kong; the possibility that economic, political and legal developments in Macao adversely affect our Macao operations, or that there is a change in the manner in which regulatory oversight is conducted in Macao; our subsidiaries' ability to make distribution payments to us; substantial leverage and debt service; fluctuations in currency exchange rates and interest rates; our ability to collect gaming receivables; win rates for our gaming operations; risk of fraud and cheating; competition; tax law changes; political instability, civil unrest, terrorist acts or war; legalization of gaming; insurance; the collectability of our outstanding loan receivable; limitations on the transfers of cash to and from our subsidiaries; limitations of the pataca exchange markets; restrictions on the export of the renminbi; and other factors detailed in the reports filed by Las Vegas Sands Corp. with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date thereof. Las Vegas Sands Corp. assumes no obligation to update such statements and information.

Within this presentation, the company may make reference to certain non-GAAP financial measures including "adjusted net income/loss," "adjusted earnings/loss per diluted share," and "consolidated Adjusted Property EBITDA," which have directly comparable financial measures presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), as well as present these or other items on a constant currency basis. The specific reasons why the company's management believes the presentation of each of these non-GAAP financial measures provides useful information to investors regarding Las Vegas Sands' financial condition, results of operations and cash flows, as well as reconciliations of the non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measures, are included in the company's Form 8-K dated April 17, 2024, which is available on the company's website at www.sands.com. Reconciliations also are available in the Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures and Other Financial Information section of this presentation

The Investment Case for Las Vegas Sands

- Global leader in Integrated Resort development and operation delivering industry-leading returns
- Largest scale operator in leading markets with industry-leading revenues and margins
- Investing in promising growth opportunities
- Disciplined, experienced leadership team dedicated to driving long-term shareholder value and maximizing shareholder returns

First Quarter 2024 Overview

- Growth in travel and tourism spending continued in both Macao and Singapore
- Net Revenue: \$2,959 million, Net Income: \$583 million
- Adjusted Property EBITDA: \$1,207 million
- Adjusted Property EBITDA margin: 40.8%
- \$450 million of LVS stock repurchased
 - 8.6 million LVS shares at a weighted average price of \$52.47
- \$151 million of dividends paid (\$0.20 per share)

First Quarter 2024 Overview (Cont'd)

(\$ in US millions)	Adjusted Property EBITDA								
_	1Q23	1Q24	Change	% Change					
Macao Operations	\$398	\$610	\$212	53.3%					
Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin	31.1%	33.7%	260 bps						
Marina Bay Sands	\$394	\$597	\$203	51.5%					
Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin	46.5%	51.6%	510 bps						
LVS Total Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin	\$792 37.4%	\$1,207 <i>40.8%</i>	\$415 340 bps	52.4%					

- See slides 6 and 7 for the impact of expected hold in our rolling play in Macao and Singapore
- Expected hold on rolling play negatively impacted Adjusted Property EBITDA by \$31 million in Macao and positively impacted Adjusted Property EBITDA in Singapore by \$77 million

Illustrative Impact of Hold in Our Rolling Play¹

Macao – Select Quarterly Results

1Q23 1,279 (22) een \$52 milli	2Q23 \$1,628 (19) lion higher in 1Q2	\$1,789 (25)	4Q23 \$1,863 68	\$1,811 52
(22) een \$52 milli	(19)	(25)	. ,	• •
en \$52 milli	,	,	68	52
	lion higher in 1Q2	24		
200				
	E 1 1	621	65A	610
	541	631	654	610
(13)	(11)	(15)	40	31
would have	been \$31 million	higher in 1Q24		
31.1%	33.2%	35.3%	35.1%	33.7%
30.6%	32.9%	34.9%	35.9%	34.4%
3	31.1%	would have been \$31 million 31.1% 33.2%	would have been \$31 million higher in 1Q24 31.1% 33.2% 35.3%	would have been \$31 million higher in 1Q24 31.1% 33.2% 35.3% 35.1%

^{1.} These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period rolling chip win percentage was 3.30%. Included are the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to the customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.



Illustrative Impact of Hold in Our Rolling Play¹

Marina Bay Sands – Select Quarterly Results

(\$ in US millions)	Marina Bay Sands							
	1Q23	2Q23	3Q23	4Q23	1Q24			
Net Revenue	\$848	\$925	\$1,015	\$1,061	\$1,158			
Expected hold impact ¹	23	(24)	(44)	(91)	(99)			
Had we held as expected in our rolling play, Net Revenue v	would have been \$99 millio	on lower in 1Q2	4					
Adjusted Property EBITDA	394	432	491	544	597			
Expected hold impact ¹	18	(19)	(34)	(71)	(77)			
Had we held as expected in our rolling play, Adjusted Prope	erty EBITDA would have b	been \$77 millior	lower in 1Q24					
Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin	46.5%	46.7%	48.4%	51.3%	51.6%			

^{1.} These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period rolling chip win percentage was 3.30%. Included are the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to the customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.



Operating Environment in Macao

Quarter Ended March 31, 2024

- Growth in travel and tourism spending in Macao continued during the quarter
- The Macao market generated gaming revenue of ~\$7.1 billion for 1Q24
 - Mass gaming revenue reached quarterly record ~\$6.2 billion, up 66% from 1Q23 and 13% from 1Q19
 - Visitation from China excluding Guangdong province in January and February of 1Q24¹ was ~77% of the comparable period in 2019
- Sands China property portfolio reported:
 - Adjusted Property EBITDA of \$610 million, up 53.3% compared to 1Q23
 - Assuming expected hold in our rolling play², Adjusted Property EBITDA would have been higher by \$31 million
 - Mass win was \$1.58 billion during the quarter, up 54% compared to 1Q23
 - Adjusted Property EBITDA margin was 33.7%
 - Assuming expected hold in our rolling play², Adjusted Property EBITDA margin was 34.4%, up 380 basis points compared to 1Q23

In Macao, growth in travel and tourism spending continued during the quarter, with market-wide gaming revenue reaching an annual run rate of \$28.4 billion

Source: Macao DSEC.

These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period rolling chip win percentage was 3.30%. Included are the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to the customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.



^{1.} Official March 2024 visitation is not yet available from the DSEC, reflects January and February figures for 2024 and 2019.

Operating Environment at MBS in Singapore

Quarter Ended March 31, 2024

- Growth in travel and tourism spending at Marina Bay Sands in Singapore continued during the quarter
- Marina Bay Sands reported:
 - Adjusted Property EBITDA of \$597 million, up 51.5% compared to 1Q23
 - Assuming expected hold in our rolling play¹, Adjusted Property EBITDA would have been lower by \$77 million
 - Mass win was \$687 million, up 25.1% from \$549 million in 1Q23
 - Rolling volume was \$8.2 billion, up 15.5% from \$7.1 billion in 1Q23
 - Adjusted Property EBITDA margin reached 51.6%, up 510 bps from 1Q23
 - Assuming expected hold in our rolling play¹, Adjusted Property EBITDA margin reached 49.1%, up 180 bps compared to 1Q23

Ongoing \$1.75 billion capital investment program will enhance the tourism appeal of Marina Bay Sands and help drive continued high-value tourism growth

^{1.} These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period rolling chip win percentage was 3.30%. Included are the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to the customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.



First Quarter 2024 Financial Results

Quarter Ended March 31, 2024¹ vs March 31, 2023¹

Note: results for the first quarter of 2023 reflect lower market visitation due to the impact on travel and tourism of the Covid-19 pandemic.

(\$ in US millions, except per share information)	LVS Consolida	ted First Quarter F	inancial Results
	1Q23	1Q24	Change
Net Revenue	\$2,120	\$2,959	\$839
Net Income	145	583	438
Net Income Attributable to LVS	147	494	347
Diluted EPS	\$0.19	\$0.66	\$0.47
Dividends per Common Share	-	\$0.20	\$0.20
Adjusted Net Income Attributable to LVS	217	566	349
Adjusted Diluted EPS	\$0.28	\$0.75	\$0.47
Adjusted Property EBITDA	792	1,207	415
Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin	37.4%	40.8%	340 bps

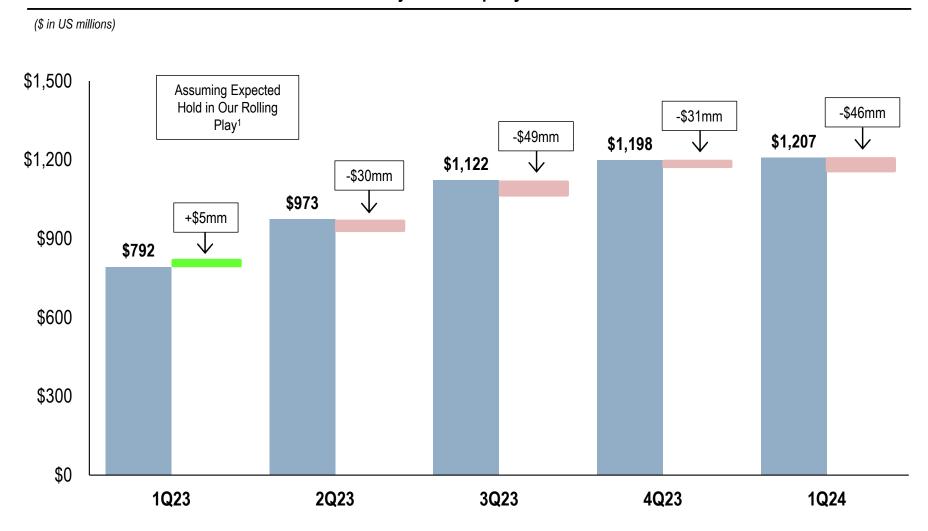
^{1.} Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in the first quarter of 2020. Beginning in the second quarter of 2022 in Singapore, and in early 2023 in Macao, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.

LVS Adjusted Property EBITDA Performance

Select Quarterly Results

Note: results for the first quarter of 2023 reflect lower market visitation due to the impact on travel and tourism of the Covid-19 pandemic.

LVS Adjusted Property EBITDA



^{1.} These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period rolling chip win percentage was 3.30%. Included are the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to the customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.

Note: Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in the first quarter of 2020. Beginning in the second quarter of 2022 in Singapore, and in early 2023 in Macao, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.



Sands China



Sands China Ltd.

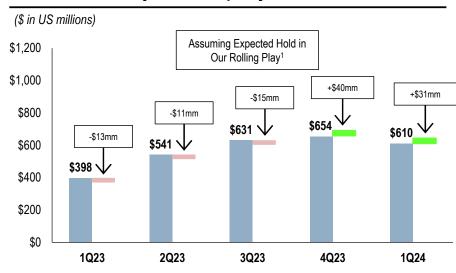
Financial and Operating Performance

Note: results for the first quarter of 2023 reflect lower market visitation due to the impact on travel and tourism of the Covid-19 pandemic.

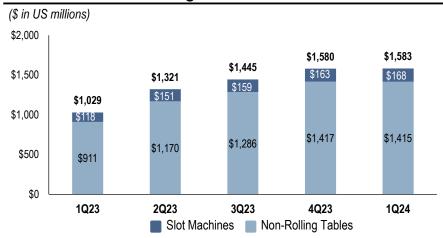
For the quarter ended March 31, 2024:

- Adjusted Property EBITDA: \$610 million with a margin of 33.7%
 - Assuming expected hold in our rolling play¹, Adjusted Property EBITDA would have been \$31 million higher
 - Assuming expected hold in our rolling play¹, Adjusted Property EBITDA margin increased 380 basis points compared to 1Q23 to reach 34.4%
- Mass (Non-Rolling tables and slots):
 - Non-Rolling table win was \$1.42 billion
 - Slot win was \$168 million
- Rolling volume was \$5.4 billion
 - Rolling win was \$128 million, hold percentage of 2.35%
- Occupancy was 96.0% with ADR of \$199
- Retail revenues: \$115 million

Adjusted Property EBITDA



Non-Rolling Table and Slot Win



^{1.} These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period rolling chip win percentage was 3.30%. Included are the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to the customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.

Note: Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in China in the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.



Macao Financial Performance

Quarter ended March 31, 2024 versus quarter ended March 31, 2023

(\$ in US millions)		Net Reve	nue Adj. Property EBITDA Adj. Proper		erty EBITD	EBITDA Margin					
			Gro	wth			Gro	owth			Growth
	1Q23	1Q24	\$	%	1Q23	1Q24	\$	%	1Q23	1Q24	bps
The Venetian Macao	\$558	\$771	\$213	38.2%	\$210	\$314	\$104	49.5%	37.6%	40.7%	310
The Londoner Macao	283	562	279	98.6%	56	172	116	207.1%	19.8%	30.6%	1,080
The Parisian Macao	174	230	56	32.2%	46	71	25	54.3%	26.4%	30.9%	450
Four Seasons/Plaza Casino	172	142	(30)	-17.4%	75	36	(39)	-52.0%	43.6%	25.4%	(1,820)
Total Cotai	1,187	1,705	518	43.6%	387	593	206	53.2%	32.6%	34.8%	220
Sands Macao	74	76	2	2.7%	10	12	2	20.0%	13.5%	15.8%	230
Ferry Operations and Other	18	30	12	66.7%	1	5	4	400.0%	5.6%	16.7%	1,110
Total Macao	1,279	1,811	532	41.6%	398	610	212	53.3%	31.1%	33.7%	260
Margins Assuming Expect	ed Hold in	Our Rolling	Play ¹						30.6%	34.4%	380

Assuming expected hold in our rolling play¹, margins increased by 380 bps compared to 1Q23

^{1.} These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period rolling chip win percentage was 3.30%. Included are the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to the customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.

Sands China Mass Market Table Update

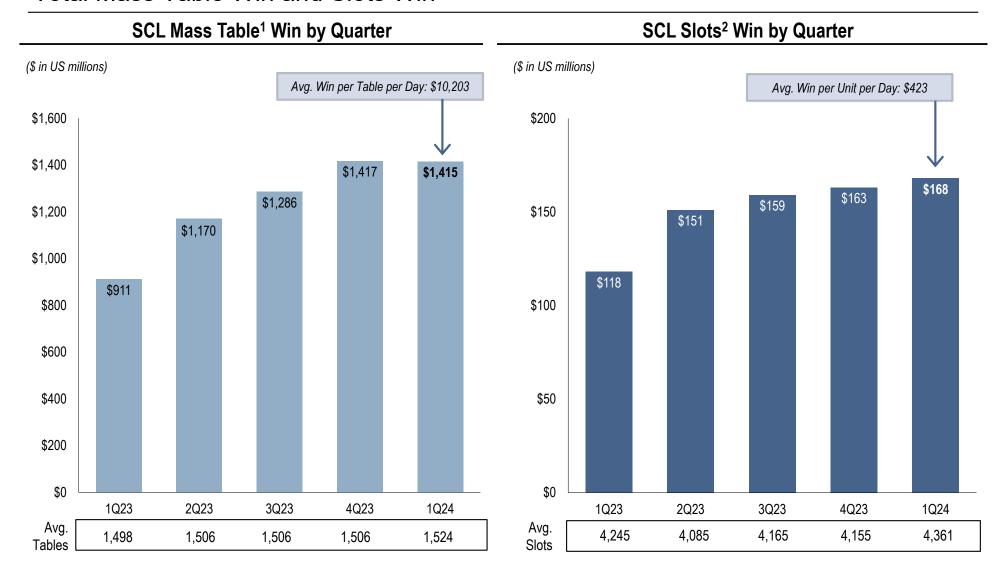
Base Mass and Premium Mass Table Win

SCL Base Mass Table Win by Quarter SCL Premium Mass Table Win by Quarter (\$ in US millions) (\$ in US millions) \$1,000 \$1,000 Avg. Win per Table per Day: \$7,559 Avg. Win per Table per Day: \$15,850 \$800 \$800 \$732 \$714 \$701 \$685 \$681 \$600 \$600 \$605 \$589 \$581 \$460 \$451 \$400 \$400 \$200 \$200 \$0 \$0 1Q23 2Q23 3Q23 4Q23 1Q24 1Q23 2Q23 3Q23 4Q23 1Q24 Avg. Avg 827 941 1,022 1,025 1,038 671 565 481 486 484 **Tables Tables**

Note: Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in China in the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed. Sands China's base mass and premium mass table revenues as presented above are based on the geographic position of non-rolling (mass) tables on the gaming floor. Some high-end mass play occurs in the base mass geographic area.

Sands China Mass Market Table and Slots Update

Total Mass Table Win and Slots Win



Note: Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in China in the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.

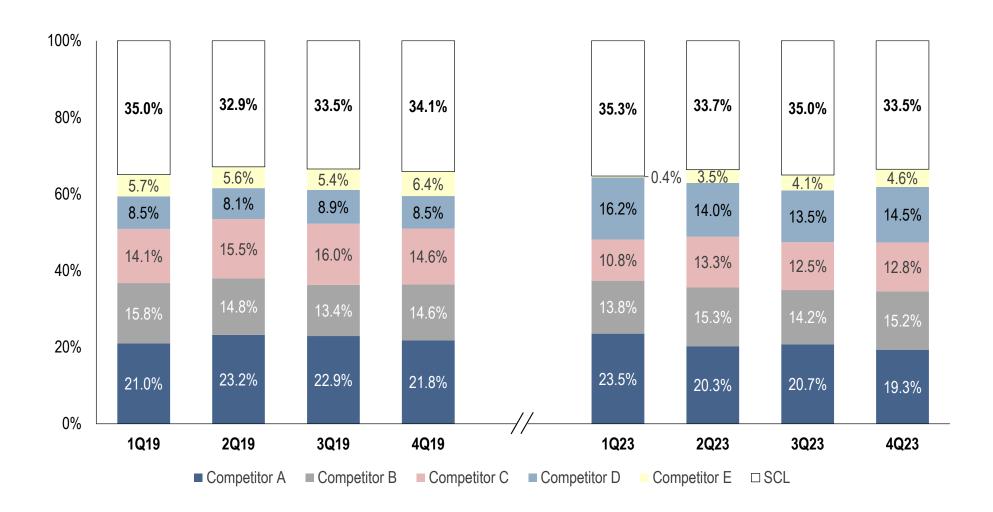


^{1.} Excludes Rolling play.

^{2.} Includes slots and electronic table games.

Macao Concessionaire Adj. Property EBITDA Share

SCL Has Consistently Generated the Dominant Share of Macao Market EBITDA



SCL has consistently generated the dominant share of Macao market EBITDA

Note: Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in China in the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed. Source: Public company filings (does not include Adj. Property EBITDA from Galaxy's City Clubs business).



Macao Market: Mass Gaming

Mass GGR Tables & Slots

Macao Market Mass Gaming Revenue (Tables & Slots) & Mass Win-per-Visit¹



Mass win in Macao reached a quarterly record \$6.2 billion as growth in travel and tourism spending continued

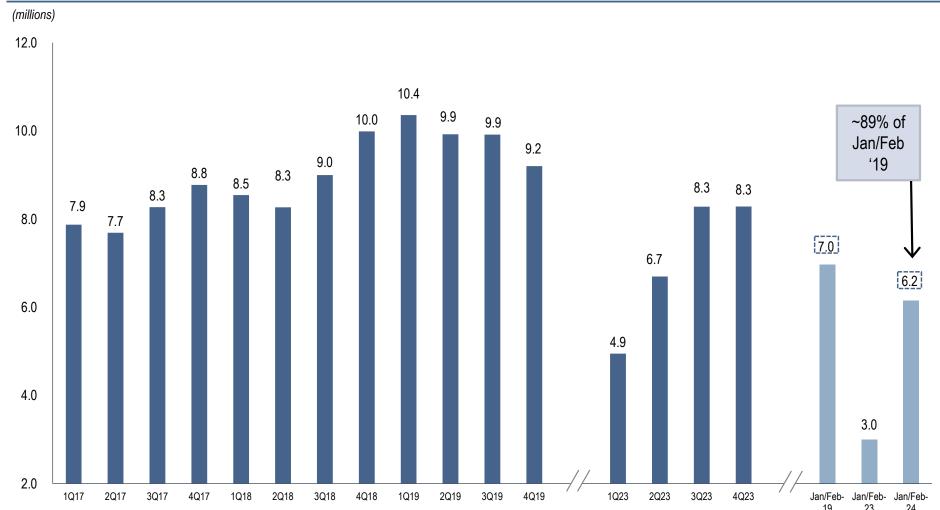
Note: Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in China in the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed. Source: Public company filings. Macao DSEC. Macao DICJ.



^{1.} Market-wide mass GGR for all periods through 4Q23 is defined as mass win (tables and slots) as reported by the casino operators in their public filings (does not include revenue from Galaxy's City Clubs business). All figures reported in Hong Kong dollars have been converted to USD using a 7.75 exchange rate. Market-wide mass GGR for 1Q24 is estimated by LVS management based on DICJ reported data and LVS management's estimated differences between DICJ reporting and win reported by operators in public filings.

Macao Market: Total Visitation





Visitation to Macao in January and February 2024 reached ~6.2 million people, ~89% of the ~7.0 million visitors for the same period in 2019

Note: Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in China in the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed. Source: Macao DSEC.

Macao Visitation and Transportation Recovery Overview

Visitation to Macao:

	January and	February Maca	ao Visitation ¹
(millions)	2019	2024	% of 2019
China, excluding Guangdong Province	2.79	2.15	77%
Guangdong Province	2.28	2.35	103%
Total China	5.06	4.51	89%
Hong Kong	1.19	1.16	97%

Air Passenger Capacity:

- Macao Airport averaged ~76% of 2019 capacity during 1Q24
- Hong Kong International Airport averaged ~72% of 2019 capacity during 1Q24

In January and February 2024 Mainland Chinese visitation¹ from outside Guangdong province was approximately 2.2 million (~77% of 2019 visitation for the same period)

March visitation data is not yet available.
 Source: Macao DSEC statistical database, Macau International Airport Co. Ltd., Sobie Aviation.

Visitation from China to Macao¹

Exclusive of Guangdong Province, Visitation² Reached 77% of 2019

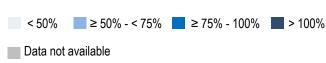
Jan. and Feb. 2024 Visitation - % of Jan. and Feb. 2019

Visitation from China to Macao^{1,2}



_	January a	nd February V	isitation	_ Populatior	GDP Per	Penetration
Province	2019	2023	% of 2019	(MM)	Capita (US\$) Rate
Shanghai	162,114	208,464	129%	25	\$26,645	0.8%
Zhejiang	171,283	184,792	108%	65	\$17,863	0.3%
Jiangsu	146,594	169,506	116%	85	\$21,518	0.2%
Beijing	97,907	148,417	152%	22	\$28,207	0.7%
Hubei	168,056	103,386	62%	58	\$13,809	0.2%
Sichuan	110,095	99,774	91%	84	\$10,065	0.1%
Fujian	146,626	87,622	60%	42	\$18,975	0.2%
Hunan	185,190	84,720	46%	66	\$10,871	0.1%
Guangxi	128,417	70,220	55%	50	\$7,787	0.1%
Shandong	61,951	67,955	110%	102	\$12,781	0.1%
Liaoning	67,634	64,774	96%	43	\$10,096	0.2%
Henan	101,896	61,812	61%	99	\$9,162	0.1%
Chongqing	61,350	52,719	86%	32	\$13,487	0.2%
Shaanxi	48,707	52,639	108%	40	\$12,304	0.1%
Anhui	55,009	49,792	91%	61	\$10,954	0.1%
Hebei	53,910	44,747	83%	75	\$8,428	0.1%
Jiangxi	76,788	42,920	56%	45	\$10,534	0.1%
Heilongjiang	63,578	42,894	67%	32	\$7,409	0.1%
Jilin	49,315	41,798	85%	24	\$8,058	0.2%
Shanxi	45,468	37,964	83%	35	\$10,899	0.1%
Tianjin	31,588	31,884	101%	14	\$17,458	0.2%
Other Provinces (Ex. GD)	754,119	405,677	54%	190	N/A	0.2%
China Excluding Guangdong	2,787,595	2,154,476	77%	1,286	\$12,401	0.2%
Guangdong	2,276,043	2,350,900	103%	126	\$15,207	1.9%
Total China	5,063,638	4,505,376	89%	1,412	\$12,651	0.3%

[%] of 2019



^{1.} Visitation figures shown exclude visitation from Hong Kong SAR.

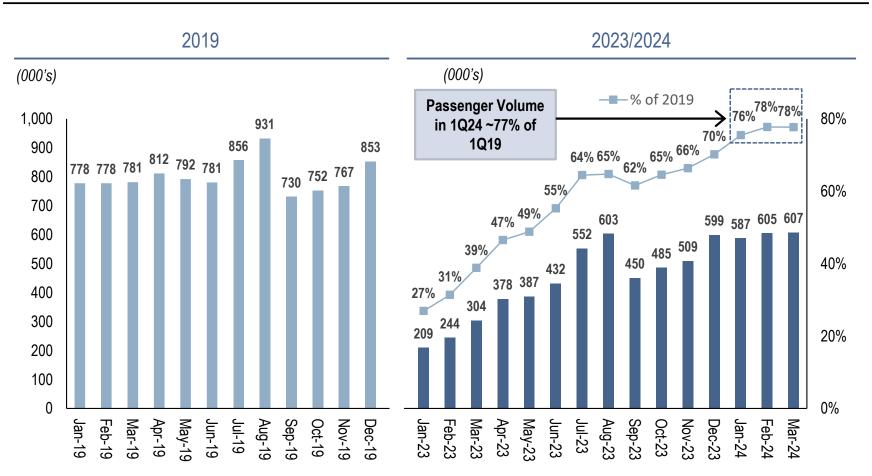
Note: Penetration rates assume that each visitor to Macao is a unique visitor. GDP per Capita defined as 2022 GDP divided by 2020 population (the latest data available). Source: Macao DSEC statistical database, National Bureau of Statistics of China.

^{2.} March visitation data is not yet available.

Sands China

Macao Airport Monthly Volume Reached 77% of 1Q19 Level in 1Q24

Macao Airport Passenger Volume



In 1Q24 the recovery in Macao Airport passenger volume averaged ~77% of the 1Q19 volume

Source: CAM/Macau International Airport Co., Ltd.

Note: Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in China in the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.



Marina Bay Sands

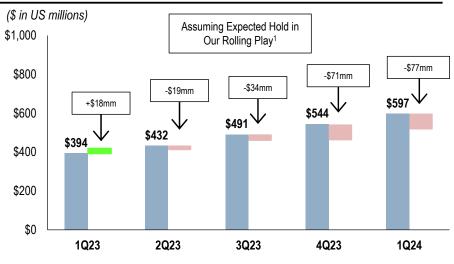


Marina Bay Sands

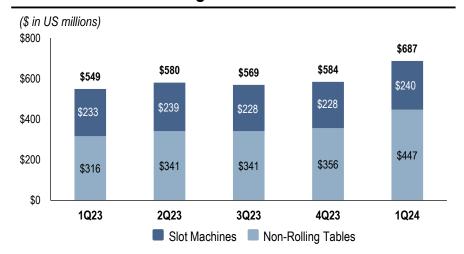
Record Financial Performance

- Adjusted Property EBITDA: \$597 million with margin of 51.6%
 - Assuming expected hold in our rolling play¹, Adjusted Property EBITDA would have been \$77 million lower
 - Assuming expected hold in our rolling play¹, Adjusted
 Property EBITDA margin: 49.1%, up 180 bps compared to 1Q23
 - Mass revenue: \$687 million
- Mass (Non-Rolling tables and slots):
 - Non-Rolling table win: \$447 million
 - Slot win: \$240 million
- Rolling volume was \$8.2 billion
 - Rolling win: \$372 million, hold percentage of 4.52%
- Occupancy: 95.0% with ADR: \$713
- Phase I of the MBS suite renovation and refurbishment program is substantially complete: 1,300 redesigned rooms including 390 suites

Adjusted Property EBITDA



Non-Rolling Table and Slot Win



^{1.} These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period rolling chip win percentage was 3.30%. Included are the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to the customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.

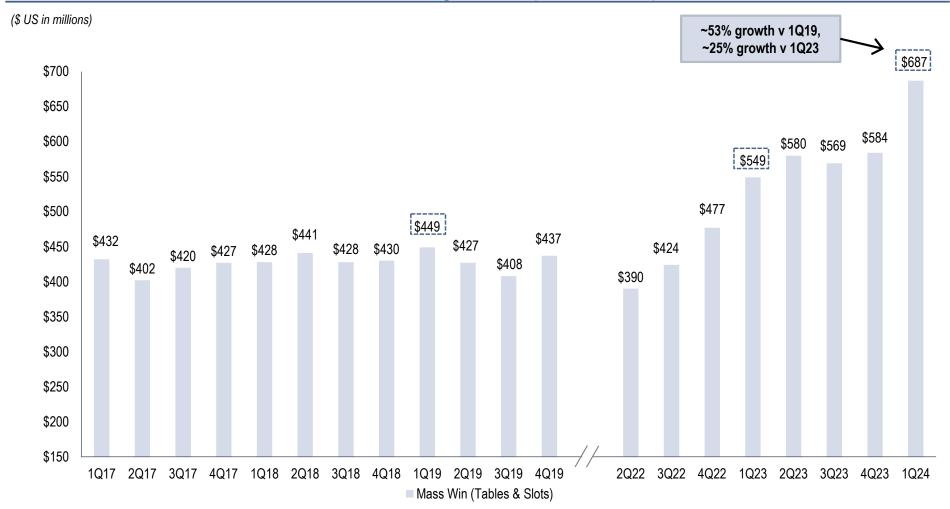
Note: Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in Singapore in the first quarter of 2020. Beginning in the second quarter of 2022, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.



Marina Bay Sands

Strong Growth in Mass Gaming Revenue (Tables & Slots)

MBS Mass Gaming Revenue (Tables & Slots)



Marina Bay Sands continues to exhibit strong growth in mass gaming

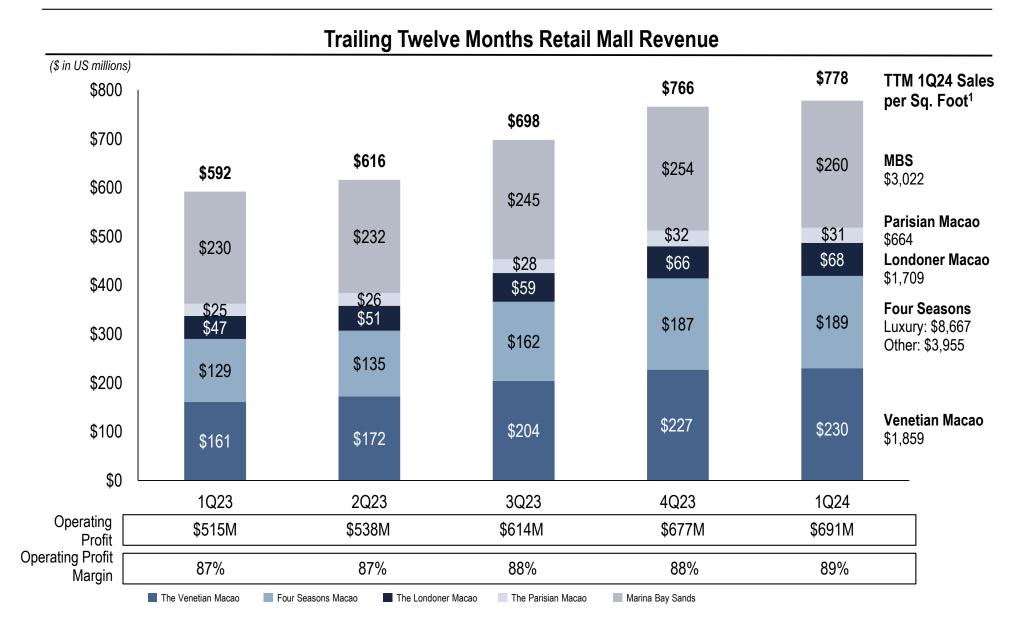
Note Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in Singapore in first quarter of 2020. Beginning in the second quarter of 2022, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.



Retail Mall Operations



Retail Mall Portfolio in Asia



^{1.} Tenant sales per square foot is the sum of reported comparable sales for the trailing 12 months divided by the comparable square footage for the same period. Only tenants that have occupied mall space for a minimum of 12 months are included in the tenant sales per square foot calculation.

Retail Mall Portfolio in Asia

Tenant Sales

(\$ per Sq. Foot, Unless Otherwise Indicated)		1Q24			Sales per Sq. Ft. ²		
_	GLA ¹ (Sq. Ft)	Occupancy % at Period End	TTM 1Q24	TTM 4Q23	TTM 3Q23	TTM 2Q23	TTM 1Q23
The Shoppes at Marina Bay Sands	615,988	99.8%	\$3,022	\$2,991	\$2,998	\$2,912	\$2,809
Shoppes at Venetian	822,315	82.0%	\$1,859	\$1,906	\$1,743	\$1,430	\$1,128
Shoppes at Four Seasons							
Luxury Retail	131,989	96.6%	\$8,667	\$9,265	\$8,422	\$7,227	\$6,068
Other Stores	131,495	87.4%	\$3,955	\$4,347	\$3,703	\$3,229	\$2,417
Shoppes at Londoner	567,013	68.6%	\$1,709	\$1,796	\$1,701	\$1,355	\$1,191
Shoppes at Parisian	296,352	68.0%	\$664	\$710	\$641	\$541	\$435

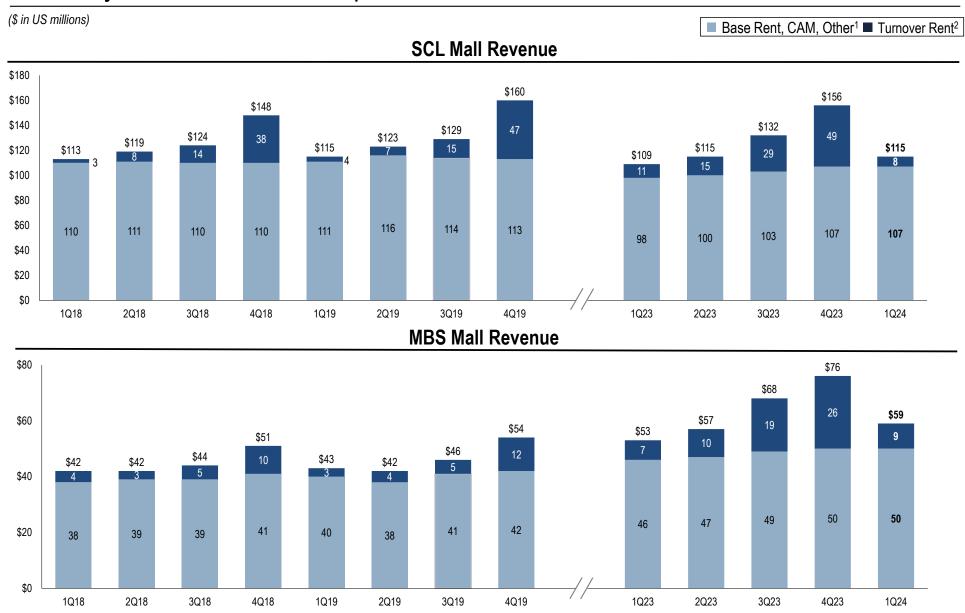
Denotes gross leasable area

^{2.} Tenant sales per square foot reflect sales from tenants only after the tenant has been open for a period of 12 months.

Note: Visitation to our malls was negatively impacted by the Covid-19 pandemic. Covid-19 related travel restrictions have been in place since the first quarter of 2020. Beginning in the second quarter of 2022 in Singapore, and in early 2023 in Macao, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.

Retail Mall Revenue

Quarterly Retail Revenue Composition - 1Q18 to 4Q19 and 1Q23 to 1Q24



^{1.} Denotes minimum rent, common area maintenance ('CAM'), levies and direct recoveries.

^{2.} Denotes turnover/overage rent.

Balance Sheet, Liquidity and Return of Capital to Shareholders



Strong Balance Sheet and Liquidity

As of March 31, 2024:

- Cash Balance¹ \$4.96 billion
- Liquidity² \$9.38 billion
- Debt \$13.94 billion
- Net Debt \$8.98 billion

Trailing Twelve Months Ended March 31, 2024:

- Adjusted Property EBITDA \$4.50 billion
- Cash Flow from Operations \$3.50 billion

(\$ in US millions)	Sands China		LVS Corp.		Total
As of March 31, 2024	Ltd.	Singapore	and Other	Eliminations ³	Consolidated
Cash and Cash Equivalents ^{1,3}	\$1,605	\$882	\$2,469	-	\$4,956
Debt ^{3,4}	8,172	2,837	3,988	(1,061)	13,936
Net Debt (Cash) ³	6,567	1,955	1,519	(1,061)	8,980
Trailing Twelve Months Adjusted Property EBITDA	2,436	2,064	-	-	4,500
Gross Debt to TTM Adjusted Property EBITDA	3.4x	1.4x	-	-	3.1x
Net Debt to TTM Adjusted Property EBITDA	2.7x	0.9x	-	-	2.0x

Excludes restricted cash.

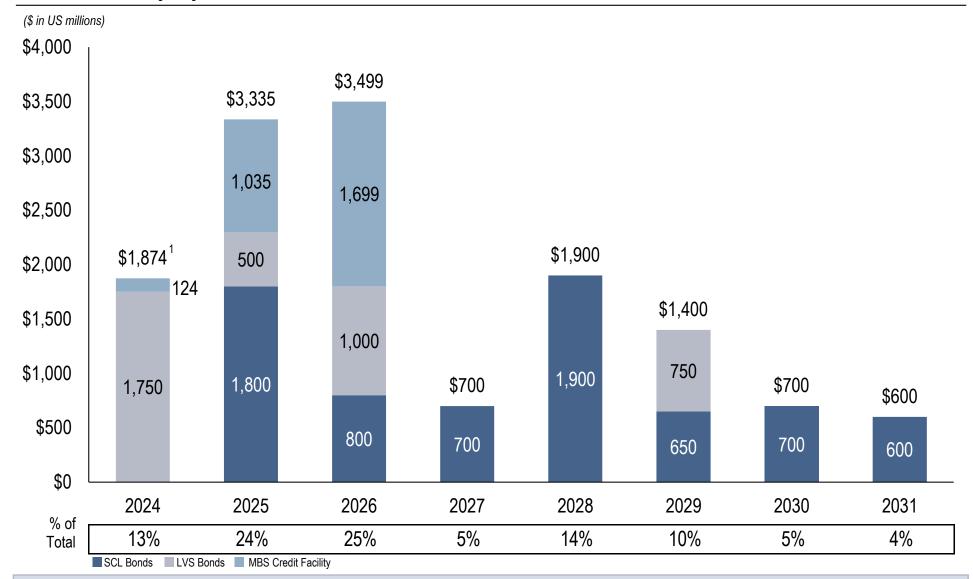
^{2.} Denotes cash plus total revolver availability.

^{3.} March 31, 2024 Sands China and 'LVS Corp. and Other' cash and debt balances reflect the \$1.06 billion inter-company term loan from LVS Corp. to Sands China, funded July 11, 2022, and due on July 11, 2028. In the first two years from July 11, 2022, SCL will have the option to elect to pay cash interest at 5% per annum or payment-in-kind interest at 6% per annum by adding the amount of such interest to the then-outstanding principal amount of the loan, following which only cash interest at 5% per annum will be payable. The loan is unsecured, subordinated to all third party unsecured indebtedness and other obligations of SCL and its subsidiaries and is eliminated in consolidation.

^{4.} Debt balances shown here are net of deferred financing costs and original issue discounts of \$71 million and exclude finance leases.

Debt Maturity Profile

Debt Maturity by Year



Efficient capital structure in place

^{1.} Amount maturing April 1 through December 31, 2024.

LVS Return of Capital

2012 - 2020

Total Capital Returned to LVS Shareholders 2012 - 2020

(\$ in US millions)										Total 20	12 - 2020
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020 ³	\$	%
LVS Share Repurchases	-	\$570	\$1,665	\$205	-	\$375	\$905	\$754	•	\$4,474	20.0%
LVS Dividends Paid ^{1,2}	824	1,153	1,610	2,074	2,290	2,310	2,352	2,367	603	15,583	69.8%
LVS Special Dividend Paid ¹	2,262	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,262	10.1%
Total Dividends	3,085	1,153	1,610	2,074	2,290	2,310	2,352	2,367	603	17,845	80.0%
Total	\$3,085	\$1,723	\$3,275	\$2,279	\$2,290	\$2,685	\$3,257	\$3,121	\$603	\$22,319	100.0%

Composition of return of capital in the period from 2012 to 2020 was 80% dividends and 20% repurchases

^{1.} Excludes dividends paid by Sands China.

^{2.} Excludes the \$2.75 per share special dividend paid in December 2012.

^{3.} The Company suspended its return of capital program at the onset of the Covid-19 pandemic and reinstated the program in the second half of 2023.

LVS Return of Capital (Cont'd)

1Q24: \$450 Million Shares of LVS Repurchased, \$151 Million in Dividends Paid

T-4-1

Total Capital Returned to LVS Shareholders 2023 – 1Q24

(\$ in US millions)

				101	tai
	3Q23	4Q23	1Q24	\$	%
LVS Share Repurchases ¹	-	\$505	\$450	\$955	67.7%
LVS Dividends Paid ²	153	152	151	456	32.3%
Total Return of Capital	\$153	\$657	\$601	\$1,411	100.0%

Capital Return Update for 1Q24

Repurchases:

- \$450 million of LVS share repurchases (8.58 million shares at a weighted average price of \$52.47) in 1Q24
- \$1.045 billion of LVS current share repurchase authorization available through November 2025

Dividends:

- Paid quarterly dividend of \$0.20 during the quarter on February 14, 2024
- The next \$0.20 quarterly dividend per share will be paid on May 15, 2024
- \$0.80 dividend on an annualized basis

Focused on enhancing shareholder returns through capital return program and shrinking shares outstanding

Note: Subsequent to quarter-end, LVS completed the purchase of ~90.5 million shares of its subsidiary Sands China Ltd. ('SCL') for \$250 million; following delivery of these shares on April 18, 2024, LVS' ownership interest in SCL will reach 71%

^{1.} LVS share repurchases were suspended at the onset of the Covid-19 pandemic and were reinstated in 4Q23.

^{2.} The guarterly dividend of \$0.20 per share was initiated in 3Q23.

Investment and Capital Expenditures



Sands China: Recent Capital Investment

Investments in Increased Capacity and Elevated Customer Experience

- Completed Investments:
 - The Londoner Macao Phase I: ~\$1.35 billion
 - Grand Suites at Four Seasons Macao: ~\$450 million
 - Londoner Court: ~\$400 million
- The Londoner Macao Phase II: ~\$1.2 billion (commenced November 2023, target to be substantially completed by Chinese New Year 2025)
 - Renovation and repositioning of the Sheraton and Conrad hotels
 - Renovation of the Pacifica casino
 - New attractions, dining, retail and entertainment offerings

Sands China: Recent Capital Investment

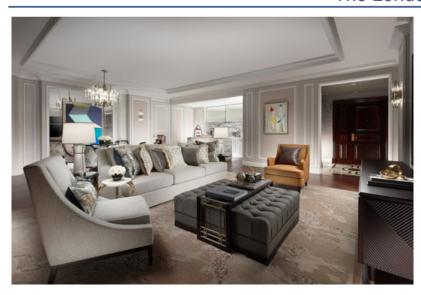
Investments in Increased Capacity and Elevated Customer Experience (Cont'd)

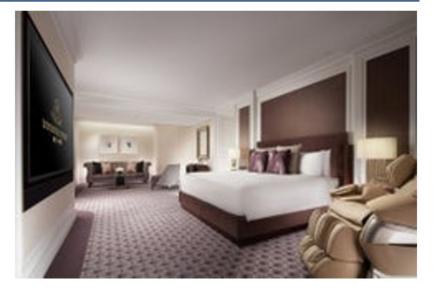
Grand Suites at Four Seasons Macao





The Londoner Macao





The Londoner Macao

Phase I Complete, Phase II Commenced in 4Q23



Phase I Amenities Open:

- Londoner Court (luxury residential style 368-suite hotel ~ one million SF of new suites)
- The Londoner Hotel (594 suites)
- Crystal Palace Atrium
- New dining, entertainment, gaming and London-themed attractions
- Suites by David Beckham
- Shakespeare's Hall Atrium in south towers
- Big Ben and Houses of Parliament external façade
- Re-themed Shoppes at Londoner
- The Londoner Arena



Phase II:

- Renovation and repositioning of the Sheraton and Conrad hotels
- Renovation of the Pacifica casino
- Creation of new dining, retail and entertainment offerings
- Introduction of new health and wellness experiences







The Londoner Macao has significantly elevated our market-leading Macao property portfolio; further capital investment will continue to enhance our product offerings and the customer experience

Long-Term Commitment to Macao

~\$4.5 billion of investment commitment through 2032 (~92% non-gaming)

	10-Year C	ommitment					
(\$ in US millions)							
Capital		Operating					
Capex Commitment	~\$3,400	Operating Commitment	~\$1,100				
Total Capital Investment Commitment	~\$3,400	Total Operating Investment Commitment	~\$1,100				
- MICE Expansion - Podium Development Adjacent to Venetia	an Expo	- Increasing International Visitation including MICE					
- Themed Attractions Including a new garden-themed attraction	on in the	- Sporting Events					
current Le Jardin (Tropical Garden) adjacent to The Londor	ner	- Entertainment, Arts & Culture					
- Investment in upgrades in MICE and Entertainment facilities		- Community Tourism					
- Investment in new F&B and Health & Wellness amenities							
Total Capital and C	Operating Ir	nvestment Commitment ~\$4,500					

Capital and operating investment commitments of ~\$4.5 billion over the 10-year concession period

Marina Bay Sands: Recent Capital Investment

Elevation of hotel towers, premium gaming areas, public spaces, lifestyle experiences

Renovation and Refurbishment Program to elevate and enhance room and suite product and conduct refurbishments to
increase Singapore's business and leisure tourism appeal and tailor our service offerings to the region's most valuable and
discerning visitors seeking immersive travel experiences

Phase I:

~\$1.0 billion including introduction of 1,300 redesigned rooms, including 390 suites, substantially completed

Phase II:

- ~\$750 million (to be completed in phases through 2024 and 2025)
- Additional 550 redesigned rooms, including 380 new suites, in service by CNY 2025
- Introduction of other enhancements to gaming, dining, entertainment and retail offerings
- At completion of both phases, the resort will feature 1,850 redesigned rooms, including 770 suites

Enhanced suite product: 390 suites completed at 1Q24 which will increase to 770 suites by Chinese New Year 2025

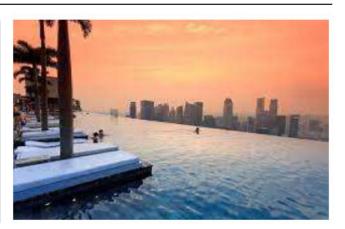
Marina Bay Sands

Phase I Substantially Completed, Phase II To Be Completed in Phases Through 2025



MBS Renovation Phase II:

- Hotel Tower 3 introduction of redesigned rooms and suites (completed by CNY 2025)
- Lobby and VIP arrival renovation
- Skypark amenities
- Additional F&B/dining options
- Spa and wellness facilities



MBS Renovation Phase I - Completed:

- Hotel Towers 1 and 2 introduction of redesigned rooms and suites
- Premium gaming
- Tower gaming
- Paiza Sky Club
- Premium F&B / Retail Offerings









Marina Bay Sands Renovation Program

Introduction of New Suites and Amenities Continues





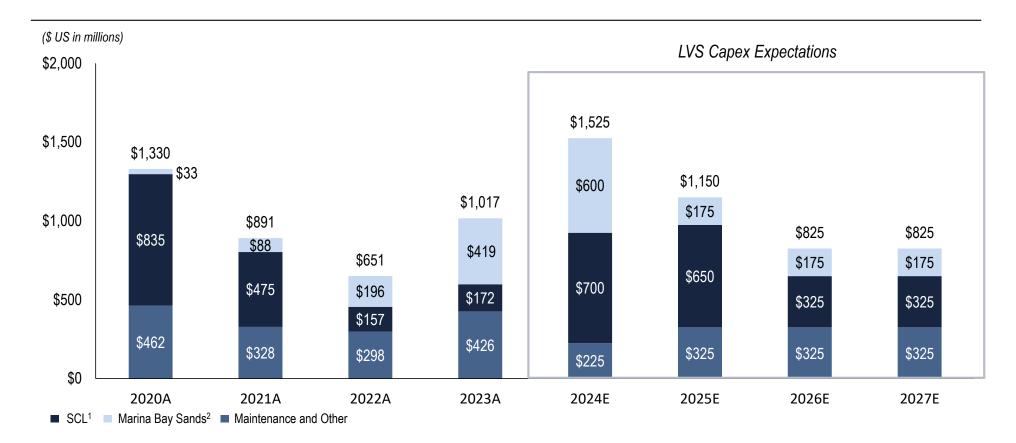






Marina Bay Sands has now substantially completed the introduction of 1,300 redesigned rooms for Phase I, including 390 new suites, as well as additional dining, entertainment and retail offerings

Capital Expenditures Expectations



- Investment in high quality assets drives revenue growth
- Scale of assets creates competitive advantage

Capital expenditures include investments to enhance our industry-leading portfolio of Integrated Resorts in Macao and Singapore

Note: This presentation reflects amounts spent for The Venetian Resort Las Vegas prior to 2022.

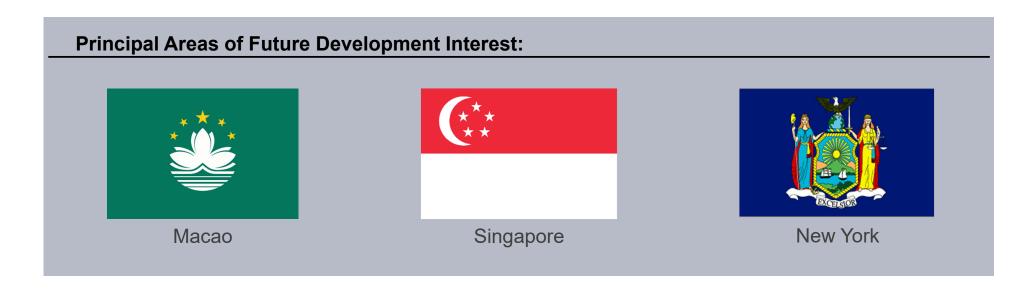
^{1.} Includes SCL capex commitment related to new concession, through 2032 (~\$2.7bn), and additional capex commitments (~\$0.7bn) at a Macao market GGR ~\$22.5bn.

^{2.} Excludes future costs associated with the MBS expansion - the budget and timing of the MBS expansion are subject to revision based upon the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic and other factors. Project costs are expected to meaningfully exceed the initial \$3.3 billion estimates, inclusive of land, that were made in 2019, due to inflation, the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic, higher labor and material costs, and other factors. Until a final program is approved, the related future capital expenditure has been excluded from the estimates above.

Disciplined Execution of Our Global Growth Strategy

Focused on the Most Promising Global Development Opportunities

- Uniquely positioned to bring our unmatched track record and powerful convention-based business model to the world's most promising Integrated Resort development opportunities
- Balance sheet strength designed to support future large-scale development projects
- Development opportunity objectives:
 - Target minimum of 20% return on total invested capital
 - 25% 35% of total project costs to be funded with equity (project financing to fund 65% 75% of total project costs)



Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG)



Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG)

Industry Leading ESG Platform

- LVS is committed to providing leadership in ESG through collaboration with Team Members, guests, small and medium enterprises, and community organizations where we operate
- Minimizing our environmental impact, practicing good governance, operating with integrity and being an employer of choice are fundamental to the way we conduct our business
- Our industry-leading ESG program is structured around three pillars:
 - People
 - Communities
 - Planet
- Our governance structure supports our commitment to operating our business ethically and with accountability
- Our 2023 ESG Report is available at <u>www.sands.com</u>
- LVS' ESG Report includes data disclosure in formats that conform with the reporting requirements of the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)

LVS has a demonstrated, long-term commitment to our ESG platform. Our 2023 ESG Report provides detail on the key components of our program and our ESG performance data

Sustainability Awards and Certifications

Recognized by Independent Third Parties as a Global Leader in Sustainability

Member of

Dow Jones Sustainability Indices

Powered by the S&P Global CSA







Highlights:

- In 2023, Sands was named to the Dow Jones Sustainability Indices (DJSI) on DJSI World for the fourth consecutive year and DJSI North America for the sixth consecutive year
- Sands continued disclosure to CDP, the gold standard of environmental reporting, earning A- scores for both CDP Climate Change and Water Security in 2023
- In 2023, Sands was awarded Prime status by ISS for Corporate ESG Performance
- Sands was named one of Fortune's World's Most Admired Companies in 2024
- Sands was included in Newsweek's America's Most Responsible Companies 2024 for the third consecutive year

Sustainability Awards and Certifications (Cont'd)

Recognized by Independent Third Parties as a Global Leader in Sustainability

Las Vegas Sands

Dow Jones Sustainability Index, North America (2015, 2016, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023)

Dow Jones Sustainability Index, World (2020, 2021, 2022, 2023)

CDP Climate A List (2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021)

CDP Water A List (2018, 2019, 2020, 2021)

FTSE4Good (2019, 2021, 2022, 2023)

Fortune's Most Admired Companies (2015, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2024)

Newsweek's Most Responsible Companies (2022, 2023, 2024)

Singapore

LEED Platinum for Building Operations and Maintenance Sands Expo and Convention Center at Marina Bay Sands (since 2019)

LEED Platinum for Building Operations and Maintenance ArtScience Museum at Marina Bay Sands (since 2024, Gold since 2018)

Singapore BCA Green Mark Platinum Marina Bay Sands (since 2015)

Global Sustainable Tourism Council Industry Criteria *Marina Bay Sands (2023)*

EIC Sustainable Events Platinum

Sands Expo and Convention Center (2022, Gold since 2020)

Enabling Mark Platinum

Marina Bay Sands (since 2021)

Health Venue Gold

Marina Bay Sands (2022)

ISO 20121 Event Sustainability Management

Sands Expo and Convention Center at Marina Bay Sands (since 2014)

ISO 45001 Occupational Health and Safety Management

ISO 27001 Global Cyber Security Operation and Vulnerability Management

Macao

Dow Jones Sustainability Index, Asia Pacific (2021, 2022, 2023)

Dow Jones Sustainability Index, World (2022, 2023)

FTSE4Good

(2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023)

LEED Silver for Building Design and Construction
The Parisian Macao (2019)

Macao Green Hotel Gold

The Venetian Macao (2020), The Parisian Macao (2020), Four Seasons Macao (2020), The Londoner Macao (2022), Sands Macao (2021)

ISO 20121 Event Sustainability Management
The Venetian Macao, The Parisian Macao (since 2014)

ISO 45001 Occupational Health and Safety Management

ISO 27001 Global Cyber Security Operation and Vulnerability Management

Hong Kong Business Sustainability Index (2019, 2020, 2021, 2022)

Greater Bay Area Business Sustainability Index (2019, 2020, 2021, 2022)

Greater China Business Sustainability Index (2020, 2021, 2022)

Hotel Business Sustainability Index (2020, 2021, 2022)

Global (Asia-Pacific) Business Sustainability Index (2022)

Appendices

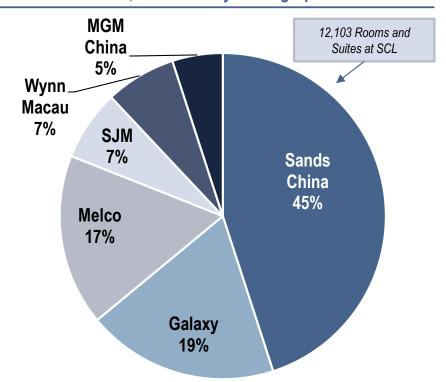


Market Leading Hotel Capacity

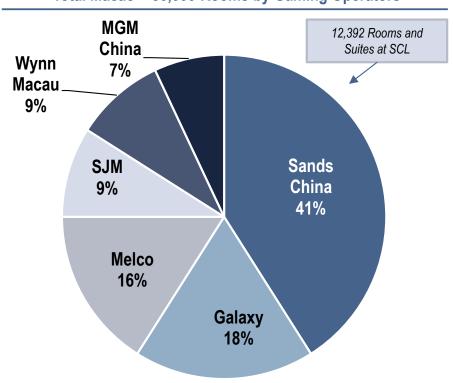
SCL is the Leader in Macao Hotel Room and Suite Inventory

Macao Market 4/5 Star Hotel Rooms at March 31, 2024¹ – Gaming Operators

Cotai ~ 27,000 Rooms by Gaming Operators



Total Macao ~ 30,000 Rooms by Gaming Operators



With a market-leading ~US\$16 billion of investment, SCL hotel inventory represents ~41% of concessionaire hotel rooms and ~45% of hotel rooms on Cotai

^{1.} See slide 61 titled 'Market-Leading Hotel Capacity at SCL' for further detail. Source: Public company filings, Macao DSEC, Macao Government Tourism Office.

Sands China Market Leadership

Leadership in Macao

Investment

- ~\$16 billion through December 31, 2023
- Approximately 30 million square feet of interconnected facilities on Cotai

Hotel Inventory

- ~12,000 rooms and suites
- ~45% of hotel inventory on Cotai

Retail

- ~1.9 million square feet of gross leasable retail
- Revenue of \$518 million as of TTM March 31, 2024

Entertainment

- The Macao leader in entertainment more seats, shows and venues than any other operator
- The Cotai Arena is the most important entertainment venue in Macao, featuring 15,000 seats

MICE

- The Macao leader in convention and group meetings
- ~70% of all MICE square footage in Macao is owned and operated by Sands China

Expansion and Reinvestment

- 289 suites in the Grand Suites at Four Seasons Macao opened October 2020 (~1 million SF of suite product)
- 368 suites in Londoner Court opened September 2021 (~1.0 million SF of suite product)
- The re-themed Londoner Macao introduced a third European-themed iconic destination resort on Cotai with additional MICE, retail, entertainment and luxurious suite offerings throughout 2021 and 2022
- Renovation and repositioning of the Sheraton and Conrad hotels, Pacifica Casino; introduction of new retail, dining, entertainment and health and wellness experiences commenced in 4Q23 and will be substantially completed by Chinese New Year 2025

Sands China Market Leadership

Continued Expansion of Market-Leading Cotai Strip Property Portfolio





Marina Bay Sands, Singapore

Contributing to Economic Growth and Enhancing the Tourism Appeal of Singapore

Marina Bay Sands Existing Integrated Resort

- Contributed to economic growth and to Singapore's appeal as an exciting global city
- Delivered iconic architecture to Singapore's CBD area
- MBS is central to the MICE business in Singapore with record 2019 MICE revenues; MBS hosted more than 3,000 events in 2019
- Created thousands of jobs for Singaporeans (MBS employed >10,000 FTE's in 2020, 2021 and 2022)
- Procurement and sourcing focused on Singapore-based SME's

Marina Bay Sands Expansion

- Further enhance MBS' status as an iconic architectural landmark.
- Provide suite product that is unparalleled in Southeast Asia
- Introduce a 'state-of-the-art' arena designed for live musical performances that can attract the highest-caliber global entertainment events and artists to Singapore
- Extend the success of Singapore as a MICE destination
- Ensure MBS is positioned to grow its economic, employment and visitation contributions to Singapore in the years ahead

MBS announced design and program enhancements to its expansion project - construction of the project¹ is targeted to begin by July 2025 and be completed in 2029

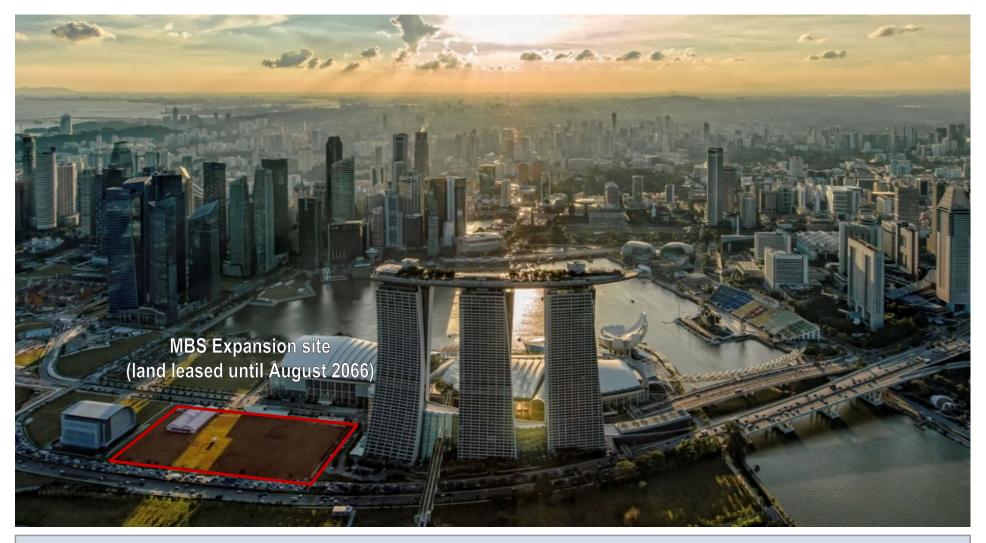
Subject to planning approval

Luxurious New Hotel, Entertainment, MICE and Retail Offerings

Las Vegas Sands entered into a development agreement with the Singapore government in April 2019 to expand Marina Bay Sands

- Iconic New Luxury Hotel Tower:
 - All-suite room product designed to set a new standard of luxury in the region.
 - Sky roof with a swimming pool and other tourism attractions
- State-of-the-art arena designed specifically for live musical performances; seating for at least 15,000
- Additional MICE capacity (meeting and function rooms, exhibition halls)
- Luxury retail

Note: The budget and timing of the MBS expansion are subject to revision based upon the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic and other factors. Project costs are expected to meaningfully exceed the initial \$3.3 billion estimates, inclusive of land, that were made in 2019, due to inflation, the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic, higher labor and material costs, and other factors.



A Development Agreement with the Singapore Tourism Board will allow an expansion of Marina Bay Sands

Artistic Impression



Design, development and programming work remain ongoing, with a focus on increasing the leisure and business tourism appeal of Singapore and Marina Bay Sands

Note: Image above denotes preliminary artistic impression which is subject to change.

Macao Market Background and Infrastructure Slides



Market-Leading ~\$16 Billion of Investment Through 2023

Investing in Macao's Future as a Leisure & Business Tourism Destination

- Industry-leading Integrated Resort portfolio
 - Portfolio of ~12,000 rooms and suites
 - ~2.0 million square feet of new luxurious hotel suite inventory introduced in 2020 and 2021
- Additional entertainment and tourism offerings of The Londoner Macao introduced throughout period from 2021 through Chinese New Year 2025
- Conference, exhibition and carpeted meeting space: ~1.7 million sq. feet
- World-class entertainment and events (two arenas with ~21,000 seats, four theaters with an additional ~5,350 seats)
- World class shopping: ~1.9 million sq. feet¹

Our Integrated Resort offerings appeal to a broad set of customers including the most discerning and valuable customers seeking immersive travel experiences

Macao's Long-Term Growth Opportunity

Business & Leisure Tourism Drivers

Future growth drivers

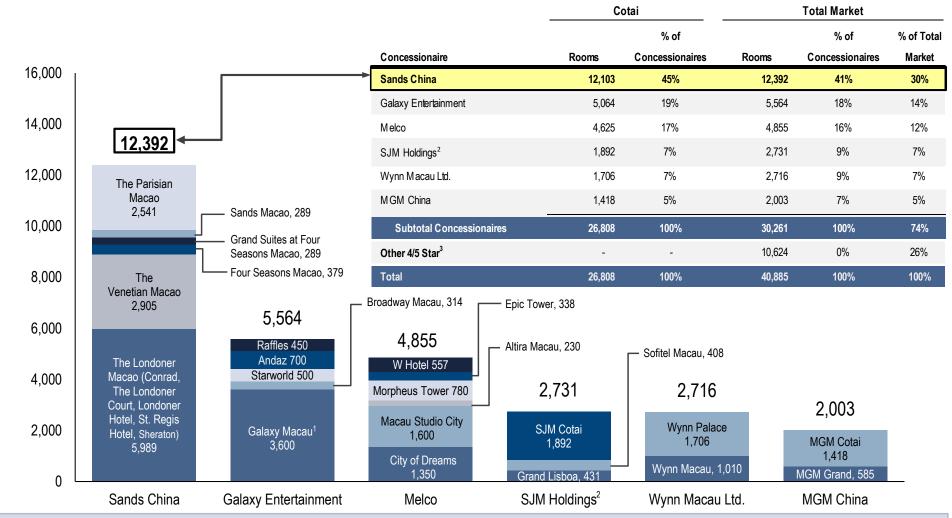
- More efficient and affordable transportation infrastructure
- Greater number of hotel rooms, luxury suite offerings, MICE and nongaming offerings in Macao
- Additional tourism attractions and amenities in Macao and Hengqin Island
- Rapidly expanding emerging affluent and luxury consumer class with growing disposable income and demand for immersive travel and tourism experiences

As a result, Macao's visitors will

- Come from further away
- Stay longer
- Spend more on
 - Lodging
 - MICE Events
 - Retail
 - Dining
 - Entertainment

Market Leading Hotel Capacity at SCL

Macao Market 4/5 Star Hotel Rooms at March 31, 2024



With a market-leading ~US\$16 billion of investment, SCL hotel inventory represents ~45% of hotel rooms on Cotai

^{1.} Reflects the opening of Galaxy Phase I and Phase II.

^{2.} Reflects only SJM Holdings owned hotels.

^{3.} In addition to the hotel rooms that are owned by gaming operators, there are approximately 10,624 additional four- and five-star hotel rooms owned by non-gaming operators in Macao at March 31, 2024. Source: Public company fillings, Macao DSEC, Macao Government Tourism Office.

Supplemental Data



Macao Market: Mass Gaming Revenue

Macao Market Mass Gaming Revenue

(\$ in US millions)		Mass W	in (Tables an	d Slots) ¹	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
2019	\$5,440	\$5,356	\$5,523	\$5,608	\$21,927
Growth ('19 v '18)	9.8%	10.6%	13.5%	6.8%	10.1%
2022 ²	\$1,779	\$890	\$621	\$1,157	\$4,447
Growth ('22 v '21)	-14.2%	-62.0%	-64.6%	-42.7%	-45.7%
2023 ²	\$3,715	\$4,730	\$5,350	\$5,936	\$19,732
Growth ('23 v '22)	108.8%	431.4%	761.6%	413.1%	343.7%
2024 ²	\$6,174 ³				
Growth ('24 v '23)	66.2%				
% of 2019	113.5%				

Macao market-wide mass GGR reached ~\$6.2 billion in 1Q24 (~113% of 1Q19)

^{1.} Market-wide mass GGR for all periods through 4Q23 is defined as mass win (tables and slots) as reported by the casino operators in their public filings (does not include revenue from Galaxy's City Clubs business). All figures reported in Hong Kong dollars have been converted to USD using a 7.75 exchange rate.

^{2.} Covid-19 related travel restrictions have been in place in China since the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.

^{3.} Market-wide mass GGR for 1Q24 is estimated by LVS management based on DICJ reported data and LVS management's estimated differences between DICJ reporting and win reported by operators in public filings. Source: Public company filings, Macao DICJ.

Macao Market: VIP Gaming Revenue

Macao Market VIP Gaming Revenue

(\$ in US millions)			VIP Win ¹		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
2019	\$3,892	\$3,640	\$3,173	\$3,301	\$14,006
Growth ('19 v '18)	-12.1%	-13.5%	-26.0%	-25.2%	-19.2%
2022 ²	\$372	\$140	\$76	\$129	\$717
Growth ('22 v '21)	-54.5%	-82.0%	-86.1%	-61.5%	-71.1%
2023 ²	\$581	\$876	\$723	\$757	\$2,936
Growth ('23 v '22)	56.2%	525.7%	849.2%	486.8%	309.6%
2024 ²	\$917 ³				
Growth ('24 v '23)	57.9%				
% of 2019	23.6%				

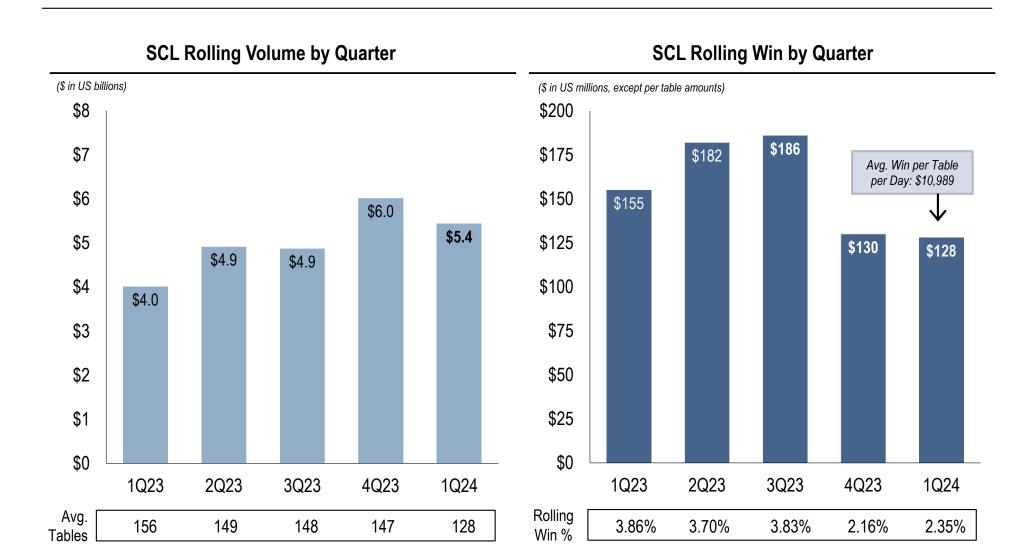
Macao Market VIP revenue ~24% of 2019 level in 1Q24

^{1.} Market-wide VIP GGR for all periods through 4Q23 is defined as rolling win as reported by the casino operators in their public fillings (does not include revenue from Galaxy's City Clubs business). All figures reported in Hong Kong dollars have been converted to USD using a 7.75 exchange rate.

^{2.} Covid-19 related travel restrictions have been in place in China since the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.

^{3.} Market-wide VIP GGR for 1Q24 is estimated by LVS management based on DICJ reported data and LVS management's estimated differences between DICJ reporting and win reported by operators in public filings. Source: Public company filings, Macao DICJ.

Sands China VIP Table Metrics



Sands China rolling volume in 1Q24 reached ~\$5.4 billion and rolling win was ~\$128 million

Note: Covid-19 related travel restrictions have been in place in China since the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.



Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures and Other Financial Information



Non-GAAP Reconciliation

Net Income to Consolidated Adjusted Property EBITDA

(\$ in US millions)

	1Q23	2Q23	3Q23	4Q23	1Q24
Net income	\$145	\$368	\$449	\$469	\$583
Add (deduct):					
Income tax expense	50	49	122	123	17
Other (income) expense	35	(14)	(4)	(9)	6
Interest expense, net of amounts capitalized	218	210	200	190	182
Interest income	(70)	(76)	(79)	(63)	(71)
Loss on disposal or impairment of assets	14	4	4	5	14
Amortization of leasehold interests in land	14	14	15	15	16
Depreciation and amortization	274	288	313	333	320
Development expense	42	54	44	65	53
Pre-opening expense	2	8	3	2	3
Stock-based compensation	11	8	6	4	6
Corporate expense	57	60	49	64	78
Consolidated Adjusted Property EBITDA	\$792	\$973	\$1,122	\$1,198	\$1,207

Non-GAAP Measures

Adjusted Net Income

(\$ in US millions)	Three Months Ended March 31,					
	2024	2023				
Net income attributable to LVS	\$494	\$147				
Pre-opening expense	3	2				
Development expense	53	42				
Loss on disposal or impairment of assets	14	14				
Other expense	6	35				
Income tax impact on net income adjustments ¹	(11)	(8)				
Noncontrolling interest impact on net income adjustments	7	(15)				
Adjusted net income from continuing operations attributable to LVS	\$566	\$217				

^{1.} The income tax impact for each adjustment is derived by applying the effective tax rate, including current and deferred income tax expense, based upon the jurisdiction and the nature of the adjustment.

Non-GAAP Measures

Adjusted Earnings per Diluted Share

(\$ in per share amounts)	Three Mon Marcl	
	2024	2023
Per diluted share of common stock:		
Net income attributable to LVS	\$0.66	\$0.19
Pre-opening expense	-	-
Development expense	0.07	0.05
Loss on disposal or impairment of assets	0.02	0.02
Other expense	0.01	0.05
Income tax impact on net income adjustments ¹	(0.02)	(0.01)
Noncontrolling interest impact on net income adjustments	0.01	(0.02)
Adjusted earnings per diluted share from continuing operations	\$0.75	\$0.28
Weighted average diluted shares outstanding (in millions)	752	766



^{1.} The income tax impact for each adjustment is derived by applying the effective tax rate, including current and deferred income tax expense, based upon the jurisdiction and the nature of the adjustment.

Non-GAAP Reconciliation

Trailing Twelve Month Supplemental Schedule

\$ in US millions)	1Q23	2Q23	3Q23	4Q23	1Q24	TTM 1Q24
Cash Flows From Operations	\$441	\$941	\$839	\$1,006	\$714	\$3,500
Adjust for:		·	·		·	. ,
(Provision for) recovery of credit losses	6	(5)	(3)	(2)	(11)	(21)
Foreign exchange gains (losses)	(37)	13	9	8	(5)	25
Other non-cash items	1	(17)	(33)	(53)	9	(94)
Changes in working capital	36	(258)	(31)	(137)	226	(200)
Add: Stock-based compensation expense	11	8	6	4	6	24
Add: Corporate expense	57	60	49	64	78	251
Add: Pre-opening and development expense	44	62	47	67	56	232
Add: Interest expense, net of amounts capitalized	218	210	200	190	182	782
Add: Interest and other (income) expense	(35)	(90)	(83)	(72)	(65)	(310)
Add: Income tax expense	50	49	122	123	17	311
LVS Consolidated Adjusted Property EBITDA	\$792	\$973	\$1,122	\$1,198	\$1,207	\$4,500
Adjusted Property EBITDA						
Macao: The Venetian Macao	\$210	\$252	\$290	\$302	\$314	\$1,158
The Londoner Macao	φ210 56	Ψ252 103	φ290 167	φ302 190	η314 172	φ1,136 632
The Parisian Macao	46	74	81	68	71	294
The Plaza Macao and Four Seasons Macao	75	91	71	71	36	269
Sands Macao	10	15	17	17	12	61
Ferries and Other	10	6	5	6	5	22
Macao Operations	398	541	631	654	610	2,436
madad Operations	330	J T 1	001	UUT	010	۷,۳۵۵
Marina Bay Sands	394	432	491	544	597	2,064
LVS Consolidated Adjusted Property EBITDA	\$792	\$973	\$1,122	\$1,198	\$1,207	\$4,500

Supplemental Information

1Q24 and 1Q23

(\$ in US millions)				Three Mo	onths Ended Mare	ch 31, 2024			
	Operating Income (Loss)	Depreciation and Amortization	Amortization of Leasehold Interests in Land	Loss on Disposal or Impairment of Assets	Pre-Opening and Development Expense	Royalty Fees	Stock-Based Compensation	Corporate Expense	Adjusted Property EBITDA
Macao:									
The Venetian Macao	\$255	\$35	\$1	\$8	-	\$12	\$3	-	\$314
The Londoner Macao	57	100	2	3	=	9	1	=	172
The Parisian Macao	33	32	1	-	-	4	1	-	71
The Plaza Macao and Four Seasons Macao	15	18	1	-	=	2	=	-	36
Sands Macao	6	5	-	-	-	1	-	-	12
Ferry Operations and Other	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Macao Operations	368	193	5	11	-	28	5	-	610
Marina Bay Sands	427	119	9	3	3	35	1	-	597
Other Development	(56)	1	2	-	53	-	-	-	-
Corporate and Other	(22)	7	=	-	=	(63)	-	78	-
	\$717	\$320	\$16	\$14	\$56	-	\$6	\$78	\$1,207

				Three Mo	onths Ended Mar	ch 31, 2023			
	Operating Income (Loss)	Depreciation and Amortization	Amortization of Leasehold Interests in Land	Loss on Disposal or Impairment of Assets	Pre-Opening and Development Expense	Royalty Fees	Stock-Based Compensation	Corporate Expense	Adjusted Property EBITDA
Macao:									
The Venetian Macao	\$156	\$38	\$2	-	-	\$9	\$5	-	\$210
The Londoner Macao	(37)	84	2	1	-	4	2	-	56
The Parisian Macao	4	33	-	5	-	3	1	-	46
The Plaza Macao and Four Seasons Macao	48	23	1	-	-	2	1	-	75
Sands Macao	2	6	-	-	-	1	1	-	10
Ferry Operations and Other	(2)	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Macao Operations	171	187	5	6	-	19	10	-	398
Marina Bay Sands	264	81	9	8	2	29	1	-	394
Other Development	(42)	-	-	-	42	-	-	-	-
Corporate and Other	(15)	6	-	=	-	(48)	-	57	=
	\$378	\$274	\$14	\$14	\$44	-	\$11	\$57	\$792

Impact of Hold-Adjustment

(\$ in US millions)	1Q19	2Q19	3Q19	4Q19	1Q20	2Q20	3Q20	4Q20	1Q21	2Q21	3Q21	4Q21	1Q22	2Q22	3Q22	4Q22	1Q23	2Q23	3Q23	4Q23	1Q24
	10(13	2010			1920	<u> </u>		1020	10(21		- UQZ		IQLL	LULL	- UQLL	TOLL	1920		- 00,20		·
Macao Operations ¹																					
Net Revenues	\$2,334	\$2,147	\$2,112	\$2,241	\$814	\$47	\$171	\$675	\$777	\$855	\$616	\$649	\$551	\$374	\$258	\$444	\$1,279	\$1,628	\$1,789	\$1,863	\$1,811
Impact of hold-adjustment ²	(27)	(21)	19	(43)	25	47	(10)	44	(46)	(43)	-	24	(12)	(22)	(10)	(10)	(22)	(19)	(25)	68	52
Adjusted Property EBITDA	858	765	755	811	67	(312)	(233)	47	100	132	32	74	(11)	(110)	(152)	(51)	398	541	631	654	610
Impact of hold-adjustment ²	(13)	(13)	2	(22)	17	27	(7)	23	(25)	(19)	(4)	15	(7)	(13)	(6)	(6)	(13)	(11)	(15)	40	31
•																					
Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin	36.8%	35.6%	35.7%	36.2%	8.2%	n/m	n/m	7.0%	12.9%	15.4%	5.2%	11.4%	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	31.1%	33.2%	35.3%	35.1%	33.7%
Impact of hold-adjustment ²	-0.2%	-0.2%	-0.2%	-0.3%	1.8%	n/m	n/m	2.7%	-2.6%	-1.5%	-0.7%	1.8%	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	-0.5%	-0.3%	-0.4%	0.8%	0.7%
	36.6%	35.4%	35.5%	35.9%	10.0%	n/m	n/m	9.7%	10.3%	13.9%	4.5%	13.2%	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	30.6%	32.9%	34.9%	35.9%	34.4%
Marina Bay Sands																					
Net Revenues	767	\$688	\$793	\$853	\$612	\$23	\$281	\$345	\$426	\$327	\$249	\$368	\$399	\$679	\$756	\$682	\$848	\$925	\$1,015	\$1,061	\$1,158
Impact of hold-adjustment ²	12	57	(49)	(50)	(15)	2	(14)	3	(34)	(19)	(4)	(39)	-	(52)	(11)	144	23	(24)	(44)	(91)	(99)
Adjusted Property EBITDA	423	346	435	457	282	(113)	70	144	144	112	15	177	121	319	343	273	394	432	491	544	597
Impact of hold-adjustment ²	10	46	(39)	(40)	(12)	1	(11)	2	(28)	(15)	(3)	(32)	-	(41)	(9)	113	18	(19)	(34)	(71)	(77)
Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin	55.1%	50.3%	54.9%	53.6%	46.1%	n/m	24.9%	41.7%	33.8%	34.3%	6.0%	48.1%	30.3%	47.0%	45.4%	40.0%	46.5%	46.7%	48.4%	51.3%	51.6%
Impact of hold-adjustment ²	0.5%	2.3%	-1.7%	-1.7%	-0.9%	n/m	-2.8%	0.3%	-4.2%	-2.8%	-1.1%	-4.0%	0.0%	-2.7%	-0.6%	6.7%	0.8%	-0.9%	-1.3%	-2.5%	-2.5%
	55.6%	52.6%	53.2%	51.9%	45.2%	n/m	22.1%	42.0%	29.6%	31.5%	4.9%	44.1%	30.3%	44.3%	44.8%	46.7%	47.3%	45.8%	47.1%	48.8%	49.1%

^{1.} Macao operations reflect amounts from The Venetian Macao, The Londoner Macao, The Parisian Macao, The Plaza Macao and Four Seasons Macao, Sands Macao and Ferry Operations and Other.

^{2.} These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period rolling chip win percentage was 3.30%. Included are the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to the customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.

Note: Beginning with the fourth quarter of 2023, we are no longer reporting quarterly "consolidated hold-normalized Adjusted Property EBITDA," "hold-normalized Adjusted Property EBITDA" for Macao operations and Marina Bay Sands, and "hold-normalized Adjusted Net Income (Loss) from continuing operations attributable to LVS" or "hold-normalized Adjusted Earnings (Loss) per diluted share from continuing operations." We are making this change in response to comments from the SEC staff in connection with their ordinary course review. We will continue to report the impact on quarterly revenue and Adjusted Property EBITDA for our Macao operations and Marina Bay Sands had we held as expected in our rolling play.

